### **Appendix G-2**

SWQMP for the Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative

#### **CITY OF SAN MARCOS**

## PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECT (PDP) STORM WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT PLAN (SWQMP) FOR

**PACIFIC NORTH** 

**Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative** 

Las Posas Road San Marcos, CA 92078

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER(S): 219-222-01, 219-222-02, 219-222-03, 219-222-04

**ENGINEER OF WORK:** 

William Lundstrom, RCE 61630

#### PREPARED FOR:

The Las Posas Project Owner LPV, LLC a Delaware
Limited Liability Company.
703 Palomar Airport Road, Suite 170
Carlssbad, CA 92011
760-944-7511

#### PDP SWQMP PREPARED BY:

Lundstrom Engineering & Surveying, Inc. 3333 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 330 San Diego, CA 92108 619-814-1220

DATE OF SWQMP: 01/29/2024

PLANS PREPARED BY: Lundstrom Engineering & Surveying, Inc. 3333 Camino Del Rio South, Suite 330 San Diego, CA 92108 619-814-1220 Page intentionally blank

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#### **ACRONYMS**

APN Assessor's Parcel Number BMP Best Management Practice

HMP Hydromodification Management Plan

HSG Hydrologic Soil Group

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

N/A Not Applicable

NRCS Natural Resources Conservation Service

PDP Priority Development Project

PE Professional Engineer

SC Source Control SD Site Design

SDRWQCB San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board

SIC Standard Industrial Classification

SWQMP Storm Water Quality Management Plan

#### PDP SWQMP PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project Name: Pacific Permit Application Number:

#### PREPARER'S CERTIFICATION

I hereby declare that I am the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water best management practices (BMPs) for this project, and that I have exercised responsible charge over the design of the BMPs as defined in Section 6703 of the Business and Professions Code, and that the design is consistent with the PDP requirements of the [INSERT AGENCY NAME] BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with local [INSERT AGENCY NAME] and regional MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

I have read and understand that the [City Engineer] has adopted minimum requirements for managing urban runoff, including storm water, from land development activities, as described in the BMP Design Manual. I certify that this PDP SWQMP has been completed to the best of my ability and accurately reflects the project being proposed and the applicable BMPs proposed to minimize the potentially negative impacts of this project's land development activities on water quality. I understand and acknowledge that the plan check review of this PDP SWQMP by the [City Engineer] is confined to a review and does not relieve me, as the Engineer in Responsible Charge of design of storm water BMPs for this project, of my responsibilities for project design.

Engineer of Work's Signature		
Engineer of Work's Signature		
William Lundstrom		
Print Name		
Lundstrom Engineering & Surveying, Inc.		
Company		
01/29/2024		
Date	Engineer's Seal:	PROFESSIONAL LUNOS CA

No. C61630

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#### PDP SWQMP PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION PAGE

Project	Name: Pacif	ic
Permit .	Application	Number:

#### PROJECT OWNER'S CERTIFICATION

This PDP SWQMP has been prepared for <u>The Las Posas Project Owner LPV, LLC</u> by <u>Lundstrom Engineering & Surveying, Inc.</u> The PDP SWQMP is intended to comply with the PDP requirements of the City of San Marcos BMP Design Manual, which is a design manual for compliance with local City of San Marcos and regional MS4 Permit (California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region Order No. R9-2015-0100) requirements for storm water management.

The undersigned, while it owns the subject property, is responsible for the implementation of the provisions of this plan. Once the undersigned transfers its interests in the property, its successor-in-interest shall bear the aforementioned responsibility to implement the best management practices (BMPs) described within this plan, including ensuring on-going operation and maintenance of structural BMPs. A signed copy of this document shall be available on the subject property into perpetuity.

Project Owner's Signature	
Print Name	
The Las Posas Project Owner LPV, LLC Company	
 Date	

Page intentionally blank

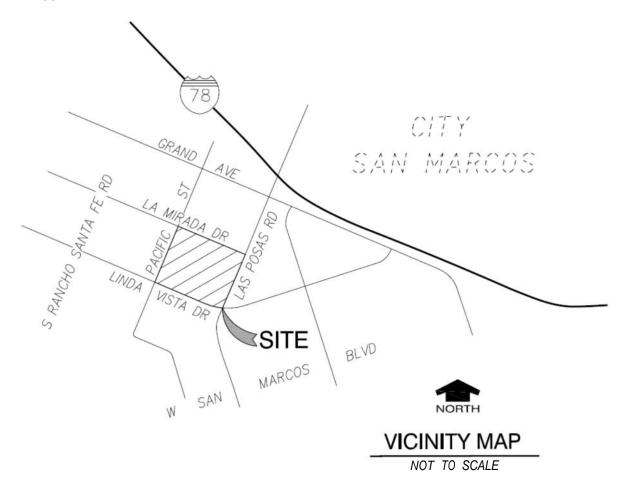
#### **SUBMITTAL RECORD**

Use this Table to keep a record of submittals of this PDP SWQMP. Each time the PDP SWQMP is resubmitted, provide the date and status of the project. In column 4 summarize the changes that have been made or indicate if response to plancheck comments is included. When applicable, insert response to plancheck comments behind this page.

Submittal Number	Date	Project Status	Summary of Changes
1	04/15/2022	✓ Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Initial Submittal
2	08/15/2022	✓ Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Resubmittal
3	11/07/2022	Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  ☐ Final Design	Resubmittal
4	05/14/2024	✓Preliminary Design / Planning/ CEQA  □ Final Design	Resubmittal

#### **PROJECT VICINITY MAP**

Project Name: Pacific
Permit Application Number:



#### Applicability of Storm Water Best Management Practices (BMP) Requirements

(Storm Water Intake Form for all Development Permit Applications)

For detailed information please visit:

http://www.san-marcos.net/departments/development-services/stormwater/development-planning

Form I-1 [March 15, 2016]

#### **Project Identification**

#### Project Name: Pacific North - Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative

The 33.2-acre project site is an infill site located in the western portion of the City of San Marcos (City), at the northwest corner of S. Las Posas Road and Linda Vista Drive, comprised of Assessor's Parcel Numbers 219-222-01, 219-222-02, 219-222-03, and 219-222-04. La Mirada Drive abuts the site's northern boundary, while South Pacific Street abuts the property's western boundary. The Grand Plaza shopping center is located directly across Las Posas Road to the east. Light industrial uses are adjacent to the site's northern, southern, and western boundary, and Bradley Park is located across from the site's southwestern corner. Single- and multi-family residential uses are located to the west and south of Bradley Park. The project consists of 449 residential units, including a mix of apartments, rowhomes, villas, and affordable flats on approximately 15.09 acres of the 33.2-acre project site. Proposed residential units would include a mix of apartments within a five-story podium building, three-story rowhomes, three-story villas, and affordable flats within a four-story building. The project includes a total of 927 parking spaces and 134,985 square feet of common open space area. 68 of the 449 total units (15% of the total) would be designated as deed-restricted affordable units (alternatively, the project reserves the option to contribute to the affordable housing fund by paying the in-lieu fee). The proposed project also includes landscaping, bioretention areas, and circulation improvements. The remaining 18.11 acres of the 33.2-acre project site would be preserved and restored as open space and habitat area. The proposed project would have a density of approximately 13.5 dwelling units per acre, including the open space and habitat area.

project would have a density of approximately 13.5 dwelling units per a	acre, including the open space and h	abitat area.	1 1
Permit Application Number (if applicable):		Date:	
Project Address:			
[	Determination of Require	ments	
This form is required as part of the City's application	on process. The purpose of	of this form is to identify poter	itial land development
planning storm water requirements that apply to o	development projects.		
Development projects are defined as construction projects. In addition, the identification of a development and redevelopment activities that he or reduce the natural absorption and infiltration.  To access the BMP Design Manual, Storm Water Or related to this program please refer to:  http://www.san-marcos.net/departments/developments/devel	lopment project, as it related as it related as it related as the potential to contact abilities of the land.  Quality Management Plan	ates to storm water regulation cact storm water and contribution (SWQMP) templates, and other	ns, would truly apply to te a source of pollutants,
Please answer each of the following step	s below, starting with S reaching "Stop".	Step 1 and progressing thro	ugh each step until
Step	Answer	Progression	
Step 1: Based on the above, Is the project a	✓Yes	Go to Step 2.	
"development project" (See definition above)?			
See Section 1.3 of the BMP Design Manual for	□ No	Permanent BMP requiren	
further guidance if necessary.		SWQMP will be required.	Provide brief discussion
		below. <b>STOP.</b>	
Discussion / justification if the project is <u>not</u> a "devexisting building):	velopment project" (e.g., t	the project includes <i>only</i> interi	or remodels within an
<b>Step 2:</b> Is the project a Standard Project, Priority	☐ Standard Project	Only Standard Project red	quirements apply,
Development Project (PDP), or exception to PDP		including <u>Standard Projec</u>	t SWQMP. <b>STOP.</b>
definitions?	☑PDP	Standard and PDP require	ements apply, including

PDP SWQMP. Go to Step 3 on the following page.

