

ATTACHMENT A BACKGROUND, PROJECT DESCRIPTION, AND JUSTIFICATION FOR CEQA EXEMPTIONS

1.0 PROJECT LOCATION AND EXISTING CONDITIONS

1.1 Project Location

The San Clemente Brush Clearance Project (proposed project) spans approximately 33.7 acres and is located within the City of San Clemente in Orange County, California (APN 678-163-01). The project site is an undeveloped field situated north of Via Sonrisa, directly across from residential homes, and south of the San Clemente Aquatics Center and an adjacent soccer hub. This area has been identified for goat brush clearance to address vegetation management and reduce potential fire hazards in proximity to nearby facilities and residences. See **Figure 1** through **Figure 3**, which depict the project site on both regional and local scales, and **Figure 4**, which includes photographs of the project site.

1.2 Existing Conditions Onsite

The project site is a City-owned undeveloped field with dense, overgrown vegetation, including invasive mustard and thistle plants. This location has been identified for brush clearance as part of a vegetation management effort aimed at mitigating wildfire risks. Through targeted goat grazing, the project focuses on removing these flammable species to reduce the potential spread of fire to adjacent facilities and residential communities.

1.3 Surrounding Uses

The project site is surrounded by the San Clemente Aquatics Center, Vista Hermosa Sports Park, a soccer hub, Orange County Fire Station and Target to the north, single-family residential homes to the south, and undeveloped land to the east and west (Google Earth Pro, 2025).

1.4 General Plan Land Use and Zoning

The project site has a General Plan land use designation of Open Space Public (OS1) and a zoning designation Forster Ranch Specific Plan Sector P Public Open Space (FRSP P-OS1) (City of San Clemente, 2024). Refer to **Table 1**, which details the General Plan land use designations, zoning designations, and existing development of the project site and surrounding areas.

Table 1.4-1
EXISTING LAND USES ON THE PROJECT SITE AND SURROUNDING AREA

Location	Land Use	Zoning District	Existing Development
Project Site	Open Space Public (OS1)	Forster Ranch Specific Plan Sector P Public Open Space (FRSP P-OS1)	Undeveloped
North	Open Space Private (OS2), Neighborhood Commercial 1.2 (NC 1.2)	Forster Ranch Specific Plan Sector P Neighborhood Commercial 1.2 (FRSP P- NC 1.2) with Housing (H) overlay,	Undeveloped, San Clemente Aquatics Center, Vista Hermosa Sports Park, Soccer Field, Orange County Fire Station 59, Target



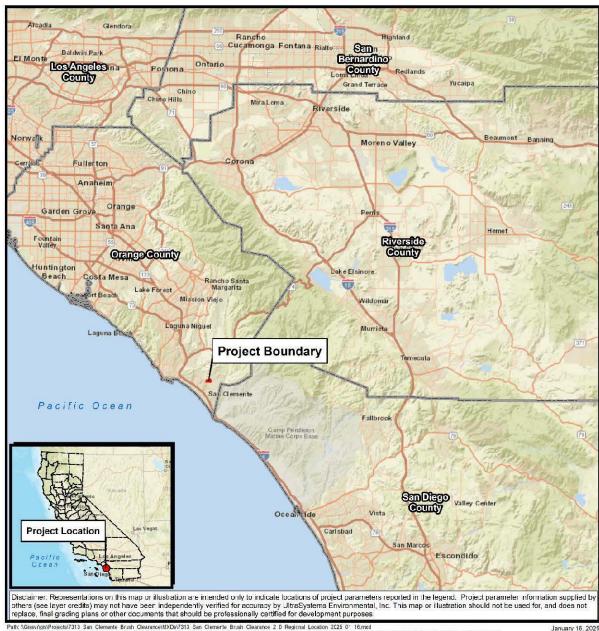


South	Open Space Private (OS2), Residential Low Density (RL)	IRancho San Liemente Specific Plan	Undeveloped, Single-Family Residential
East	Open Space Public (US1),	Forster Ranch Specific Plan Sector P Public Open Space (FRSP P-OS1), Talega Specific Plan Private Open Space (TSP OS2)	Undeveloped
West	Open Space Public (OS1), Open Space Private (OS2)	Forster Ranch Specific Plan Sector P Public Open Space (FRSP P-OS1), Rancho San Clemente Specific Plan Private Open Space (RSCSP OS2)	Undeveloped

Sources: City of San Clemente 2024a; City of San Clemente 2024b; Google Earth Pro, 2025.



