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CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

(PRC Section 21152; CEQA Guidelines Section 15062)

Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21152(b) and CEQA Guidelines § 15062, the notice should be posted with the County Clerk by mailing the form and posting fee payment to the following address: Los Angeles County Clerk/Recorder, Environmental Notices, P.O. Box 1208, Norwalk, CA 90650. Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167 (d), the posting of this notice starts a 35-day statute of limitations on court challenges to reliance on an exemption for the project. Failure to file this notice as provided above, results in the statute of limitations being extended to 180 days.

PARENT CASE NUMBER(S) / REQUESTED ENTITLEMENTS DIR-2023-3792-SPP / Project Permit Compliance	SCH NUMBER
LEAD CITY AGENCY **City of Los Angeles (Department of City Planning)**	CASE NUMBER ENV-2023-3793-CE
PROJECT TITLE **4126 West Sea View Drive – 4694 East San Andreas Avenue**	COUNCIL DISTRICT 1 - Hernandez
PROJECT LOCATION (Street Address and Cross Streets and/or Attached Map) **4126 West Sea View Drive – 4694 East San Andreas Avenue**	☐ Map attached.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: ☐ Additional page(s) attached.

The project proposes a total addition of 495.50 square feet to an existing 1,900-square-foot two (2)-story single-family dwelling. The addition encompasses the conversion of 280 square feet of existing crawlspace into habitable area and 215.50 square feet of new construction. The project also includes the construction of a 227-square-foot uncovered deck, pool, and pool deck. The proposed project will measure 43 feet and 1 inch in height and is located on an 8,779.63-square-foot lot in the Mount Washington – Glassell Park area.

NAME OF APPLICANT / OWNER:
Philip and Erin Wales

CONTACT PERSON (If different from Applicant/Owner above) **Misako Ohno, Claret-Cup, Inc.**	(AREA CODE) TELEPHONE NUMBER EXT. (714)600-1742

EXEMPT STATUS: (Check all boxes, and include all exemptions, that apply and provide relevant citations.)

STATE CEQA STATUTE & GUIDELINES

☐ STATUTORY EXEMPTION(S)

Public Resources Code Section(s) _____

☒ CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION(S) (State CEQA Guidelines Sec. 15301-15333 / Class 1-Class 33)

CEQA Guideline Section(s) / Class(es) **Section 15301, Class 1 and Section 15303, Class 3**

☐ OTHER BASIS FOR EXEMPTION (E.g., CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3) or (b)(4) or Section 15378(b))

_____

JUSTIFICATION FOR PROJECT EXEMPTION: ☒ Additional page(s) attached

Section 15301, Consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, or minor alteration of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination (e) Additions to existing structures.

Section 15303, Consists of construction and location of limited number of new, small facilities or structures; installation of small new equipment and facilities in small structures; and the conversion of existing small structures from one use to another where only minor modifications are made in the exterior of the structure. (e) Accessory (appurtenant) structures including garages, carports, patios, swimming pools, and fences.

☒ None of the exceptions in CEQA Guidelines Section 15300.2 to the categorical exemption(s) apply to the Project.

☐ The project is identified in one or more of the list of activities in the City of Los Angeles CEQA Guidelines as cited in the justification.

IF FILED BY APPLICANT, ATTACH CERTIFIED DOCUMENT ISSUED BY THE CITY PLANNING DEPARTMENT STATING THAT THE DEPARTMENT HAS FOUND THE PROJECT TO BE EXEMPT.

If different from the applicant, the identity of the person undertaking the project.

CITY STAFF USE ONLY:

CITY STAFF NAME AND SIGNATURE Andrea Magaña Withers	STAFF TITLE Planning Assistant
ENTITLEMENTS APPROVED Project Permit Compliance	

DISTRIBUTION: County Clerk, Agency Record

Rev. 1-30-2025

DEPARTMENT OF
CITY PLANNING

COMMISSION OFFICE
(213) 978-1300

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JUSTIFICATION FOR PROJECT EXEMPTION CASE NO. ENV-2023-3793-CE

The Planning Department has determined that the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) of 1970 and the State CEQA Guidelines designate the subject project as Categorically Exempt under Article 19, Section 15301, Class 1 *(addition to existing structure)* and Section 15303, Class 3 *(new construction or conversion of small structures)*. This project is located at 4126 West Sea View Drive – 4694 East San Andreas Avenue. The parent case is DIR-2023-3792-SPP.