To answer this item, complete Form I-2, Project Type Determination. See Section 1.4 of the BMP Design Manual <i>in its entirety</i> for guidance.  In addition to Section 1.4, please refer to the City's SWQMP Submittal Requirements form.		☐ Exception to PDP definitions		Standard Project requirements apply, and any additional requirements specific to the type of project. Provide discussion and list any additional requirements below. Prepare Standard Project SWQMP. STOP.		
Discussion / justification, and additional	requireme	nts for ex	ceptions to PDP de	finitions, if applicable:		
	Form I-1	L Page 2,	Form Date: March	15, 2016		
<b>Step 3 (PDPs only).</b> Please answer the list proposed PDP. Does the project:	st of question	ons in thi	s section to determ	ine if hydromodification requirements reply to the		
<b>Step 3a.</b> Discharge storm water	□Yes			STOP. Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
runoff directly to the Pacific Ocean?	☑No		Continue to Ste	Continue to Step 3b.		
<b>Step 3b.</b> Discharge storm water runoff directly to an enclosed	□Yes		<b>STOP</b> . Hydromodification requirements do not apply.			
embayment, not within protected areas?	✓No		Continue to Step 3c.			
<b>Step 3c.</b> Discharge storm water runoff directly to a water storage	□Yes		STOP. Hydromo	STOP. Hydromodification requirements do not apply.		
reservoir or lake, below spillway or normal operating level?	⊠No		Continue to Ste	Continue to Step 3d.		
Step 3d. Discharge storm water	□Yes		STOP. Hydrom	odification requirements do not apply.		
runoff directly to an area identified in WMAA?	⊠No		Hydromodificat 4.	l ··		
Discussion / justification if hydromodific	ation contr	ol requir	ements do <u>not</u> app	y:		
Step 4 (PDPs subject to	☐ Yes	M	Management measures required for protection of critical coarse			
		sediment yield areas (Chapter 6.2).				
requirements only). Does protection	Stop		top.			
		Management measures not required for protection of critical co		es not required for protection of critical coarse		
		sediment yield areas.				
Potential Critical Coarse Sediment		Provide brief discus		on below.		
Yield Area Map?		St	op.			
See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design						
Manual for guidance.						

			Project Type Determination Checklist	Form I-2		
				[March 15, 2016]		
Dunio	at Name	a /Das	Project Information			
			scription: Pacific	Data		
			n Number (if applicable):	Date:		
Proje	ct Addr	ess:				
	Proj	ect Ty	pe Determination: Standard Project or Priority I	Development Project (PDP)		
The p	roject i	is (sel	ect one): ☑New Development □Redevelopmer	nt		
The to	otal pro	pose	d newly created or replaced impervious area is:	ft² (11.5) acres		
Is the	projec	t in ar	ny of the following categories, (a) through (f)?	2		
Yes	No	(a)	New development projects that create 10,000 s			
			surfaces (collectively over the entire project site			
			industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public dev	velopment projects on public or		
.,		(1.)	private land.	5.000		
Yes	No	(b)	Redevelopment projects that create and/or rep	•		
			impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site on an existing site of			
			10,000 square feet or more of impervious surfaces). This includes commercial, industrial, residential, mixed-use, and public development projects on public or			
			private land.	relopment projects on public or		
Yes	No	(c)	New and redevelopment projects that create ar	nd/or replace 5 000 square feet or		
	□ □ more of impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site), and support					
	_		one or more of the following uses:			
			(i) Restaurants. This category is defined as	a facility that sells prepared foods		
			and drinks for consumption, including st			
			refreshment stands selling prepared for	•		
			consumption (Standard Industrial Classi			
			(ii) Hillside development projects. This cate			
			natural slope that is twenty-five percent			
			(iii) Parking lots. This category is defined as	_		
			temporary parking or storage of motor	-		
			business, or for commerce.	vernices used personally, for		
			·	drivoways. This category is		
			(iv) Streets, roads, highways, freeways, and			
			defined as any paved impervious surfac	-		
			automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, and o	ther vehicles.		

			Form I-2 Page 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016
Yes	No	(d)	New or redevelopment projects that create and/or replace 2,500 square feet or
	$\square$		more of impervious surface (collectively over the entire project site), and
			discharging directly to an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA). "Discharging
			directly to" includes flow that is conveyed overland a distance of 200 feet or less
			from the project to the ESA, or conveyed in a pipe or open channel any distance as
			an isolated flow from the project to the ESA (i.e. not commingled with flows from
			adjacent lands).
			Note: ESAs are areas that include but are not limited to all Clean Water Act
			Section 303(d) impaired water bodies; areas designated as Areas of Special
			Biological Significance by the State Water Board and San Diego Water Board;
			State Water Quality Protected Areas; water bodies designated with the RARE
			beneficial use by the State Water Board and San Diego Water Board; and any
			other equivalent environmentally sensitive areas which have been identified
			by the Copermittees. See BMP Design Manual Section 1.4.2 for additional guidance.
Yes	No	(e)	New development projects, or redevelopment projects that create and/or replace
	$\square$	` ′	5,000 square feet or more of impervious surface, that support one or more of the
			following uses:
			(i) Automotive repair shops. This category is defined as a facility that is
			categorized in any one of the following SIC codes: 5013, 5014, 5541, 7532-
			7534, or 7536-7539.
			(ii) Retail gasoline outlets (RGOs). This category includes RGOs that meet the
			following criteria: (a) 5,000 square feet or more or (b) a projected Average
			Daily Traffic (ADT) of 100 or more vehicles per day.
Yes	No	(f)	New or redevelopment projects that result in the disturbance of one or more acres
$\square$			of land and are expected to generate pollutants post construction.
			Note: See BMP Design Manual Section 1.4.2 for additional guidance.
1	-	-	meet the definition of one or more of the Priority Development Project categories
1	_		ed above?
		-	ct is <u>not</u> a Priority Development Project (Standard Project).
₩ Ye	es – the	e proje	ect is a Priority Development Project (PDP).
The fo	ollowin	g is fo	or redevelopment PDPs only:
Thos	roa of	ovicti	ng (pre-project) impervious area at the project site is: ft² (A)
			ed newly created or replaced impervious area is ft (A)
1		•	us surface created or replaced (B/A)*100:%
1	-		rvious surface created or replaced (b/A) 100%
		-	or equal to fifty percent (50%) – only new impervious areas are considered PDP
1	□ less i OR	.iiaii C	of equal to firty percent (50%) — only new impervious areas are considered FDP
1		ter th	nan fifty percent (50%) – the entire project site is a PDP
	_ 5,ca		interpretation (5079) the entire project site is a 1 Di

	Site Information Checklist	Form I-3B (PDPs)		
	For PDPs	[March 15, 2016]		
	Project Summary Information			
Project Name	Pacific			
Project Address	Northwest corner of Road and Linda Vista	the intersection of Las Posas Drive.		
Assessor's Parcel Number(s) (APN(s))	219-222-01, 219-222	-02, 219-222-03, 219-222-04		
Permit Application Number				
Project Hydrologic Unit	Select One:  □ Santa Margarita 90 □ San Luis Rey 903 □ Carlsbad 904 □ San Dieguito 905 □ Penasquitos 906 □ San Diego 907 □ Pueblo San Diego 9 □ Sweetwater 909 □ Otay 910 □ Tijuana 911			
Project Watershed (Complete Hydrologic Unit, Area, and Name with Numeric Identifier)		i Marcos, fisa 304.52 Nicilialiu		
Parcel Area (total area of Assessor's Parcel(s) assemble with the project)	ociated 33.2 Acres (	Square Feet)		
Area to be Disturbed by the Project (Project Area)	15.2 Acres (	Square Feet)		
Project Proposed Impervious Area (subset of Project Area)	11.5 Acres (	Square Feet)		
Project Proposed Pervious Area (subset of Project Area)	3.7 Acres (	Square Feet)		
Note: Proposed Impervious Area + Proposed Pervious Area = Area to be Disturbed by the Project. This may be less than the Parcel Area.				

Form I-3B Page 2 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016
Description of Existing Site Condition
Current Status of the Site (select all that apply):  Existing development  Previously graded but not built out  Demolition completed without new construction  Agricultural or other non-impervious use  Vacant, undeveloped/natural
Description / Additional Information:
The 33.2 acre property is currently undeveloped. Adjacent land use is varied with shopping centers, light industrial, and recreation.
The majority of the site flows southeasterly toward the northwest corner of Linda Vista Drive and Las Posas Road. This drainage is collected in a CMP (corrugated meatal pipe) riser which drains to an 11'x7' RCB (reinforced concrete box) in Las Posas Rd. The remainder of the site surface drains to the surrounding streets. All surrounding streets drain via gutter flow to the same corner (Las Posas and Linda Vista) where runoff is collected by a pair of curb inlets which drain into the same 11'x7' RCB in Las Posas Rd. It is noted that some on-site run-off occurs from the property onto adjacent streets. Tha runoff is carried via the streets to the same RCB in Las Posas Road. There is no offsite run-on to the property.
Existing Land Cover Includes (select all that apply):
✓ Vegetative Cover
□ Non-Vegetated Pervious Areas
□ Impervious Areas
Description / Additional Information:
Underlying Soil belongs to Hydrologic Soil Group (select all that apply):
□ NRCS Type A □ NRCS Type B
□ NRCS Type C
☑NRCS Type D
— ·- 77 ·-
Approximate Depth to Groundwater (GW):
☐ GW Depth < 5 feet
□ 5 feet < GW Depth < 10 feet
□ 10 feet < GW Depth < 20 feet
☑ GW Depth > 20 feet

Existing Natural Hydrologic Features (select all that apply):
□ Watercourses
□ Seeps
□ Springs
□ Wetlands
✓ None
Description / Additional Information:

#### Form I-3B Page 3 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### **Description of Existing Site Drainage Patterns**

How is storm water runoff conveyed from the site? At a minimum, this description should answer:

- (1) whether existing drainage conveyance is natural or urban;
- (2) Is runoff from offsite conveyed through the site? if yes, quantify all offsite drainage areas, design flows, and locations where offsite flows enter the project site, and summarize how such flows are conveyed through the site;
- (3)Provide details regarding existing project site drainage conveyance network, including any existing storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels; and
- (4) Identify all discharge locations from the existing project site along with a summary of conveyance

system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide summary of the pre-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the existing runoff discharge locations.
Describe existing site drainage patterns:
The majority of the site is natural overland and flows southeasterly toward the northwest corner of Linda Vista Drive and Las Posas Road. This drainage is collected in a CMP (corrugated meatal pipe) riser which drains to an 11'x7' RCB (reinforced concrete box) in Las Posas Rd. The remainder of the site surface drains to the surrounding streets. All surrounding streets drain via gutter flow to the same corner (Las Posas and Linda Vista) where runoff is collected by a pair of curb inlets which drain into the same 11'x7' RCB in Las Posas Rd. It is noted that some on-site run-off occurs from the property onto adjacent streets. Tha run-off is carried via the streets to the same RCB in Las Posas Road. There is no offsite run-on to the property.

