

Technical Memorandum



To: F Scott Jewell, ACCESS Services

From: James Whitaker, HDR

Date: January 31, 2025 (Revised October 15, 2026)

Subject: **Antelope Valley Paratransit Operations and Maintenance Facility Project – Cultural Resource Technical Memorandum**

Introduction

HDR, under contract with ACCESS Services (ACCESS), conducted a cultural resource technical memorandum in support of the proposed Antelope Valley Paratransit Operations and Maintenance Facility Project (project).

To support environmental review for the project, HDR carried out archival research and a field survey to identify cultural resources that may be impacted by the project. Archival research included a record search at the South Central Coastal Information Center (SCCIC) of the California Historical Resources Information System and a review of available historical aerial photographs and maps to identify potential cultural resources that may be present within the area of potential effects (APE). HDR also requested a review of the Sacred Lands File held by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) and conducted an intensive pedestrian survey of the APE on February 29, 2024.

Project Location and Description

Project Location

The project site is located in the Antelope Valley portion of Los Angeles County, California and within the City of Lancaster (Figure 1). The project site is a contiguous 6.81-acre flat and undeveloped site generally bounded by Avenue K-15 to the north, Morton Way to the east, Avenue L to the south, and the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) right-of-way (ROW) where the Southern California Regional Rail Authority (SCRRA) operates Metrolink service on the Antelope Valley Line (AVL), and Sierra Highway to the west (Figure 2).

The Assessor Parcel Numbers (APN) assigned to the project site include the following:

- APN: 3126-009-974
- APN: 3126-009-975
- APN: 3126-009-976

Project Description

ACCESS is proposing to construct the project on an undeveloped site owned by the City of Lancaster. The project site is zoned as Specific Plan and within the boundaries of the City of Lancaster's Lancaster Business Park Phase III Specific Plan (SP No. 90-01) which aims to develop the specific plan area as a high-quality business center, an important element of the long-range economic development strategy for the City of Lancaster.

The project would be constructed in two phases (Phase 1 and Phase 2) and includes the following major project components, as depicted on Figure 3. An architectural site plan for the project is provided as Figure 4.

- **Administration and Vehicle Maintenance Building** – One mixed occupancy, single-story 26,565 square-foot (sf) building, ranging in height from 17 feet to 26 feet and four inches. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the proposed administration and vehicle maintenance facilities would be 3 feet below ground surface (bgs) for the foundations, and 10 feet bgs for utilities (storm drains 10 feet bgs, water/fire 6 feet bgs, sewers 8 feet bgs).
 - Administration Building - 9,810 sf (Phase 1), not to be expanded for Phase 2
 - Vehicle Maintenance Building - 10,510 sf (Phase 1), to be expanded by 6,245 SF for a total of 16,755 sf (Phase 2)
- **Parking Areas**
 - Staff and Visitor Parking – 165 spaces (Phase 1), to be expanded by 67 additional spaces for a total of 232 spaces (Phase 2)
 - Fleet Vehicle Parking – 88 spaces (60 cutaway, 28 van) (Phase 1), to be reconfigured as part of phase 2 to remove cutaway spaces for a total of 153 spaces (0 cutaway, 153 van) (Phase 2)
 - Non-revenue Parking – 10 spaces (Phase 1), not to be expanded in Phase 2
- **Fuel Island** – One unleaded gasoline fuel island with one fuel dispenser and a 12,000-gallon aboveground storage tank (AST) to facilitate on-site fueling is proposed (Phase 1). The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the fuel island would be 10 feet bgs. One dispenser would accommodate 83 fleet vehicles. Fuel would be delivered to the project site once every two weeks.
- **Wash Bay** – One prefabricated, fully enclosed 2,498 sf drive-through wash bay is proposed adjacent to the fleet parking area to provide an on-site area to clean fleet vehicles. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the wash bay would be 8 feet bgs. Washing would be conducted manually, and associated infrastructure would consist of supporting equipment, storage tanks, pumps, filters, water softeners, a reclaimed water system, etc. (Phase 1).
- **Detention Basins** – Two detention basins at the northwest and southeast corners of the project site are proposed (Phase 1). Both detention basins would be removed during Phase 2 to accommodate planned Phase 2 project components. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the detention basins would be 10 feet bgs for the northwest basin and 6 feet bgs for the southeast basin.