Project Description

The project proposes a total addition of 495.50 square feet to an existing 1,900-square-foot two (2)-story single-family dwelling. The addition encompasses the conversion of 280 square feet of existing crawlspace into habitable area and 215.50 square feet of new construction. The project also includes the construction of a 227-square-foot uncovered deck, pool, and pool deck. The proposed project will measure 43 feet and 1 inch in height and is located on an 8,779.63-square foot-lot in the Mount Washington – Glassell Park Specific Plan area.

Exceptions Narrative for Categorical Exemption

There are six (6) Exceptions which the City is required to consider before finding a project exempt under Class 15303 and 15332: (a) Location; (b) Cumulative Impacts; (c) Significant Effect; (d) Scenic Highways; (e) Hazardous Waste Sites; and (f) Historical Resources.

The site is zoned R1-1-HCR and has a General Plan Land Use Designation of Low Residential. While the subject site is located within a Hillside Area, Hillside Construction Regulation Area, Special Grading Area (BOE Basic Grid Map A-13372), Urban Agriculture Incentive Zone, Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, and is located 1.08 kilometers from the Raymond Fault, specific Regulatory Compliance Measures (RCMs) in the City of Los Angeles regulate the grading and construction of projects in the particular types of "sensitive" locations and will reduce any potential impacts to less than significant. Regulatory Compliance Measures (RCMs) include requirements to conform with the California Building Code and the City's Landform Grading. These RCMs have been historically proven to work to the satisfaction of the City Engineer to reduce any impacts from the specific environment the project is located. Thus, the location of the project will not result in a significant impact based on its location.

With regard to potential cumulative impacts during the construction phase of the project, there may be active construction activity in the vicinity of where the subject property is located at the same time that the project undergoes construction. However, Regulatory Compliance Measures will help ensure that cumulative impacts related to construction activity are addressed. The proposed project did not meet the threshold for requiring a Construction Traffic Management Plan

as determined by the City's Department of Transportation (LADOT). Interim thresholds were developed by DCP staff based on CalEEMod model runs relying on reasonable assumptions, consulting with AQMD staff, and surveying published air quality studies for which criteria air pollutants did not exceed the established SCAQMD construction and operational thresholds. Therefore, the subject project will have no cumulative impact on the City's circulation system.

The subject site is in a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone (VHFHSZ). This does not support an unusual circumstance as the City has thousands of similar developments of the same size and scale in VHFHSZ. Additionally, the existing regulatory compliance measures will ensure there is no potential for an impact. Such areas are subject to existing emergency plans and regulations that govern development in fire hazards areas:

- Adopted emergency response plans and emergency evacuation plans applicable to the City of Los Angeles, include the City of Los Angeles Emergency Operations Plan and the Los Angeles County Operational Area Emergency Response Plan (OAERP). The OAERP defines responsibilities and provides guidance to agencies and jurisdictions within the County Operational Area on how to interface with the Operational Area Coordinator during emergencies and disasters.[1] The City's Emergency Operations Plan and Annexes identify roles, responsibilities and required actions for various City departments, particularly LAFD and the LAPD. In addition to their emergency response plans, both the City and County also designate Disaster Routes, which are freeway, highway or arterial routes pre-identified for use during emergencies. Disaster routes are not the same as evacuation routes. The Evacuation Annex of the City's Emergency Operation Plan provides that "[p]rimary evacuation routes consist of the major interstates, highways, and primary arterials within the City and Los Angeles County."[2] Disaster routes are used to bring emergency personnel, equipment, and supplies to impacted areas, while evacuation routes are used to move an affected population out of an impacted area. The closest County-designated primary (i.e. freeway) Disaster Route to the project site is State Route 110.[3]

- Fire, Building, and Zoning Code. Properties in VHFHSZs must comply with the requirements of Fire Code Section 57.322, which requires brush clearance within 200 feet of any structure. LAFD performs microenvironment weather analysis to check for irregular weather patterns and changes, which alerts LAFD to conditions such as windy days combined with low humidity. LAFD uses a Burning Index[4] to determine when to call a Red Flag Day.[5] A Red Flag Day is when the potential for a fast-moving brush fire is extremely high, when wind speeds are 25 mph or more and the humidity is 15 percent or less. On those days, illegally parked cars in VHFHSZ areas may be towed if their presence would prevent roadway access needed by LAFD. LAFD also has a significant air response ready to deploy, including water-dropping helicopters, and the mission of LAFD Air Operations includes brush fire suppression.[6] LAFD also has access to additional helicopters, fixed-wing aircraft, bulldozers, and fire engines through mutual aid agreements with the state, County, and other cities in the region. In addition to attacking wildfires from the sky, LAFD also has ground resources such as fire engines and trucks.