#### Form I-3B Page 4 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### **Description of Proposed Site Development**

Project Description / Proposed Land Use and/or Activities:

The 33.2-acre project site is an infill site located in the western portion of the City of San Marcos (City), at the northwest corner of S. Las Posas Road and Linda Vista Drive, comprised of Assessor's Parcel Numbers 219-222-01, 219-222-02, 219-222-03, and 219-222-04. La Mirada Drive abuts the site's northern boundary, while South Pacific Street abuts the property's western boundary. The Grand Plaza shopping center is located directly across Las Posas Road to the east. Light industrial uses are adjacent to the site's northern, southern, and western boundary, and Bradley Park is located across from the site's southwestern corner. Single- and multi-family residential uses are located to the west and south of Bradley Park. The project consists of 449 residential units, including a mix of apartments, rowhomes, villas, and affordable flats on approximately 15.09 acres of the 33.2-acre project site. Proposed residential units would include a mix of apartments within a five-story podium building, three-story rowhomes, three-story villas, and affordable flats within a four-story building. The project includes a total of 927 parking spaces and 134,985 square feet of common open space area. 68 of the 449 total units (15% of the total) would be designated as deed-restricted affordable units (alternatively, the project reserves the option to contribute to the affordable housing fund by paying the in-lieu fee). The proposed project also includes landscaping, bio-retention areas, and circulation improvements. The remaining 17.94 acres of the 33.2-acre project site would be preserved and restored as open space and habitat area. The proposed project would have a density of approximately 13.5 dwelling units per acre, including the open space and habitat area.

would be preserved and restored as open space and habitat area. The proposed project would have a density of approximately 13.5 dwelling units per acre, including the open space and habitat area.
List/describe proposed impervious features of the project (e.g., buildings, roadways, parking lots, courtyards, athletic courts, other impervious features):
The proposed site will consist of approximately 10.2 acres of impervious area in the form of a paved roads, paved driveways, paved walkways and roof areas.
List/describe proposed pervious features of the project (e.g., landscape areas):
The proposed site will consist of approximately 2.9 acres of pervious area in the form of landscaped yards and common use areas.
Does the project include grading and changes to site topography?  ☑Yes □ No
Description / Additional Information: See Attachment 1a.

Description of Proposed Site Drainage Patterns					
Does the project include changes to site drainage (e.g., installation of new storm water conveyance					
systems)?					
• •					
☑Yes					
□ No					
If yes, provide details regarding the proposed project site drainage conveyance network, including storm drains, concrete channels, swales, detention facilities, storm water treatment facilities, natural or constructed channels, and the method for conveying offsite flows through or around the proposed project site. Identify all discharge locations from the proposed project site along with a summary of the conveyance system size and capacity for each of the discharge locations. Provide a summary of pre- and post-project drainage areas and design flows to each of the runoff discharge locations. Reference the drainage study for detailed calculations.					
Describe proposed site drainage patterns::					
The proposed storm drain system will collect and convey stormwater runoff to biofiltration basins and underground hydromodification storage vaults. The proposed storm drain system will convey stormwater southeast to an existing public drainage system in Las Posas Road.					
Form I-3B Page 6 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016					

Identify whether any of the following features, activities, and/or pollutant source areas will be present
(select all that apply):
✓On-site storm drain inlets
☐ Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps
☑Interior parking garages
✓ Need for future indoor & structural pest control
☑ Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use
✓ Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features
☐ Food service
✓ Refuse areas
☐ Industrial processes
☐ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials
☐ Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning
☐ Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance
☐ Fuel Dispensing Areas
☐ Loading Docks
☑ Fire Sprinkler Test Water
☐ Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water
☑Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots
Description / Additional Informations
Description / Additional Information:

#### Form I-3B Page 7 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### **Identification and Narrative of Receiving Water and Pollutants of Concern**

Describe flow path of storm water from the project site discharge location(s), through urban storm conveyance systems as applicable, to receiving creeks, rivers, and lagoons as applicable, and ultimate discharge to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable):

The existing public drainage system in Las Posas Road conveys stormwater approximately 700 feet downstream to San Marcos Creek and then into Lake San Marcos.

List any 303(d) impaired water bodies within the path of storm water from the project site to the Pacific Ocean (or bay, lagoon, lake or reservoir, as applicable), identify the pollutant(s)/stressor(s) causing impairment, and identify any TMDLs and/or Highest Priority Pollutants from the WQIP for the impaired water bodies:

		TMDLs / WQIP Highest Priority
303(d) Impaired Water Body	Pollutant(s)/Stressor(s)	Pollutant
San Marcos Creek	DDE, Toxicity, Benthic	nutrients, bacteria
	Community Effects, Indicator	
	Bacteria, Phosphorus, and	
	Selenium	
San Marcos Lake	Ammonia as Nitrogen, Copper,	heavy metals, nutrients
	Nutrients, and Phosphorus	neavy metals, numerits

#### **Identification of Project Site Pollutants\***

\*Identification of project site pollutants is only required if flow-thru treatment BMPs are implemented onsite in lieu of retention or biofiltration BMPs (note the project must also participate in an alternative compliance program unless prior lawful approval to meet earlier PDP requirements is demonstrated)

Identify pollutants expected from the project site based on all proposed use(s) of the site (see BMP Design Manual Appendix B.6):

Pollutant	Not Applicable to the Project Site	Expected from the Project Site	Also a Receiving Water Pollutant of Concern
Sediment		X	
Nutrients		X	X
Heavy Metals		Х	Х
Organic Compounds		X	
Trash & Debris		X	
Oxygen Demanding Substances		х	
Oil & Grease		Х	
Bacteria & Viruses		X	X
Pesticides		X	

Form I-3B Page 8 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016				
Hydromodification Management Requirements				
Do hydromodification management requirements apply (see Section 1.6 of the BMP Design Manual)?  ✓ Yes, hydromodification management flow control structural BMPs required.  No, the project will discharge runoff directly to existing underground storm drains discharging directly to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.  No, the project will discharge runoff directly to conveyance channels whose bed and bank are concrete-lined all the way from the point of discharge to water storage reservoirs, lakes, enclosed embayments, or the Pacific Ocean.  No, the project will discharge runoff directly to an area identified as appropriate for an exemption by the WMAA for the watershed in which the project resides.  Description / Additional Information (to be provided if a 'No' answer has been selected above):				
Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas*  *This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply				
Based on the maps provided within the WMAA, do potential critical coarse sediment yield areas exist within the project drainage boundaries?  ☐ Yes ☐ No, No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on WMAA maps  If yes, have any of the optional analyses presented in Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual been performed?  ☐ 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units (GLUs) Onsite				
<ul> <li>□ 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment</li> <li>□ 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite</li> <li>□ No optional analyses performed, the project will avoid critical coarse sediment yield areas identified based on WMAA maps</li> </ul>				
If optional analyses were performed, what is the final result?  ☐ No critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected based on verification of GLUs onsite  ☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist but additional analysis has determined that protection is not required. Documentation attached in Attachment 2.b of the SWQMP.  ☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas exist and require protection. The project will implement management measures described in Sections 6.2.4 and 6.2.5 as applicable, and the areas are identified on the SWQMP Exhibit.				
Discussion / Additional Information:				

#### Form I-3B Page 9 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016

#### Flow Control for Post-Project Runoff\*

#### \*This Section only required if hydromodification management requirements apply

List and describe point(s) of compliance (POCs) for flow control for hydromodification management (see

Section 6.3.1). For each POC, provide a POC identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit and a receiving channel identification name or number correlating to the project's HMP Exhibit.
POC#1: Existing storm drain in Las Posas Road. See Attachment 2a.
Has a geomorphic assessment been performed for the receiving channel(s)?
☑No, the low flow threshold is 0.1Q2 (default low flow threshold)
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.1Q2
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.3Q2
$\square$ Yes, the result is the low flow threshold is 0.5Q2
If a geomorphic assessment has been performed, provide title, date, and preparer:
Discussion / Additional Information: (optional)

## Form I-3B Page 10 of 10, Form Date: March 15, 2016 **Other Site Requirements and Constraints** When applicable, list other site requirements or constraints that will influence storm water management design, such as zoning requirements including setbacks and open space, or local codes governing minimum street width, sidewalk construction, allowable pavement types, and drainage requirements. The project is constrained by 17.8 acres of open space (self-mitigating). Proposed frontage improvements will have biofiltration BMPs and tree wells for stormwater treatment. **Optional Additional Information or Continuation of Previous Sections As Needed** This space provided for additional information or continuation of information from previous sections as needed.