- **Photovoltaic (PV) Shade Structures** - Column-supported shade structures with PV arrays covering all fleet parking are planned for Phase 2 of the project; however, they may be constructed during Phase 1, based on funding availability. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the PV shade structures would be 15 feet bgs. PV array shading is anticipated to provide 75 percent or more of the building energy consumption.
- **Backup Generator** – One 500 kilovolt-amps diesel generator with underground conduits and automatic transfer switches (Phase 1). The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the backup generator would be 3 feet 6 inches bgs.
- **Lighting** – Internal external light-emitting diode lighting is proposed for the project. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the internal and external lighting would be 6 feet bgs. A Lighting Plan will be prepared during final design.
- **Fencing** - An 8-foot steel wire mesh fence would be constructed around the perimeter of the project site with security gates at each of the proposed entrance/exit points. The estimated maximum depth of disturbance for the foundations and utilities associated with the perimeter fencing would be 3 feet bgs.

Area of Potential Effects

The APE is defined in 36 CFR § 800.16(d) as “the geographic area or areas within which an undertaking may directly or indirectly cause alterations in the character or use of historic properties, if any such properties exist.” The consideration of direct effects and indirect effects may include, but is not limited to, physical impacts and changes in visual, auditory, or atmospheric settings.

The APE is located in the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 26 of Township 7N, Range 12W, San Bernardino Baseline and Meridian, on the *Lancaster West* United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic quadrangle (Figure 5). The APE encompasses all areas that could be directly or indirectly affected by the project. The horizontal extent of the APE was delineated to coincide with the 6.81-acre project site, which encompasses the maximum extent of ground-disturbing activities associated with the project, construction staging areas, and locations where project activities may result in potential visual, atmospheric, and vibrational effects to historic properties. The vertical extent of the APE includes all proposed ground disturbance for the project and extends to a depth of up to 15 feet below the existing ground surface. Estimated maximum depths of ground disturbance for individual project components are detailed in the Project Description.

Archival Research

On February 9, 2024, HDR archaeologist Dan Leonard submitted to the NAHC a request for a search of the Sacred Lands File in correspondence with the APE. The NAHC responded on February 28, 2024, stating that the results of the Sacred Lands File search were negative and

providing a contact list for ten representatives from six Native American tribes who may also have knowledge of cultural resources in the vicinity of the APE (Appendix A).

On February 21, 2024, HDR archaeologist Amber Parron carried out a record search at the SCCIC, housed at California State University, Fullerton, to identify previous cultural resource investigations and known cultural resources within 1 mile of the APE. Twenty-three cultural resource investigations were carried out within the record search area between 1988 and 2014 (Table 1). Of these, two studies covered approximately 90 percent of APE (Figure 6). Pedestrian surveys carried out in 1988 by Greenwood & Associates and in 1990 by Pyramid Archaeology did not document any cultural resources within the APE. The 1990 survey noted three residences and associated outbuildings estimated to date to the 1950s, a fenced construction and storage yard, and large amounts of construction debris (concrete, asphalt, lumber scrap) within the APE. Seven cultural resources have been recorded within the 1-mile record search buffer, but no known cultural resources are present in the APE (Table 2). A figure displaying the results of the SCCIC record search is provided in Appendix B.

Table 1. Previous Cultural Resource Studies Within 1 Mile of the APE

Report Number	Year	Author	Title
LA-00116	1988	Bruce W. Love / Pyramid Archaeology	Archaeology Report for Amargosa Drainage North of Avenue M
LA-01713	1988	Gwendolyn R. Romani and Roberta S. Greenwood / Greenwood & Associates	Cultural Resource Investigation: Spears Manufacturing and Distribution Center, City of Lancaster
LA-01760	1988	Gwendolyn R. Romani and Roberta S. Greenwood / Greenwood & Associates	Cultural Resources Investigation: BIF Korea Manufacturing and Distribution Center, City of Lancaster
LA-01833	1988	Gwendolyn R. Romani / Greenwood & Associates	Cultural Resources Investigation: Hasibi Auto Dealership, City of Lancaster
LA-01957	1990	Bruce W. Love and William H. DeWitt / Pyramid Archaeology	Cultural Resources Investigation for Lancaster Business Park, Lancaster, California
LA-02376	1991	Richard H. Norwood / RT Factfinders	Phase I Cultural Resource Investigation for Avenue L Grade Separation, Lancaster, California
LA-02512	1991	Richard H. Norwood / RT Factfinders	Phase II Cultural Resource Evaluation for Historic Site LAN-1990H, The Winchester-Graham Property, Lancaster, California
LA-02588	1991	Mark Campbell / Campbell Research	Archaeological Reconnaissance Report of a 1 Acre Parcel on the Southwest Corner of 8 th Street East and Avenue L-4 in Lancaster, California
LA-02634	1992	Kenneth M. Becker / RMW Paleo Associates	Cultural Resources Reconnaissance of Antelope Valley Courts Facility, City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California
LA-04392	1988	Chester King / Topanga Anthropological Consultants	Archaeological Reconnaissance for the 10 th Street West Transmission Main, Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California