Figure 1 **REGIONAL LOCATION MAP**



January 16, 2025

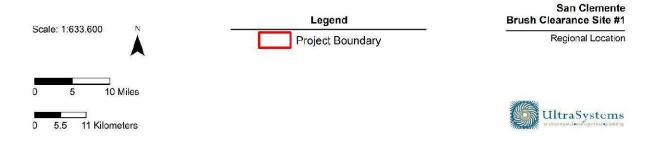
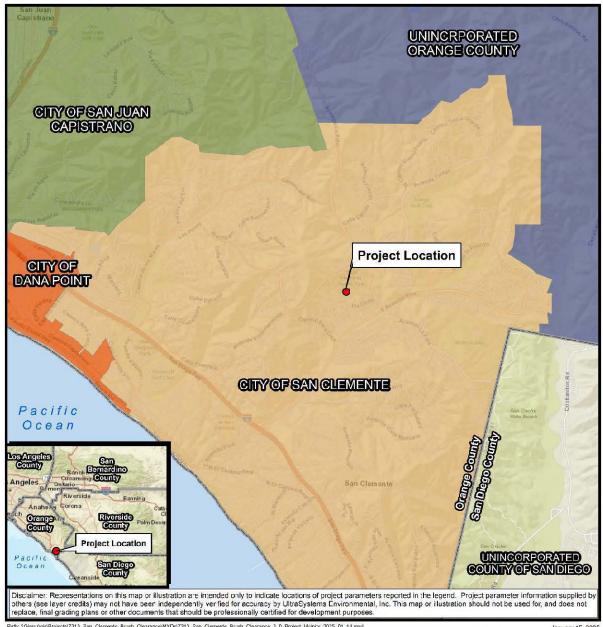




Figure 2 PROJECT VICINITY MAP



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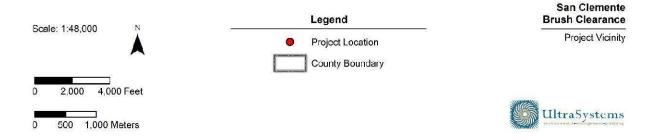




Figure 3 PROJECT LOCATION MAP



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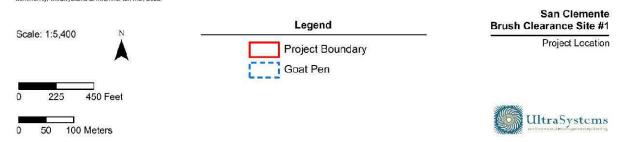




Figure 4 PROJECT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



PHOTO 1: View facing southeast from the project site.



PHOTO 3: Goat grazing enclosure (7,500 sf) located on the western portion of the project site.

Source: UltraSystems Environmental Inc., 2024



PHOTO 2: Project site goat grazing area.



PHOTO 4: Thistle and mustard plants in the project site.



2.0 DESCRIPTION

The proposed project involves vegetation management on a 33.7-acre site through controlled goat grazing. Grazing operations will be managed using electronic fencing to facilitate controlled land rotation, ensuring even vegetation removal while preventing overgrazing and mitigating the risk of pasture erosion. The primary focus of the project is the removal of overgrown, non-native, and invasive species, with careful measures taken to preserve and protect native vegetation.

The project aims to reduce wildfire risk by systematically grazing on flammable invasive species, such as dry grasses and brush which serve as primary fuel for wildfires. By clearing these fuels and creating more open, less dense vegetation, the goats establish natural firebreaks that slow the spread of flames and reduce the intensity of potential fires. This method is particularly beneficial in wildland-urban interface areas, as it helps to create defensible space around homes and structures, providing a critical buffer that protects properties and increases the likelihood of successful firefighting efforts during a wildfire event.

The site will be monitored and managed by professional staff to ensure its proper stewardship. To support grazing management, goats will periodically be housed within a 7,500-square-foot enclosure. While the grazing activities are planned as a short-term measure lasting no more than five months, the enclosure will remain in place for an extended period of time. This project aims to enhance ecological health by controlling invasive species and fostering wildfire resilience.

Additionally, UltraSystems Environmental biological resources staff did a survey of the project site, along with a survey of the area where goats would be kept during nighttime activities. Information related to biological resources is included withing the Technical Appendix of this document.

2.1 **Project Construction**

Project activities are expected to last a minimum of 3 months and maximum of 5 months.