# Source Control BMP Checklist for All Development Projects (Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)

Form I-4 [March 15, 2016]

Project Identification				
Project Name				
Permit Application Number				
Source Control BMPs				
All development projects must implement source control BMPs SC-1 the	rough SC-6	where appl	icable and	
feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manu	al for inform	mation to in	nplement	
source control BMPs shown in this checklist.				
Answer each category below pursuant to the following.				
<ul> <li>"Yes" means the project will implement the source control BMP as</li> </ul>			and/or	
Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justi	fication is n	ot required.		
<ul> <li>"No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasi</li> </ul>	ble to imple	ment. Discu	ission /	
justification must be provided.				
<ul> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because</li> </ul>				
feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project has no outde	oor material	s storage are	eas).	
Discussion / justification may be provided.				
Source Control Requirement		Applied?		
SC-1 Prevention of Illicit Discharges into the MS4	✓Yes	□No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SC-1 not implemented:				
	r			
SC-2 Storm Drain Stenciling or Signage	✓Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SC-2 not implemented:			-	
SC-3 Protect Outdoor Materials Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On,	☐ Yes	□No	☑N/A	
Runoff, and Wind Dispersal				
Discussion / justification if SC-3 not implemented:				
		vr		
SC-4 Protect Materials Stored in Outdoor Work Areas from Rainfall,	□ Yes	□No	☑N/A	
Run-On, Runoff, and Wind Dispersal				
Discussion / justification if SC-4 not implemented:				

Form I-4 Page 2 of 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016				
Source Control Requirement	Applied?			
SC-5 Protect Trash Storage Areas from Rainfall, Run-On, Runoff, and	✓Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Wind Dispersal				
Discussion / justification if SC-5 not implemented:				
SC-6 Additional BMPs Based on Potential Sources of Runoff Pollutants				
(must answer for each source listed below)				
☑On-site storm drain inlets	☐ Yes	□No	□ N/A	
☑Interior floor drains and elevator shaft sump pumps	☐ Yes	□ No	│ □ N/A │	
✓Interior parking garages	☐ Yes	□ No	│ □ N/A │	
✓ Need for future indoor & structural pest control	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
☑Landscape/Outdoor Pesticide Use	☐ Yes	□ No	│ □ N/A │	
☑ Pools, spas, ponds, decorative fountains, and other water features	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
☐ Food service	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Refuse areas	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Industrial processes	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Outdoor storage of equipment or materials	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Vehicle/Equipment Repair and Maintenance	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Fuel Dispensing Areas	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☐ Loading Docks	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
☑Fire Sprinkler Test Water	☐ Yes	□ No	□N/A	
☐ Miscellaneous Drain or Wash Water	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
☑Plazas, sidewalks, and parking lots	☐ Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
, , ,				
Discussion / justification if SC-6 not implemented. Clearly identify which	n sources o	f runoff pol	lutants are	
discussed. Justification must be provided for all "No" answers shown all	ove.	·		

#### Site Design BMP Checklist for All Development Projects (Standard Projects and Priority Development Projects)

Form I-5 [March 15, 2016]

Project Identification			
Project Name			
Permit Application Number			
Site Design BMPs			
All development projects must implement site design BMPs SD-1 through	gh SD-8 whe	ere applicab	ole and
feasible. See Chapter 4 and Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manua	al for inforn	nation to in	nplement
site design BMPs shown in this checklist.			
Answer each category below pursuant to the following.  • "Yes" means the project will implement the site design BMP as des Appendix E of the Model BMP Design Manual. Discussion / justife			l/or
<ul> <li>"No" means the BMP is applicable to the project but it is not feasil</li> </ul>		•	iccion /
justification must be provided.	oie to impiei	iliciii. Discu	1881011 /
<ul> <li>"N/A" means the BMP is not applicable at the project site because</li> </ul>	the project	does not in	clude the
feature that is addressed by the BMP (e.g., the project site has no ex-			
Discussion / justification may be provided.			,
Site Design Requirement		Applied?	
<b>SD-1</b> Maintain Natural Drainage Pathways and Hydrologic Features	☐ Yes	□No	<b>☑</b> N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-1 not implemented:			
<b>SD-2</b> Conserve Natural Areas, Soils, and Vegetation	✓Yes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-2 not implemented:			
SD-3 Minimize Impervious Area	✓Yes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-3 not implemented:			
SD-4 Minimize Soil Compaction	✓Yes	□No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-4 not implemented:			
SD-5 Impervious Area Dispersion	□ Yes	☑No	□ N/A
Discussion / justification if SD-5 not implemented:	) (i)	- 10	
Project runoff will be routed to tree wells and biofiltration basins.			

Form I-5 Page 2 of 2, Form Date: March 15, 2016				
Site Design Requirement	Applied?			
SD-6 Runoff Collection	✓Yes	□ No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-6 not implemented:				
Harvest and Reuse is not feasible for the				
project. Collecting runoff through permeable pavement is not feasible of	due to low	infiltration	rates.	
<b>SD-7</b> Landscaping with Native or Drought Tolerant Species	✓Yes	□No	□ N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-7 not implemented:				
SD-8 Harvesting and Using Precipitation	☐ Yes	□ No	☑N/A	
Discussion / justification if SD-8 not implemented:				
Harvest and Reuse is not feasible for the				
project.				

#### **Summary of PDP Structural BMPs**

Form I-6 (PDPs) [March 15, 2016]

#### **Project Identification**

Project Name: Pacific

Permit Application Number

#### **PDP Structural BMPs**

All PDPs must implement structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control (see Chapter 5 of the BMP Design Manual). Selection of PDP structural BMPs for storm water pollutant control must be based on the selection process described in Chapter 5. PDPs subject to hydromodification management requirements must also implement structural BMPs for flow control for hydromodification management (see Chapter 6 of the BMP Design Manual). Both storm water pollutant control and flow control for hydromodification management can be achieved within the same structural BMP(s).

PDP structural BMPs must be verified by the local jurisdiction at the completion of construction. This may include requiring the project owner or project owner's representative and engineer of record to certify construction of the structural BMPs (see Section 1.12 of the BMP Design Manual). PDP structural BMPs must be maintained into perpetuity, and the local jurisdiction must confirm the maintenance (see Section 7 of the BMP Design Manual).

Use this form to provide narrative description of the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the project site in the box below. Then complete the PDP structural BMP summary information sheet (page 3 of this form) for each structural BMP within the project (copy the BMP summary information page as many times as needed to provide summary information for each individual structural BMP).

Describe the general strategy for structural BMP implementation at the site. This information must describe how the steps for selecting and designing storm water pollutant control BMPs presented in Section 5.1 of the BMP Design Manual were followed, and the results (type of BMPs selected). For projects requiring hydromodification flow control BMPs, indicate whether pollutant control and flow control BMPs are integrated or separate.

Infiltration is not feasible per the attached soils report.

The project proposed biofiltration basins and tree wells with nutrient sensitive media for site design treatment BMP and modular underground detention systems for HMP for control and 100 year detention.

The project is constrained by 17.8 acres of open space (self-mitigating). Proposed frontage improvements will have biofiltration BMPs and tree wells for stormwater treatment.

(Continue on page 2 as necessary.)

Form I-6 Page 2 of X, Form Date: March 15, 2016		
(Page reserved for continuation of description of general strategy for structural BMP implementation		
at the site)		
(Continued from page 1)		

### ATTACHMENT 1 BACKUP FOR PDP POLLUTANT CONTROL BMPS

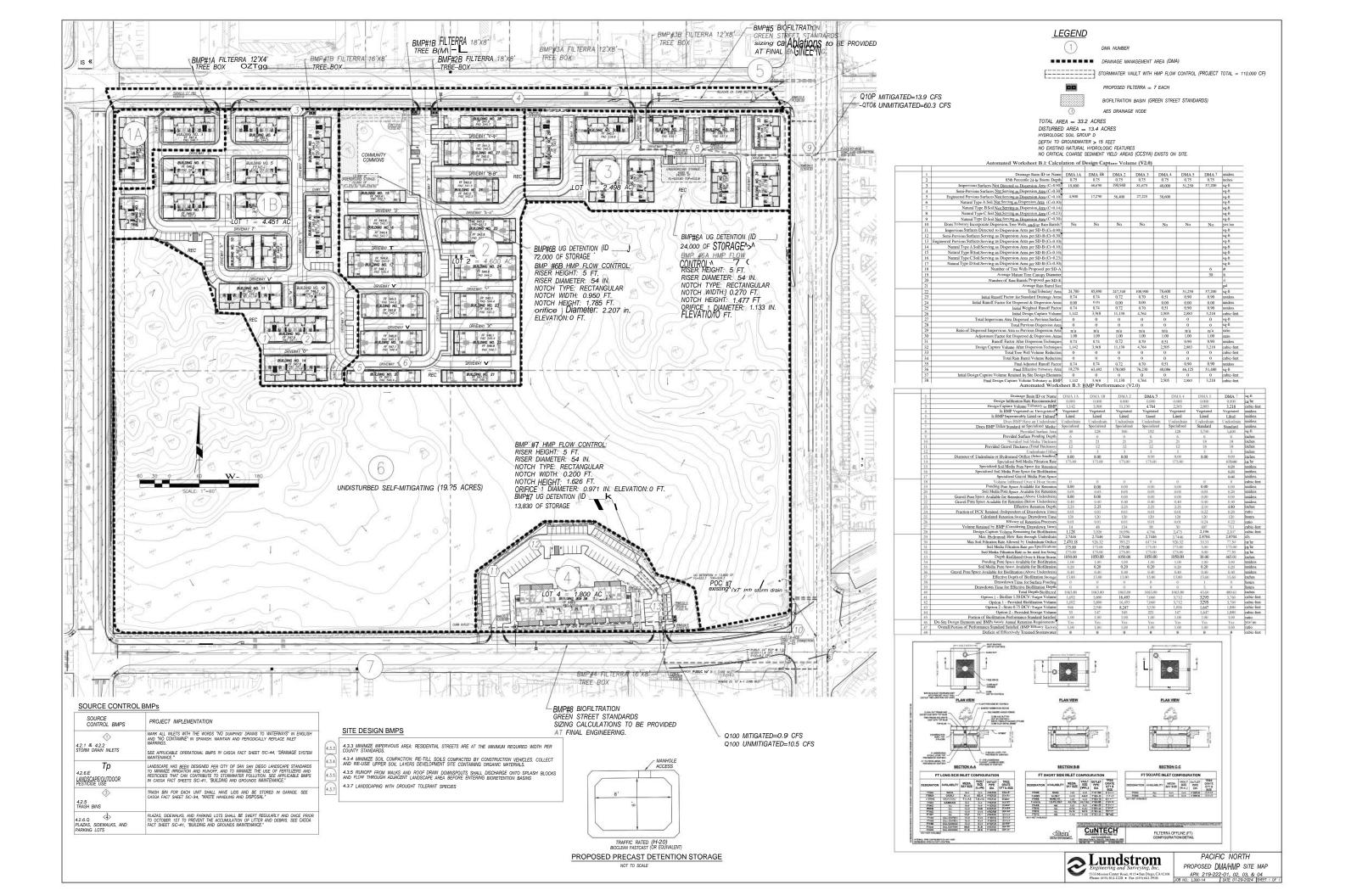
This is the cover sheet for Attachment 1.

#### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment	Contents	Checklist
Sequence		
Attachment 1a	DMA Exhibit (Required)  See DMA Exhibit Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.	Harvest and Reuse is not feasible for the project. Included
Attachment 1b	Tabular Summary of DMAs Showing DMA ID matching DMA Exhibit, DMA Area, and DMA Type (Required)*  *Provide table in this Attachment OR on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a	☑Included on DMA Exhibit in Attachment 1a ☐ Included as Attachment 1b, separate from DMA Exhibit
Attachment 1c	Form I-7, Harvest and Use Feasibility Screening Checklist (Required unless the entire project will use infiltration BMPs)  Refer to Appendix B.3-1 of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-7.	☑Included □ Not included because the entire project will use infiltration BMPs
Attachment 1d	Form I-8, Categorization of Infiltration Feasibility Condition (Required unless the project will use harvest and use BMPs)  Refer to Appendices C and D of the BMP Design Manual to complete Form I-8.	☑Included □ Not included because the entire project will use harvest and use BMPs
Attachment 1e	Pollutant Control BMP Design Worksheets / Calculations (Required)  Refer to Appendices B and E of the BMP Design Manual for structural pollutant control BMP design guidelines	☑Included

#### Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the DMA Exhibit:

The DMA Exhibit must identify:
☐ Underlying hydrologic soil group
☐ Approximate depth to groundwater
☐ Existing natural hydrologic features ( watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected
☐ Existing topography and impervious areas
☐ Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite
☐ Proposed demolition
☐ Proposed grading
☐ Proposed impervious features
☐ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
☐ Drainage management area (DMA) boundaries, DMA ID numbers, and DMA areas (square footage or acreage), and DMA type (i.e., drains to BMP, self-retaining, or self-mitigating)
□ Potential pollutant source areas and corresponding required source controls (see Chapter 4, Appendix E.1, and Form I-3B)
☐ Structural BMPs (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)



Automated Worksheet B.1: Calculation of Design Capture Volume (V2.0)

Category	#	Description	į	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	Units
	1	Drainage Basin ID or Name	DMA 1A	DMA 1B	DMA 2	DMA 3	DMA 4	DMA 5	DMA 7	unitless
	2	85th Percentile 24-hr Storm Depth	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	inches
	3	Impervious Surfaces Not Directed to Dispersion Area (C=0.90)	19,800	68,600	190,940	81,675	40,000	51,250	57,200	sq-ft
Standard	4	Semi-Pervious Surfaces Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.30)	,			•				sq-ft
Drainage Basin	5	Engineered Pervious Surfaces Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.10)	4,900	17,200	56,400	27,225	38,600			sq-ft
Inputs	6	Natural Type A Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.10)								sq-ft
	7	Natural Type B Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.14)				1				sq-ft
	8	Natural Type C Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.23)								sq-ft
	9	Natural Type D Soil Not Serving as Dispersion Area (C=0.30)								sq-ft
	10	Does Tributary Incorporate Dispersion, Tree Wells, and/or Rain Barrels?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	yes/no
	11	Impervious Surfaces <b>Directed to Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.90)								sq-ft
	12	Semi-Pervious Surfaces <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.30)								sq-ft
	13	Engineered Pervious Surfaces <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.10)								sq-ft
Dispersion	14	Natural Type A Soil <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.10)								sq-ft
Area, Tree Well	15	Natural Type B Soil <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.14)								sq-ft
& Rain Barrel Inputs	16	Natural Type C Soil <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.23)								sq-ft
(Optional)	17	Natural Type D Soil <b>Serving as Dispersion Area</b> per SD-B (Ci=0.30)								sq-ft
(Optional)	18	Number of Tree Wells Proposed per SD-A							6	#
	19	Average Mature Tree Canopy Diameter			,				<del>20</del>	ft
	20	Number of Rain Barrels Proposed per SD-E			er V					#
	21	Average Rain Barrel Size								gal
	22	Total Tributary Area	24,700	85,800	247,340	108,900	78,600	51,250	57,200	sq-ft
Initial Runoff	23	Initial Runoff Factor for Standard Drainage Areas	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.70	0.51	0.90	0.90	unitless
Factor	24	Initial Runoff Factor for Dispersed & Dispersion Areas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	unitless
Calculation	25	Initial Weighted Runoff Factor	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.70	0.51	0.90	0.90	unitless
	26	Initial Design Capture Volume	1,142	3,968	11,130	4,764	2,505	2,883	3,218	cubic-feet
	27	Total Impervious Area Dispersed to Pervious Surface	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	sq-ft
Diamantan	28	Total Pervious Dispersion Area	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	sq-ft
Dispersion Area	29	Ratio of Dispersed Impervious Area to Pervious Dispersion Area	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	ratio
Area Adjustments	30	Adjustment Factor for Dispersed & Dispersion Areas	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	ratio
Majustificitis	31	Runoff Factor After Dispersion Techniques	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.70	0.51	0.90	0.90	unitless
	32	Design Capture Volume After Dispersion Techniques	1,142	3,968	11,130	4,764	2,505	2,883	3,218	cubic-feet
Tree & Barrel	33	Total Tree Well Volume Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
Adjustments	34	Total Rain Barrel Volume Reduction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	35	Final Adjusted Runoff Factor	0.74	0.74	0.72	0.70	0.51	0.90	0.90	unitless
Results	36	Final Effective Tributary Area	18,278	63,492	178,085	76,230	40,086	46,125	51,480	sq-ft
Results	37	Initial Design Capture Volume Retained by Site Design Elements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	38	Final Design Capture Volume Tributary to BMP	1,142	3,968	11,130	4,764	2,505	2,883	3,218	cubic-feet
No Warning Me	essages	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				- 82 <u></u>

Automated Worksheet B.3: BMP Performance (V2.0)

Catagogg	#	Description Automated Wol	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	ii	iii	in	41	ari.	avii.	Units
Category	1	Drainage Basin ID or Name	DMA 1A	DMA 1B	DMA 2	iv DMA 3	DMA 4	DMA 5	vii DMA 7	sq-ft
	2	Design Infiltration Rate Recommended	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	in/hr
	3	Design Capture Volume Tributary to BMP	1,142	3,968	11,130	4,764	2,505	2,883	3,218	cubic-feet
	4	Is BMP Vegetated or Unvegetated?								unitless
	5	<u> </u>	Vegetated Lined	Vegetated	Vegetated	Vegetated Lined	Vegetated	Vegetated	Vegetated Lined	unitless
	-	Is BMP Impermeably Lined or Unlined?  Does BMP Have an Underdrain?		Lined	Lined		Lined	Lined		
	6 7		Underdrain	Underdrain Specialized	Underdrain	Underdrain	Underdrain	Underdrain Standard	Underdrain Standard	unitless unitless
	8	Does BMP Utilize Standard or Specialized Media?  Provided Surface Area	Specialized 48	128	Specialized 300	Specialized 192	Specialized 128	3,700	1,600	_
RMD Inpute	9	Provided Surface Area  Provided Surface Ponding Depth	6						-	sq-ft inches
BMP Inputs	$\rightarrow$	Provided Soil Media Thickness	21	6 21	6 21	6 21	6 21	6	6 18	_
	10	Provided Gravel Thickness (Total Thickness)	12	12	12	12	12	18 18	18	inches inches
	12	Underdrain Offset	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	inches
	13	Diameter of Underdrain or Hydromod Orifice (Select Smallest)	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	inches
	14	Specialized Soil Media Filtration Rate	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	0.00	<del>175.00</del>	in/hr
	15	Specialized Soil Media Pore Space for Retention	173.00	175.00	173.00	173.00	173.00	<u> </u>	0.20	unitless
	16	Specialized Soil Media Pore Space for Retention  Specialized Soil Media Pore Space for Biofiltration			1				0.20	unitless
	17	Specialized Son Media Pore Space for Biointration  Specialized Gravel Media Pore Space							0.40	unitless
	18	Volume Infiltrated Over 6 Hour Storm	0	0	0	0	0	0		cubic-feet
	19	Ponding Pore Space Available for Retention	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	unitless
	20	Soil Media Pore Space Available for Retention	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	unitless
	21	Gravel Pore Space Available for Retention (Above Underdrain)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20	unitless
Retention	22	Gravel Pore Space Available for Retention (Below Underdrain)	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	unitless
	23	Effective Retention Depth	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.10	4.80	inches
Calculations	24	Fraction of DCV Retained (Independent of Drawdown Time)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.22	0.20	ratio
	25	Calculated Retention Storage Drawdown Time	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	+
	26	Efficacy of Retention Processes	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.24	0.22	hours ratio
	27	Volume Retained by BMP (Considering Drawdown Time)	14	48	134	58	30	687	711	cubic-feet
	28	Design Capture Volume Remaining for Biofiltration	1,128	3,920	10,996	4,706	2,475	2,196	2,507	cubic-feet
	29	Max Hydromod Flow Rate through Underdrain	2.7446	2.7446	2.7446	2.7446	2.7446	2.8704	2.8704	cfs
	30	Max Soil Filtration Rate Allowed by Underdrain Orifice	2,470.18	926.32	395.23	617.54	926.32	33.51	77.50	in/hr
	31	Soil Media Filtration Rate per Specifications	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	5.00	175.00	in/hr
	32	Soil Media Filtration Rate to be used for Sizing	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	5.00	77.50	in/hr
	33	Depth Biofiltered Over 6 Hour Storm	1050.00	1050.00	1050.00	1050.00	1050.00	30.00	465.01	inches
	34	Ponding Pore Space Available for Biofiltration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	unitless
	35	Soil Media Pore Space Available for Biofiltration	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	unitless
	36	Gravel Pore Space Available for Biofiltration (Above Underdrain)	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	unitless
Biofiltration	37	Effective Depth of Biofiltration Storage	13.80	13.80	13.80	13.80	13.80	15.60	15.60	inches
Calculations	38	Drawdown Time for Surface Ponding	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	hours
	39	Drawdown Time for Effective Biofiltration Depth	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	hours
	40	Total Depth Biofiltered	1063.80	1063.80	1063.80	1063.80	1063.80	45.60	480.61	inches
	41	Option 1 - Biofilter 1.50 DCV: Target Volume	1,692	5,880	16,493	7,060	3,712	3,295	3,760	cubic-feet
	42	Option 1 - Provided Biofiltration Volume	1,692	5,880	16,493	7,060	3,712	3,295	3,760	cubic-feet
	43	Option 2 - Store 0.75 DCV: Target Volume	846	2,940	8,247	3,530	1,856	1,647	1,880	cubic-feet
	44	Option 2 - Provided Storage Volume	55	147	345	221	147	1,647	1,880	cubic-feet
	45	Portion of Biofiltration Performance Standard Satisfied	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	ratio
	46	Do Site Design Elements and BMPs Satisfy Annual Retention Requirements?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	yes/no
Result	47	Overall Portion of Performance Standard Satisfied (BMP Efficacy Factor)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	ratio
resent	48	Deficit of Effectively Treated Stormwater	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	cubic-feet
	10	Deficit of Directively Treated Stoffinwater	<b>J</b>	0	0		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	cable feet