Report Number	Year	Author	Title
LA-05316	2000	Bruce W. Love / CRM Tech	Identification and Evaluation of Historic Properties, Antelope Valley Transit Authority Transportation Facility, City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California
LA-07526	2004	Kevin P. Groark / Groark Historical Consulting	Phase I Cultural Resources Investigation of a Half Acre Lot (Tentative Map #061713) in the City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California
LA-07962	2006	Deirdre Encarnacion and Nicholas Hearth / CRM Tech	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report, Assessor's Parcel No. 3126-008-014, City of Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California
LA-07967	2006	Scott M. Hudlow / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates	A Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for Property on Avenue M, APN 3128-013-015 and -016, City of Palmdale, California
LA-09143	2008	Roger W. Robinson / Consulting Archaeologist	A Cultural Resources Investigation of a One Acre Parcel in East Lancaster, California
LA-09679	2008	Shannon L. Loftus and Robin D. Turner / ArchaeoPaleo Resource Management Inc.	Cultural Resource and Palaeontologic Assessment, North Los Angeles/Kern County Regional Recycled Water Master Plan, Los Angeles/East Kern Counties, California
LA-09821	2009	Scott M. Hudlow / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates	A Cultural Resource Survey for Property at 10 th Street East and Avenue L, APNs 3126-13-041, -044, -066, City of Lancaster, California
LA-10596	2010	Rebecca S. Orfila / RSO Consulting	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of City of Lancaster – Rule 20A Project Area (I/O 310334), 10 th Street West from Ave K-8 to Ave L-10, Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California
LA-11010	2009	Scott M. Hudlow / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates	A Phase I Cultural Resource Survey for Property at Division and Avenue K, APNs 3126-31-033 and -034, City of Lancaster, California
LA-11035	2009	John L. Killeen / U.S. Army Corps of Engineers	Memorandum for Record, North Valley Regional Water Infrastructure Recycled Water 1 Pipeline Project
LA-11286	2010	Erin King / Tetra Tech	Archaeological Survey Results of Assessor Parcel Numbers 3126-031-903 and 3126-031-904, Lancaster, California
LA-11453	2011	Rebecca S. Orfila / RSO Consulting	Archaeological Survey for the Southern California Edison Company; Nineteen Deteriorated Power Poles on the Petan 12KV, Forage 12KV, Hangar 12KV, Lupine 12KV, Assembly 12KV, Force 12KV, Moonglow 12KV, and Hughes 12KV Circuits in Los Angeles County in California
LA-13069	2014	Diane F. Bonner / Environmental Assessment Specialists, Inc.	Cultural Resources Records Search and Site Visit Results for AT&T Mobility, LLC Candidate CLV6420 (Arrow Transit Mix), 507 East Avenue L-12, Lancaster, Los Angeles County, California

Note: Bold font and shading indicate investigations that intersect the APE.

Table 2. Previously Recorded Cultural Resources Within 1 Mile of the APE

Primary #	Trinomial	Resource Description	Year / Company
–	CA-LAN-1422H	Sparse historic refuse scatter dating from 1910-1930.	1988 / Greenwood & Associates

Primary #	Trinomial	Resource Description	Year / Company
P-19-001990	CA-LAN-1990H	Historic buildings including a main residence, rear outbuilding, adobe apartments, storage shed, and a guest house. The construction date was estimated at 1926.	1991 / RT Factfinders
P-19-002039	CA-LAN-2039H	Probable 1915-1925 historic homestead location with debris representing two or more structures, a fence line, well, pump stand, and ornamental trees.	1992 / Antelope Valley Archaeological Society
P-19-003833	–	Two areas with sparse historic refuse scatters dating to the 1930s.	2009 / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates
P-19-003834	–	Sparse historic refuse scatter dating to the 1930s.	2009 / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates
P-19-003835	–	Sparse historic refuse scatter dating to the 1930s.	2009 / Hudlow Cultural Resource Associates
P-19-004793	CA-LAN-4793H	Historic refuse scatter and domestic trash dump, including thousands of rusted cans and fragments of bottle glass, brick, concrete, and ceramics dating to the 1950s-1960s.	2015 / LSA Associates, Inc.