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[1] OAERP, p. 20
[2] Los Angeles Base Emergency Operations Plan 2023, October 2020 Evacuation Functional Support Annex p. 17
[3] https://pw.lacounty.gov/dsg/disasterroutes/map/Los%20Angeles%20Central%20Area.pdf
[4] A Burning Index is a number used by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to describe the potential amount of effort needed to contain a single fire in a particular fuel type within a rating area
[5] LAFD, https://ers.lafd.org/redflag/, accessed March 4, 2025
[6] LAFD, https://www.lafd.org/about/special-operations/air-operations, accessed March 4, 2025.

Chapter 33 of the City's Fire Code provides requirements designed to reduce risk of fire ignition during construction. These include, but are not limited to, prohibition of smoking except in areas approved by the LAFD, refueling of equipment in appropriate locations, preparation of a fire prevention program, and designation of fire watch personnel during occurrence of hazardous construction activities. The Fire Code (LAMC Section 57.4906.5.2) also requires the management of hazardous vegetation and fuel, as well as maintenance of defensible space in wildland-urban interface areas. The Fire Code also includes regulations that address building materials and construction methods for construction in VHFHSZs, that are intended to reduce exterior wildfire exposure

As mentioned, the project proposes a total addition of 495.50 square feet to an existing 1,900-square-foot two (2)-story single-family dwelling. The addition encompasses the conversion of 280 square feet of existing crawlspace into habitable area and 215.50 square feet. The project also includes the construction of a 227-square-foot uncovered deck, pool, and pool deck. The proposed project will measure 43 feet and 1 inch in height and is located on an 8,779.63-square foot-lot in an area zoned and designated for such development. All adjacent lots are developed with single-family dwellings, and the subject site is of similar size and slope to nearby properties. The project including the existing dwelling proposes a Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 0.28:1 or 2,395.50 square feet on a site that is permitted to have a maximum FAR of 0.42:1 or 3,645.44 square feet. The project proposes a building height of 43 feet 1 inch, which is not unusual for the vicinity of the subject site and is similar in scope to other existing low residential in the area.

As identified in the Biological Resources Report dated July 12, 2022, by Scott Altmann, the project will have no impact on any species or riparian habitats identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations; federally protected wetlands; and the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species. While the site is previously undisturbed, it is surrounded by development and therefore is not, and has no value as, a habitat for endangered, rare or threatened species. Therefore, the subject project will have no cumulative biological impact to the project site and its surroundings.

Prior to any work on the adjacent public right-of-way, the applicant will be required to obtain approved plans from the Department of Public Works. As there currently is no approved right-of-way improvement plan and for purposes of conservative analysis under CEQA, Planning has analyzed the worst-case potential for removal of all street trees. Note that street trees and protected trees shall not be removed without prior approval of the Board of Public Works/Urban Forestry (BPW) under LAMC Sections 62.161-62.171. At the time of preparation of this environmental document, no approvals have been given for any tree removals on-site or in the right-of-way by BPW. The City has required a Tree Report to identify all Protected Trees/Shrubs on the project site and all street trees in the adjacent public right-of-way. As identified in the Tree Report prepared by Kevin Neiman, Certified Consulting Arborist (#WE-9194A) on March 16, 2023, there are zero (0) Protected Trees and eight (8) Significant Trees on site. This Tree Report was reviewed by the Urban Forestry Division and stamped May 23, 2023. No Protected Trees or Significant Trees on-site or in the public right-of-way are being proposed for removal as part of the project. Thus, there are no unusual circumstances which may lead to a significant effect on the environment.

Additionally, the only State Scenic Highway within the City of Los Angeles is the Topanga Canyon State Scenic Highway, State Route 27, which travels through a portion of Topanga State Park. The proposed project is located approximately 30 miles west from Topanga State Park. Therefore, the subject site will not create any impacts within a designated as a state scenic highway. Furthermore, according to Envirostor, the State of California's database of Hazardous Waste Sites, neither the subject site, nor any site in the vicinity, is identified as a hazardous waste site. The project site has not been identified as a historic resource by local or state agencies, and the project site has not been determined to be eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic

Places, California Register of Historical Resources, the Los Angeles Historic-Cultural Monuments Register, and/or any local register; and was not found to be a potential historic resource based on the City's HistoricPlacesLA website or SurveyLA, the citywide survey of Los Angeles. Finally, the City does not choose to treat the site as a historic resource. Based on this, the project will not result in a substantial adverse change to the significance of a historic resource and this exception does not apply.

The project will be subject to RCMs, which require compliance with the City of Los Angeles Noise Ordinance, pollutant discharge, dewatering, stormwater mitigations, and Best Management Practices for stormwater runoff. These RCMs will ensure the project will not have significant impacts on noise and water.