OR



# Filterra Sizing Spreadsheet San Diego Region Uniform Intensity Approach Storm Intensity = 0.20 in/hr

Filterra Infiltration Rate = 175 (in/hr)
Filterra Flow per Square Foot = 0.00405 (ft3/sec/ft2)

Filterra Flow Rate, Q = 0.00405 ft3/sec x Filterra Surface Area Rational Method, Q = C x I x A

San Diego Multiplier, M = 1.5

Site Flowrate, Q =  $(C \times DI \times DA \times M \times 43560) / (12 \times 3600)$ DA =  $(12 \times 3600 \times Q) / (C \times 43560 \times DI \times M)$ 

where Q = Flow (ft3/sec)

DA = Drainage Area (acres)
DI = Design Intensity (in/hr)

C = Runoff coefficient (dimensionless) M = Multiplier (dimensionless)

			DI	С	С	С
			0.2	0.95	0.85	0.50
				•		
Α	vailable F	ilterra Box Sizes	Filterra	100%	Commercial	Residential
L	W	Filterra Surface Area	Flow Rate, Q	Imperv. DA	max DA	max DA
(ft)	(ft)	(ft2)	(ft3/sec)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)
	X.2 101	29				
4	4	16	0.0648	0.226	0.252	0.429
6	4	24	0.0972	0.338	0.378	0.643
6.5	4	26	0.1053	0.367	0.410	0.696
8	4	32	0.1296	0.451	0.504	0.857
12	4	48	0.1944	0.677	0.756	1.286
6	6	36	0.1458	0.507	0.567	0.964
8	6	48	0.1944	0.677	0.756	1.286
10	6	60	0.2431	0.846	0.945	1.607
12	6	72	0.2917	1.015	1.134	1.928
13	7	91	0.3686	1.283	1.434	2.437
12	8	96	0.3889	1.353	1.512	2.571
14	8	112	0.4537	1.579	1.765	3.000
16	8	128	0.5185	1.804	2.017	3.428
18	8	144	0.5833	2.030	2.269	3.857
20	8	160	0.6481	2.255	2.521	4.285
22	8	176	0.7130	2.481	2.773	4.714



### September 2019

## GENERAL USE LEVEL DESIGNATION FOR BASIC (TSS), ENHANCED, PHOSPHORUS & OIL TREATMENT

#### For

## **CONTECH Engineered Solutions Filterra®**

## **Ecology's Decision:**

Based on Contech's submissions, including the Final Technical Evaluation Reports, dated August 2019, March 2014, December 2009, and additional information provided to Ecology dated October 9, 2009, Ecology hereby issues the following use level designations:

1. A General Use Level Designation for Basic, Enhanced, Phosphorus, and Oil Treatment for the Filterra® system constructed with a minimum media thickness of 21 inches (1.75 feet), at the following water quality design hydraulic loading rates:

Treatment	Infiltration Rate (in/hr) for use in Sizing
Basic	175
Phosphorus	100
Oil	50
Enhanced	175

- 2. The Filterra is not appropriate for oil spill-control purposes.
- 3. Ecology approves Filterra systems for treatment at the hydraulic loading rates listed above, to achieve the maximum water quality design flow rate. Calculate the water quality design flow rates using the following procedures:
  - Western Washington: for treatment installed upstream of detention or retention, the water quality design flow rate is the peak 15-minute flow rate as calculated using the latest version of the Western Washington Hydrology Model or other Ecology-approved continuous runoff model.
  - Eastern Washington: For treatment installed upstream of detention or retention, the water quality design flow rate is the peak 15-minute flow rate as calculated using one of the three flow rate based methods described in Chapter 2.2.5 of the Stormwater Management Manual for Eastern Washington (SWMMEW) or local manual.
  - Entire State: For treatment installed downstream of detention, the water quality design flow rate is the full 2-year release rate of the detention facility.

4. This General Use Level Designation has no expiration date, but Ecology may revoke or amend the designation, and is subject to the conditions specified below.

### **Ecology's Conditions of Use:**

Filterra systems shall comply with these conditions shall comply with the following conditions:

- 1. Design, assemble, install, operate, and maintain the Filterra systems in accordance with applicable Contech Filterra manuals and this Ecology Decision.
- 2. The minimum size filter surface-area for use in Washington is determined by using the design water quality flow rate (as determined in this Ecology Decision, Item 3, above) and the Infiltration Rate from the table above (use the lowest applicable Infiltration Rate depending on the level of treatment required). Calculate the required area by dividing the water quality design flow rate (cu-ft/sec) by the Infiltration Rate (converted to ft/sec) to obtain required surface area (sq-ft) of the Filterra unit.
- 3. Each site plan must undergo Contech Filterra review before Ecology can approve the unit for site installation. This will ensure that design parameters including site grading and slope are appropriate for use of a Filterra unit.
- 4. Filterra media shall conform to the specifications submitted to and approved by Ecology and shall be sourced from Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC with no substitutions.
- 5. Maintenance includes removing trash, degraded mulch, and accumulated debris from the filter surface and replacing the mulch layer. Use inspections to determine the site-specific maintenance schedules and requirements. Follow maintenance procedures given in the most recent version of the Filterra Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- 6. Maintenance: The required maintenance interval for stormwater treatment devices is often dependent upon the degree of pollutant loading from a particular drainage basin. Therefore, Ecology does not endorse or recommend a "one size fits all" maintenance cycle for a particular model/size of manufactured treatment device.
  - Contech designs Filterra systems for a target maintenance interval of 6 months in the Pacific Northwest. Maintenance includes removing and replacing the mulch layer above the media along with accumulated sediment, trash, and captured organic materials therein, evaluating plant health, and pruning the plant if deemed necessary.
  - Conduct maintenance following manufacturer's guidelines.
- 7. Filterra systems come in standard sizes.
- 8. Install the Filterra in such a manner that flows exceeding the maximum Filterra operating rate are conveyed around the Filterra mulch and media and will not resuspend captured sediment.
- 9. Discharges from the Filterra units shall not cause or contribute to water quality standards violations in receiving waters.

## **Approved Alternate Configurations**

## Filterra Internal Bypass - Pipe (FTIB-P)

- 1. The Filterra® Internal Bypass Pipe allows for piped-in flow from area drains, grated inlets, trench drains, and/or roof drains. Design capture flows and peak flows enter the structure through an internal slotted pipe. Filterra® inverted the slotted pipe to allow design flows to drop through to a series of splash plates that then disperse the design flows over the top surface of the Filterra® planter area. Higher flows continue to bypass the slotted pipe and convey out the structure.
- **2.** To select a FTIB-P unit, the designer must determine the size of the standard unit using the sizing guidance described above.

### Filterra Internal Bypass – Curb (FTIB-C)

- 1. The Filterra® Internal Bypass –Curb model (FTIB-C) incorporates a curb inlet, biofiltration treatment chamber, and internal high flow bypass in one single structure. Filterra® designed the FTIB-C model for use in a "Sag" or "Sump" condition and will accept flows from both directions along a gutter line. An internal flume tray weir component directs treatment flows entering the unit through the curb inlet to the biofiltration treatment chamber. Flows in excess of the water quality treatment flow rise above the flume tray weir and discharge through a standpipe orifice; providing bypass of untreated peak flows. Americast manufactures the FTIB-C model in a variety of sizes and configurations and you may use the unit on a continuous grade when a single structure providing both treatment and high flow bypass is preferred. The FTIB-C model can also incorporate a separate junction box chamber to allow larger diameter discharge pipe connections to the structure.
- 2. To select a FTIB-C unit, the designer must determine the size of the standard unit using the sizing guidance described above.

## Filterra® Shallow

- 1. The Filterra Shallow provides additional flexibility for design engineers and designers in situations where various elevation constraints prevent application of a standard Filterra configuration. Engineers can design this system up to six inches shallower than any of the previous Filterra unit configurations noted above.
- 2. Ecology requires that the Filterra Shallow provide a media contact time equivalent to that of the standard unit. This means that with a smaller depth of media, the surface area must increase.
- 3. To select a Filterra Shallow System unit, the designer must first identify the size of the standard unit using the modeling guidance described above.
- 4. Once the size of the standard Filterra unit is established using the sizing technique described above, use information from the following table to select the appropriate size Filterra Shallow System unit.