HDR also reviewed Bureau of Land Management General Land Office (GLO) records, historical aerial photographs (dating from 1948 to the present), and topographic maps (dating from 1915 to the present) to identify potential cultural resources within the APE. The GLO survey plat from 1856 shows Section 26, where the APE is located, as empty land. No land patents appear to have been filed for the APE. No buildings are depicted within the APE on the 1915 and 1917 *Elizabeth Lake* 30-minute USGS topographic quadrangle or the 1930 and 1933 *Lancaster* 7.5-minute quadrangle. A single building is depicted at the southern edge of the APE on the 1958 *Lancaster West* 7.5-minute quadrangle. The 1974 revision of the same topographic quadrangle depicts two additional buildings east of the first one. Aerial photographs show the APE as undeveloped desert land prior to 1953. Various buildings, presumably homesteads, and unpaved paths are visible in the southern portion of the APE on historical aerial photographs dating from 1953, 1956, 1959, 1965, 1971, 1974, 1987, and 1990. Between 1990 and 1994, the eastern portion of the APE was graded, all extant buildings in the APE were demolished, and Avenue K-15 (Capital Drive) was constructed.

Survey Results

The APE is located in the Antelope Valley, which comprises the western end of the Mojave Desert, opening up to the Victor Valley and the Great Basin to the east. The valley is north of the San Gabriel Mountains and southeast of the Tehachapi Mountains, and is bounded by the Garlock and San Andreas fault systems. The APE is on flat, open land with a gentle northward slope and is underlain by Holocene-age alluvial fan deposits consisting of unconsolidated to weakly consolidated, poorly sorted, rubble, gravel, sand, and silt. Soils in the APE are classified as Hesperia fine sandy loams, which are very deep, well drained soils that formed in alluvium derived primarily from granite and related rock. Vegetation in the APE is representative of the Desert Scrub vegetation community that includes deergrass (*Muhlenbergia rigens*), chaparral yucca (*Hesperoyucca whipplei*) and creosote bush (*Larrea tridentata*).

On February 29, 2024, HDR staff archaeologists Amber Parron and James Whitaker conducted a full-coverage, intensive pedestrian survey of the APE. The purpose of the survey was to document any cultural resources that may be present, note past disturbance, and assess the potential of the project area to contain buried archaeological resources. All accessible portions of the APE were covered with survey transects using 5- to 10-meter spacing. Ground visibility at the time of the survey ranged from 75 to 100 percent due to sparse vegetation and dirt roads within the APE (**Photograph 1** through **Photograph 5**).

The results of the survey were negative for cultural resources. No artifacts, ecofacts, features, historic structures, midden soils, or other evidence of cultural resources were identified within the APE. There were no foundations or artifacts observed within the APE associated with the historic buildings shown on the historic aerial photographs. Although no cultural resources were observed, modern debris was noted within the APE (**Photograph 6**).

Recommendations

Archival research identified historic buildings that are no longer extant, and the intensive pedestrian survey identified no cultural resources within the APE. The results of the archival research and survey support a determination that the project would not result in a significant impact to cultural resources. Because the soils in the APE are young and their geomorphic surfaces are unstable, the possibility exists for archaeological sites to be buried under them. In the Antelope Valley region, locations with high archaeological potential tend to occur near large drainages or springs, neither of which are present in the APE. Overall, the potential to encounter buried archaeological resources in the APE during construction is assessed as moderate.