3.0 REASONS WHY THE PROJECT IS EXEMPT

3.1 Conditions Set Forth in CEQA Guidelines Sections 15301 and 15303

CEQA Guidelines § 15301 sets forth the following conditions projects must meet to qualify for a Class 1 (Existing Facilities) categorical exemption:

Class 1 consists of the operation, repair, maintenance, permitting, leasing, licensing, or minor alteration of existing public or private structures, facilities, mechanical equipment, or topographical features, involving negligible or no expansion of existing or former use. The key consideration is whether the project involves negligible or no expansion of use. An example of this exemption includes, but is not limited to:

(h) Maintenance of existing landscaping, native growth, and water supply reservoirs (excluding the use of pesticides, as defined in Section 12753, Division 7, Chapter 2, Food and Agricultural Code)

This project qualifies for a **Class 1** (Existing Facilities) categorical exemption under CEQA as it involves minor alterations to existing topographical features for the purpose of maintaining the site's ecological balance and reducing wildfire risk. The goat vegetation management project will not result



in any expansion of use, as the grazing activities are planned as a short-term, temporary measure. Specifically, the project aligns with subsection (h) as it focuses on the maintenance of existing landscaping and native growth by targeting invasive plant species while preserving sensitive native vegetation. The use of goats as a natural, non-mechanical method ensures negligible environmental impact while supporting ecosystem health and wildfire mitigation efforts.

CEQA Guidelines § 15304 sets forth the following conditions projects must meet to qualify for a Class 4 (Minor Alterations to Land) categorical exemption:

Class 4 consists of minor public or private alterations in the condition of land, water, and/or vegetation which do not involve removal of healthy, mature, scenic trees except for forestry or agricultural purposes. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- (b) New gardening or landscaping, including the replacement of existing conventional landscaping with water efficient or fire-resistant landscaping.
- (i) Fuel management activities within 30 feet of structures to reduce the volume of flammable vegetation, provided that the activities will not result in the taking of endangered, rare, or threatened plant or animal species or significant erosion and sedimentation of surface waters. This exemption shall apply to fuel management activities within 100 feet of a structure if the public agency having fire protection responsibility for the area has determined that 100 feet of fuel clearance is required due to extra hazardous fire conditions.

The goat vegetation management project qualifies for a **Class 4** (Minor Alterations to Land) categorical exemption as it involves minor alterations to the condition of land and vegetation without the removal of healthy, mature, or scenic trees. The project aligns with subsection (b) by replacing overgrown and invasive vegetation with a more sustainable, fire-resistant landscape through targeted grazing. It also meets the criteria of subsection (i) by implementing fuel management activities to reduce the volume of flammable vegetation within 30 feet of structures, thereby decreasing wildfire risk and creating defensible space. These activities will be carefully managed to avoid significant erosion, sedimentation, or harm to endangered, rare, or threatened species, ensuring that the project remains environmentally sensitive while effectively mitigating wildfire hazards.

CEQA Guidelines § 15359 sets forth the following conditions projects must meet to qualify for a Class 59 (Emergency) categorical exemption:

"Emergency" means a sudden, unexpected occurrence, involving a clear and imminent danger, demanding immediate action to prevent or mitigate loss of, or damage to life, health, property, or essential public services. Emergency includes such occurrences as fire, flood, earthquake, or other soil or geologic movements, as well as such occurrences as riot, accident, or sabotage.

The goat vegetation management project qualifies for a **Class 59** (Emergency) categorical exemption because it addresses a sudden and imminent wildfire risk that poses a clear and immediate danger to life, health, property, and essential public services. Given the ongoing wildfire activity in Southern California as of January 2025, the project aims to mitigate the threat by rapidly reducing flammable vegetation, creating defensible space around structures, and preventing the spread of fires to nearby homes and communities. The immediate action taken through this vegetation management aligns with the emergency definition, which addresses occurrences like wildfire that demand urgent intervention to protect lives, health, and infrastructure.



CONCLUSION

Class 1 (Existing Facilities), Class 4 (Minor Alterations to Land), and Class 59 (Emergency) categorical exemptions both apply to the proposed project

4.0 REFERENCES

- City of San Clemente, 2024a. City of San Clemente Community Map. Accessed online at https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/99dcf9f350944f0b909c853ddbcf76d6/07ac786c652b, on January 16, 2025.
- City of San Clemente, 2024b. City of San Clemente General Plan. Accessed online at https://www.san-clemente.org/home/showpublisheddocument/24913/638030018906470000, on January 15, 2025.
- Google Earth, 2025. Accessed online at https://www.google.com/maps/@33.4598637,-117.6082161,1881m/data=!3m1!1e3?entry=ttu&g_ep=EgoyMDI1MDExMC4wIKXMDSoASAF0Aw%3D%3D, on January 16, 2025.

APPENDICES





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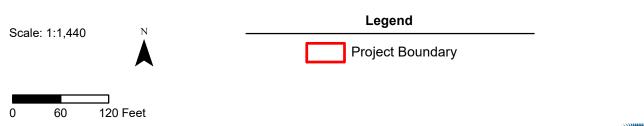
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January 15, 2025

San Clemente

Project Location

Brush Clearance



20 Meters