## Shallow Unit Basic, Enhanced, and Oil Treatment Sizing

Standard Depth	Equivalent Shallow Depth
4x4	4x6 or 6x4
4x6 or 6x4	6x6
4x8 or 8x4	6x8 or 8x6
6x6	6x10 or 10x6
6x8 or 8x6	6x12 or 12x6
6x10 or 10x6	13x7

#### Notes:

**Applicant:** Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC.

**Applicant's Address:** 11815 NE Glenn Widing Drive

Portland, OR 97220

#### **Application Documents:**

- State of Washington Department of Ecology Application for Conditional Use Designation, Americast (September 2006)
- Quality Assurance Project Plan Filterra® Bioretention Filtration System Performance Monitoring, Americast (April 2008)
- Quality Assurance Project Plan Addendum Filterra® Bioretention Filtration System Performance Monitoring, Americast (June 2008)
- Draft Technical Evaluation Report Filterra<sup>®</sup> Bioretention Filtration System Performance Monitoring, Americast (August 2009)
- Final Technical Evaluation Report Filterra® Bioretention Filtration System Performance Monitoring, Americast (December 2009)
- Technical Evaluation Report Appendices Filterra® Bioretention Filtration System Performance Monitoring, Americast, (August 2009)
- Memorandum to Department of Ecology Dated October 9, 2009 from Americast, Inc. and Herrera Environmental Consultants
- Quality Assurance Project Plan Filterra<sup>®</sup> Bioretention System Phosphorus treatment and Supplemental Basic and Enhanced Treatment Performance Monitoring, Americast (November 2011)
- Filterra® letter August 24, 2012 regarding sizing for the Filterra® Shallow System.
- University of Virginia Engineering Department Memo by Joanna Crowe Curran, Ph. D dated March 16, 2013 concerning capacity analysis of Filterra® internal weir inlet tray.
- Terraphase Engineering letter to Jodi Mills, P.E. dated April 2, 2013 regarding Terraflume Hydraulic Test, Filterra® Bioretention System and attachments.
- Technical Evaluation Report, Filterra® System Phosphorus Treatment and Supplemental Basic Treatment Performance Monitoring. March 27<sup>th</sup>, 2014.
- State of Washington Department of Ecology Application for Conditional Use Level Designation, Contech Engineered Solutions (May 2015)

<sup>1.</sup> Shallow Depth Boxes are less than the standard depth of 3.5 feet but no less than 3.0 feet deep (TC to INV).

- Quality Assurance Project Plan Filterra® Bioretention System, Contech Engineered Solutions (May 2015)
- Filterra Bioretention System Armco Avenue General Use Level Designation Technical Evaluation Report, Contech Engineered Solutions (August 2019)

## **Applicant's Use Level Request:**

General Level Use Designation for Basic (175 in/hr), Enhanced (175 in/hr), Phosphorus (100 in/hr), and Oil Treatment (50 in/hr).

## **Applicant's Performance Claims:**

Field-testing and laboratory testing show that the Filterra<sup>®</sup> unit is promising as a stormwater treatment best management practice and can meet Ecology's performance goals for basic, enhanced, phosphorus, and oil treatment.

#### **Findings of Fact:**

## Field Testing 2015-2019

- 1. Contech completed field testing of a 4 ft. x 4 ft. Filterra® unit at one site in Hillsboro, Oregon from September 2015 to July 2019. Throughout the monitoring period a total of 24 individual storm events were sampled, of which 23 qualified for TAPE sampling criteria.
- 2. Contech encountered several unanticipated events and challenges that prevented them from collecting continuous flow and rainfall data. An analysis of the flow data from the sampled events, including both the qualifying and non-qualifying events, demonstrated the system treated over 99 % of the influent flows. Peak flows during these events ranged from 25 % to 250 % of the design flow rate of 29 gallons per minute.
- 3. Of the 23 TAPE qualified sample events, 13 met requirements for TSS analysis. Influent concentrations ranged from 20.8 mg/L to 83 mg/L, with a mean concentration of 46.3 mg/L. The UCL95 mean effluent concentration was 15.9 mg/L, meeting the 20 mg/L performance goal for Basic Treatment.
- 4. All 23 TAPE qualified sample events met requirements for dissolved zinc analysis. Influent concentrations range from 0.0384 mg/L to 0.2680 mg/L, with a mean concentration of 0.0807 mg/L. The LCL 95 mean percent removal was 62.9 %, meeting the 60 % performance goal for Enhanced Treatment.
- 5. Thirteen of the 23 TAPE qualified sample events met requirements for dissolved copper analysis. Influent concentrations ranged from 0.00543 mg/L to 0.01660 mg/L, with a mean concentration of 0.0103 mg/L. The LCL 95 mean percent removal was 41.2 %, meeting the 30 % performance goal for Enhanced Treatment.
- 6. Total zinc concentrations were analyzed for all 24 sample events. Influent EMCs for total zinc ranged from 0.048 mg/L to 5.290 mg/L with a median of 0.162 mg/L. Corresponding effluent EMCs for total zinc ranged from 0.015 mg/L to 0.067 mg/L with a median of

- 0.029 mg/L. Total event loadings for the study for total zinc were 316.85 g at the influent and 12.92 g at the effluent sampling location, resulting in a summation of loads removal efficiency of 95.9 %.
- 7. Total copper concentrations were analyzed for all 24 sample events. Influent EMCs for total copper ranged from 0.003 mg/L to 35.600 mg/L with a median value of 0.043 mg/L. Corresponding effluent EMCs for total copper ranged from 0.002 mg/L to 0.015 mg/L with a median of 0.004 mg/L. Total event loadings for total copper for the study were 1,810.06 g at the influent and 1.90 g at the effluent sampling location, resulting in a summation of loads removal efficiency of 99.9 %.

### Field Testing 2013

- 1. Filterra completed field-testing of a 6.5 ft x 4 ft. unit at one site in Bellingham, Washington. Continuous flow and rainfall data collected from January 1, 2013 through July 23, 2013 indicated that 59 storm events occurred. Water quality data was obtained from 22 storm events. Not all the sampled storms produced information that met TAPE criteria for storm and/or water quality data.
- 2. The system treated 98.9 % of the total 8-month runoff volume during the testing period. Consequently, the system achieved the goal of treating 91 % of the volume from the site. Stormwater runoff bypassed Filterra treatment during four of the 59 storm events.
- 3. Of the 22 sampled events, 18 qualified for TSS analysis (influent TSS concentrations ranged from 25 to 138 mg/L). The data were segregated into sample pairs with influent concentration greater than and less than 100 mg/L. The UCL95 mean effluent concentration for the data with influent less than 100 mg/L was 5.2 mg/L, below the 20-mg/L threshold. Although the TAPE guidelines do not require an evaluation of TSS removal efficiency for influent concentrations below 100 mg/L, the mean TSS removal for these samples was 90.1 %. Average removal of influent TSS concentrations greater than 100 mg/L (three events) was 85 %. In addition, the system consistently exhibited TSS removal greater than 80 % at flow rates equivalent to a 100 in/hr infiltration rate and was observed at 150 in/hr.
- 4. Ten of the 22 sampled events qualified for TP analysis. Americast augmented the dataset using two sample pairs from previous monitoring at the site. Influent TP concentrations ranged from 0.11 to 0.52 mg/L. The mean TP removal for these twelve events was 72.6 %. The LCL95 mean percent removal was 66.0, well above the TAPE requirement of 50 %. Treatment above 50 % was evident at 100 in/hr infiltration rate and as high as 150 in/hr. Consequently, the Filterra test system met the TAPE Phosphorus Treatment goal at 100 in/hr. Influent ortho-P concentrations ranged from 0.005 to 0.012 mg/L; effluent ortho-P concentrations ranged from 0.005 to 0.013 mg/L. The reporting limit/resolution for the ortho-P test method is 0.01 mg/L, therefore the influent and effluent ortho-P concentrations were both at and near non-detect concentrations.

#### Field Testing 2008-2009

- 1. Filterra completed field-testing at two sites at the Port of Tacoma. Continuous flow and rainfall data collected during the 2008-2009 monitoring period indicated that 89 storm events occurred. The monitoring obtained water quality data from 27 storm events. Not all the sampled storms produced information that met TAPE criteria for storm and/or water quality data.
- 2. During the testing at the Port of Tacoma, 98.96 to 99.89 % of the annual influent runoff volume passed through the POT1 and POT2 test systems respectively. Stormwater runoff bypassed the POT1 test system during nine storm events and bypassed the POT2 test system during one storm event. Bypass volumes ranged from 0.13 % to 15.3% of the influent storm volume. Both test systems achieved the 91 % water quality treatment-goal over the 1-year monitoring period.
- 3. Consultants observed infiltration rates as high as 133 in/hr during the various storms. Filterra did not provide any paired data that identified percent removal of TSS, metals, oil, or phosphorus at an instantaneous observed flow rate.
- 4. The maximum storm average hydraulic loading rate associated with water quality data is <40 in/hr, with the majority of flow rates < 25 in/hr. The average instantaneous hydraulic loading rate ranged from 8.6 to 53 in/hr.
- 5. The field data showed a removal rate greater than 80 % for TSS with an influent concentration greater than 20 mg/L at an average instantaneous hydraulic loading rate up to 53 in/hr (average influent concentration of 28.8 mg/L, average effluent concentration of 4.3 mg/L).
- 6. The field data showed a removal rate generally greater than 54 % for dissolved zinc at an average instantaneous hydraulic loading rate up to 60 in/hr and an average influent concentration of 0.266 mg/L (average effluent concentration of 0.115 mg/L).
- 7. The field data showed a removal rate generally greater than 40 % for dissolved copper at an average instantaneous hydraulic loading rate up to 35 in/hr and an average influent concentration of 0.0070 mg/L (average effluent concentration of 0.0036 mg/L).
- 8. The field data showed an average removal rate of 93 % for total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) at an average instantaneous hydraulic loading rate up to 53 in/hr and an average influent concentration of 52 mg/L (average effluent concentration of 2.3 mg/L). The data also shows achievement of less than 15 mg/L TPH for grab samples. Filterra provided limited visible sheen data due to access limitations at the outlet monitoring location.
- 9. The field data showed low percentage removals of total phosphorus at all storm flows at an average influent concentration of 0.189 mg/L (average effluent concentration of 0.171 mg/L). We may relate the relatively poor treatment performance of the Filterra system at this location to influent characteristics for total phosphorus that are unique to the Port of Tacoma site. It appears that the Filterra system will not meet the 50 % removal performance goal when the majority of phosphorus in the runoff is expected to be in the dissolved form.