The following measures, which incorporate feedback received from the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation, will be implemented during construction:

Archaeological Discovery Protocol. During final design, contractor specifications shall be prepared with provisions that require the stoppage of all ground-disturbing activities within a 60-foot radius in the event of an unanticipated discovery of precontact or historic-period artifacts or features during construction until a professional archaeologist meeting the Secretary of the Interior's (SOI) Professional Qualifications Standards (Appendix A of 36 CFR Part 61), retained by the Applicant, can make an assessment of the resource's significance in consultation with the Lead Agency. Work on portions of the project outside of the 60-foot radius may continue during the assignment. In the event of the discovery of a precontact cultural resource, the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation shall be notified by the Lead Agency and invited to provide a representative to be present onsite when the archaeologist makes the significance assessment, in order to provide tribal input with regards to significance and treatment. The resource documentation and significance assessment prepared by the archaeologist shall be provided by the Lead Agency to the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation. Avoidance and preservation in place are the preferred treatment of Tribal Cultural Resources. If a discovered precontact resource is determined to be eligible, and avoidance cannot be ensured, the Applicant shall retain an SOI-qualified archaeologist to develop a Cultural Resource Treatment Plan for the discovery and a

Monitoring and Discovery Plan for the remaining phases of construction. Drafts of both plans shall be provided to the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation for review and comment. The archaeologist shall monitor the remainder of the project and implement the Plan accordingly. The Applicant shall retain Native American monitors from the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation, should either Tribe elect to provide a monitor, to observe any remaining ground-disturbing activities (defined to include clearing, grading, excavating, digging, trenching, plowing, drilling, tunneling, quarrying, leveling, driving posts, augering, blasting, stripping topsoil, or similar activities) and archaeological work. Ground-disturbing activities within the buffer area shall not resume until the find has been appropriately treated in accordance with the approved plan. The Lead Agency or designated contact shall, in good faith, consult with the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation throughout the life of the project, including regarding the disposition and treatment of any precontact cultural materials encountered during the project. Any and all archaeological documents created as a part of the project (isolate records, site records, survey reports, testing reports, and monitoring reports) shall be provided to the Fernandefio Tataviam Band of Mission Indians and Yuhaaviatam of San Manuel Nation.

Human Remains Discovery Protocol. During final design, contractor specifications shall be prepared with provisions for the protocols to be carried out in the event human remains are discovered. If human remains are inadvertently discovered during construction, all ground-disturbing activities in the vicinity of the discovery shall cease immediately and a 100-foot-wide buffer shall be established around the location of the discovery to secure it from further disturbance. California State law (Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5; Public Resources Code Sections 5097.94, 5097.98, and 5097.99) will be followed. These regulations specify that work will stop immediately in any areas where human remains or suspected human remains are encountered or any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie adjacent remains. The Los Angeles County Coroner's office must be contacted immediately. The coroner has two working days to examine the remains after being notified by the Lead Agency and determine whether the remains are subject to the Coroner's authority. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the coroner has 24 hours to notify the NAHC, who will designate a most likely descendant. The NAHC will immediately notify the most likely descendant, who will have 48 hours to make recommendations to the landowner or representative for the respectful treatment or disposition of the remains and grave goods. All recommendations shall be implemented prior to the resumption of ground-disturbing activities, unless otherwise agreed upon through the consultation process. If the most likely descendant does not make recommendations within 48 hours, the area of the property must be secured from further disturbance. If no recommendation is given, the landowner or its authorized representative will re-inter the human remains and items associated with Native American burials with appropriate dignity on the property in a location not subject to further subsurface disturbance. At all times, human remains shall be treated with proper dignity and respect.

Figure 1. Project Vicinity



Source: HDR 2026

Figure 2. Project Site



Source: HDR 2026

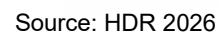
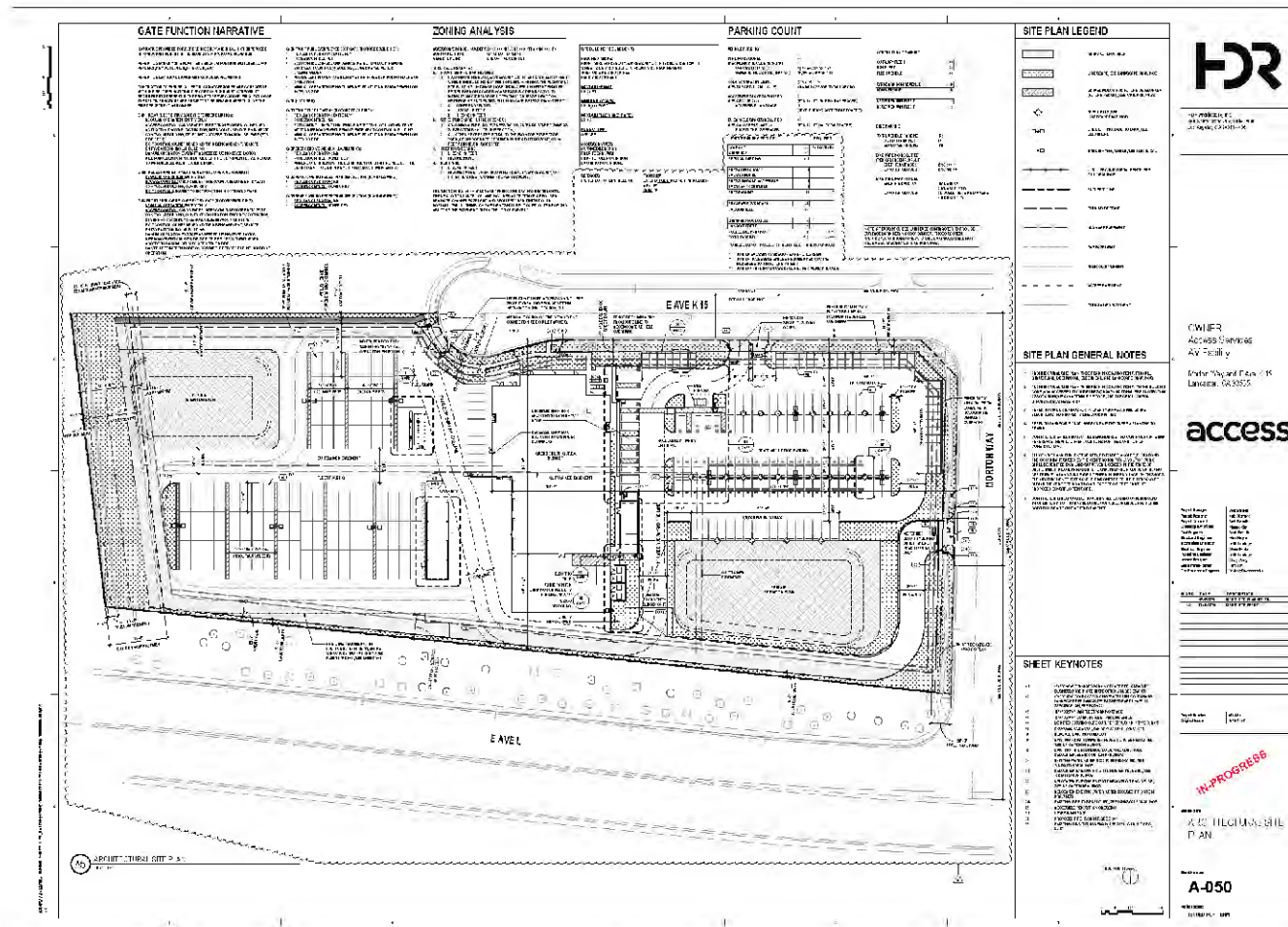


Figure 4. Architectural Site Plan

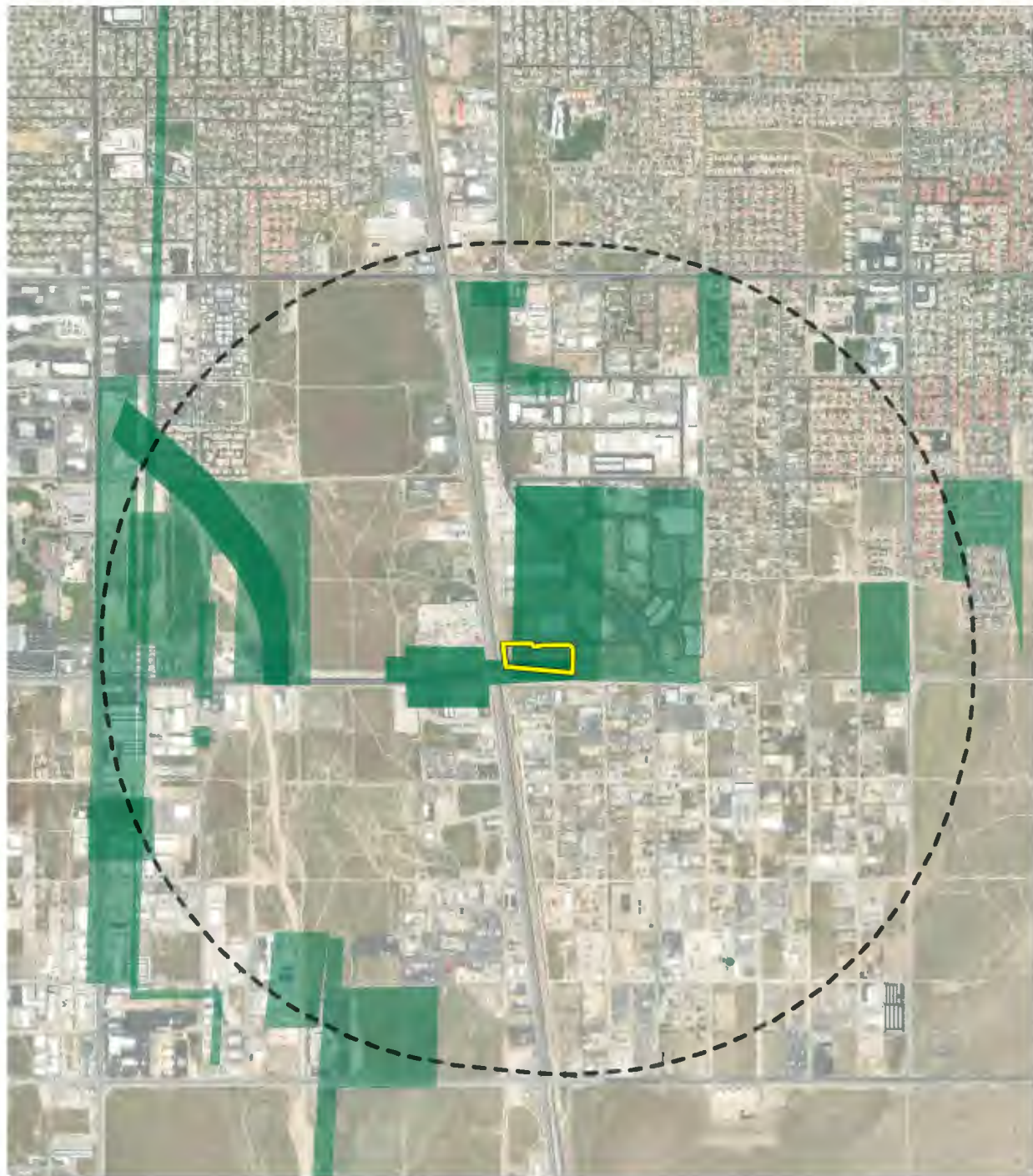


Source: HDR 2026

Figure 5. APE on the 1958 (revised 1974) Lancaster West USGS 7.5-minute quadrangle



Figure 6. Previous Cultural Resource Studies Within 1 Mile of the APE



-  Area of Potential Effects
-  Record Search Buffer (1 Mile)
-  Cultural Resource Studies





Photograph 1. Overview of the northwestern APE, facing east.



Photograph 2. Overview of the northeastern APE, facing west.



Photograph 3. Overview of the southeastern APE, facing west.



Photograph 4. Overview of the southeastern APE, facing north.



Photograph 5. Overview of the southwestern APE, facing east.



Photograph 6. Modern debris within the APE, facing west.

Appendix A. Native American Heritage Commission Correspondence



NATIVE AMERICAN HERITAGE COMMISSION

February 28, 2024

Daniel Leonard
HDR

Via Email to: Daniel.Leonard@hdrinc.com

CHAIRPERSON
Reginald Pagaling
Chumash

VICE-CHAIRPERSON
Buffy McQuillen
Yokayo Pomo, Yuki,
Nomlaki

SECRETARY
Sara Dutschke
Miwok

PARLIAMENTARIAN
Wayne Nelson
Luiseño

COMMISSIONER
Isaac Bojorquez
Ohlone-Costanoan

COMMISSIONER
Stanley Rodriguez
Kumeyaay

COMMISSIONER
Laurena Bolden
Serrano

COMMISSIONER
Reid Milanovich
Cahuilla

COMMISSIONER
Vacant

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
**Raymond C.
Hitchcock**
Miwok, Nisenan

NAHC HEADQUARTERS
1550 Harbor Boulevard
Suite 100
West Sacramento,
California 95691
(916) 373-3710
nahc@nahc.ca.gov
NAHC.ca.gov

Re: Antelope Valley Paratransit Project, Los Angeles County

To Whom It May Concern:

A record search of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) Sacred Lands File (SLF) was completed for the information you have submitted for the above referenced project. The results were negative. However, the absence of specific site information in the SLF does not indicate the absence of cultural resources in any project area. Other sources of cultural resources should also be contacted for information regarding known and recorded sites.

Attached is a list of Native American tribes who may also have knowledge of cultural resources in the project area. This list should provide a starting place in locating areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project area. I suggest you contact all of those indicated; if they cannot supply information, they might recommend others with specific knowledge. By contacting all those listed, your organization will be better able to respond to claims of failure to consult with the appropriate tribe. If a response has not been received within two weeks of notification, the Commission requests that you follow-up with a telephone call or email to ensure that the project information has been received.

If you receive notification of change of addresses and phone numbers from tribes, please notify me. With your assistance, we can assure that our lists contain current information.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at my email address: Andrew.Green@nahc.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

Andrew Green
Cultural Resources Analyst

Attachment

**Native American Heritage Commission
Native American Contact List
Los Angeles County
2/28/2024**

Tribe Name	Fed (F) Non-Fed (N)	Contact Person	Contact Address	Phone #	Fax #	Email Address	Cultural Affiliation	Counties	Last Updated
Fernandeno Tataviam Band of Mission Indians	N	Sarah Brunzell, CRM Manager	1019 Second Street San Fernando, CA, 91340	(818) 837-0794		CRM@tataviam-nsn.us	Tataviam	Kern, Los Angeles, Ventura	5/25/2023
Morongo Band of Mission Indians	F	Robert Martin, Chairperson	12700 Pumarra Road Banning, CA, 92220	(951) 755-5110	(951) 755-5177	abrierty@morongo-nsn.gov	Cahuilla Serrano	Imperial, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego	
Morongo Band of Mission Indians	F	Ann Brierty, THPO	12700 Pumarra Road Banning, CA, 92220	(951) 755-5259	(951) 572-6004	abrierty@morongo-nsn.gov	Cahuilla Serrano	Imperial, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego	
Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Reservation	F	Manfred Scott, Acting Chairman Kwts'an Cultural Committee	P.O. Box 1899 Yuma, AZ, 85366	(928) 210-8739		culturalcommittee@quechantribe.com	Quechan	Imperial, Kern, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego	5/16/2023
Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Reservation	F	Jordan Joaquin, President, Quechan Tribal Council	P.O. Box 1899 Yuma, AZ, 85366	(760) 919-3600		executivesecretary@quechantribe.com	Quechan	Imperial, Kern, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego	5/16/2023
Quechan Tribe of the Fort Yuma Reservation	F	Jill McCormick, Historic Preservation Officer	P.O. Box 1899 Yuma, AZ, 85366	(928) 261-0254		historicpreservation@quechantribe.com	Quechan	Imperial, Kern, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego	5/16/2023
San Fernando Band of Mission Indians	N	Donna Yocum, Chairperson	P.O. Box 221838 Newhall, CA, 91322	(503) 539-0933	(503) 574-3308	dyocum@sfbmi.org	Kitanemuk Vanyume Tataviam	Kern, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Ventura	5/8/2023
San Manuel Band of Mission Indians	F	Alexandra McCleary, Senior Manager of Cultural Resources Management	26569 Community Center Drive Highland, CA, 92346	(909) 633-0054		alexandra.mccleary@sanmanuel-nsn.gov	Serrano	Kern, Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino	1/16/2024
Serrano Nation of Mission Indians	N	Wayne Walker, Co-Chairperson	P. O. Box 343 Patton, CA, 92369	(253) 370-0167		serranonation1@gmail.com	Serrano	Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino	10/10/2023
Serrano Nation of Mission Indians	N	Mark Cochrane, Co-Chairperson	P. O. Box 343 Patton, CA, 92369	(909) 578-2598		serranonation1@gmail.com	Serrano	Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino	10/10/2023

This list is current only as of the date of this document. Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5097.94 of the Public Resource Code, Section 5097.98 of the Public Resource Code.

Record: PROJ-2024-001159
Report Type: List of Tribes
Counties: Los Angeles
NAHC Group: All

This list is only applicable for contacting local Native Americans with regard to cultural resources assessment for the proposed Antelope Valley Paratransit Project, Los Angeles County.

Appendix B. Record Search Figure (**CONFIDENTIAL**)