#### **Laboratory Testing**

- 1. Filterra performed laboratory testing on a scaled down version of the Filterra unit. The lab data showed an average removal from 83-91 % for TSS with influents ranging from 21 to 320 mg/L, 82-84 % for total copper with influents ranging from 0.94 to 2.3 mg/L, and 50-61 % for orthophosphate with influents ranging from 2.46 to 14.37 mg/L.
- 2. Filterra conducted permeability tests on the soil media.
- 3. Lab scale testing using Sil-Co-Sil 106 showed removals ranging from 70.1 % to 95.5 % with a median removal of 90.7 %, for influent concentrations ranging from 8.3 to 260 mg/L. Filterra ran these laboratory tests at an infiltration rate of 50 in/hr.
- 4. Supplemental lab testing conducted in September 2009 using Sil-Co-Sil 106 showed an average removal of 90.6 %. These laboratory tests were run at infiltration rates ranging from 25 to 150 in/hr for influent concentrations ranging from 41.6 to 252.5 mg/L. Regression analysis results indicate that the Filterra system's TSS removal performance is independent of influent concentration in the concentration rage evaluated at hydraulic loading rates of up to 150 in/hr.

#### **Contact Information:**

Applicant: Jeremiah Lehman

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jlehman@conteches.com

Applicant's Website: <a href="http://www.conteches.com">http://www.conteches.com</a>

Ecology web link: http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/stormwater/newtech/index.html

Ecology: Douglas C. Howie, P.E.

Department of Ecology Water Quality Program

(360) 407-6444

douglas.howie@ecv.wa.gov

Date	Revision
December 2009	GULD for Basic, Enhanced, and Oil granted, CULD for Phosphorus
September 2011	Extended CULD for Phosphorus Treatment
September 2012	Revised design storm discussion, added Shallow System.
January 2013	Revised format to match Ecology standards, changed Filterra contact
	information
February 2013	Added FTIB-P system
March 2013	Added FTIB-C system
April 2013	Modified requirements for identifying appropriate size of unit

June 2013	Modified description of FTIB-C alternate configuration
March 2014	GULD awarded for Phosphorus Treatment. GULD updated for a
	higher flow-rate for Basic Treatment.
June 2014	Revised sizing calculation methods
March 2015	Revised Contact Information
June 2015	CULD for Basic and Enhanced at 100 in/hr infiltration rate
September 2019	GULD for Basic and Enhanced at 175 in/hr infiltration rate

Harvest and	l Use Feasibility Checklist	Form 1-7						
1. Is there a demand for harvested water (check all that apply) at die project site that is reliably present during die wet season?  H^Tollet and urinal flushing  O landscape irrigation  Odier:								
Guidance for planning level demand in Section B 3.2.	he anticipated average wet season demand calculations for toilet/urinal flushing and la	ndscape irrigation is provided						
TONET FLUSHING: 192. UNITS × 18.5 r > 5 = 5,328 gal = 713 ct.  IRNGATION: 390 gal/Ac. * 3.75 ac. * 1,462 gal = 195 c.7.								
3. Calculate die DCV using workshe	eet B-2.1.							
DCV = $^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{^{$								
3a. Is the 36 hour demand greater	3b. Is die 36 hour demand greater dian	3c. Is die 36 hour demand						
tiian or equal to die DCV?	0.25DCV but less dwn die full DCV?	lessthan 0.25DCV?						
□ Yes //^NO ⇒	□ Yes / 😾 No 🖶	Yes						
th o	a							
Harvest and use appears to be	Harvest and use may be feasible.	Harvest and use is						
feasible. Conduct more detailed	Conduct more detailed evaluation and	considered to be infeasible.						
evaluation and sizing calculations	sizing calculations to determine							
to confirm that DCV can be used	feasibility. Harvest and use may only be							
at an adequate rate to meet	at an adequate rate to meet able to be used for a portion of the site,							
drawdown criteria. or (optionally) the storage may need to be								
	upsized to meet long term capture targets							
while draining in longer than 36 hours.  Is harvest and use feasible based on further evaluation?								
☐ Yes, refer to Appendix E to select and size harvest and use BMPs.								
No, select alternate BMPs.								

Note: 36-hour demand calculations are for feasibility analysis only. Once feasibility analysis is complete the applicant may be allowed to use a different drawdown time provided they meet the 80% annual capture standard (refer to B.4.2) and 96-hour vector control drawdown requirement.

## ATTACHMENT 2 BACKUP FOR PDP HYDROMODIFICATION CONTROL MEASURES

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 2.

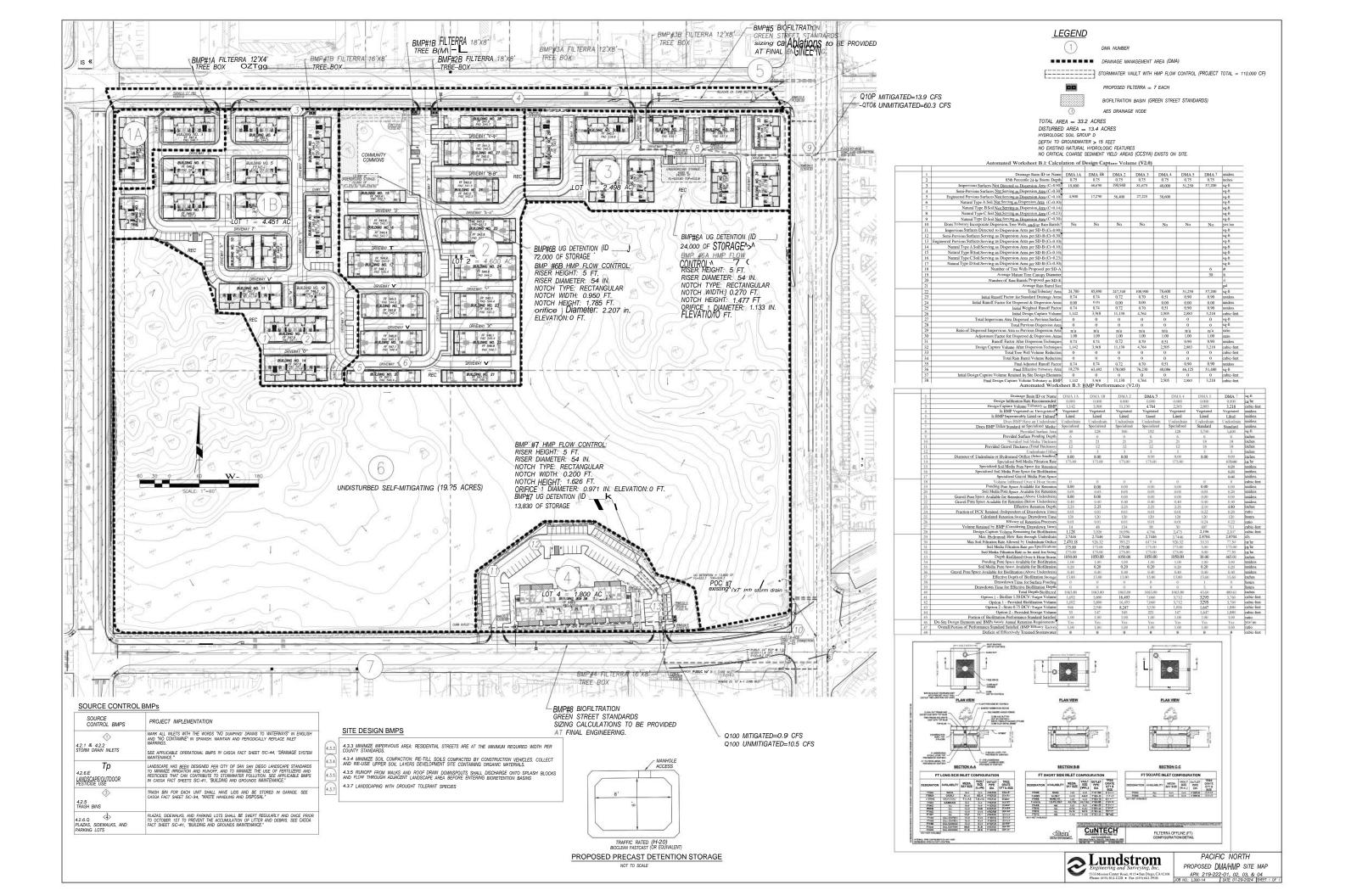
☐ Mark this box if this attachment is empty because the project is exempt from PDP hydromodification management requirements.

#### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 2a	Hydromodification Management Exhibit (Required)	☐ Included  See Hydromodification Management Exhibit Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 2b	Management of Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas (WMAA Exhibit is required, additional analyses are optional)  See Section 6.2 of the BMP Design Manual.	<ul> <li>□ Exhibit showing project drainage boundaries marked on WMAA Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Map (Required)</li> <li>○ Optional analyses for Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Area Determination</li> <li>□ 6.2.1 Verification of Geomorphic Landscape Units Onsite</li> <li>□ 6.2.2 Downstream Systems Sensitivity to Coarse Sediment</li> <li>□ 6.2.3 Optional Additional Analysis of Potential Critical Coarse Sediment Yield Areas Onsite</li> </ul>
Attachment 2c	Geomorphic Assessment of Receiving Channels (Optional) See Section 6.3.4 of the BMP Design Manual.	<ul> <li>□ Not performed</li> <li>□ Included</li> <li>□ Submitted as separate stand-alone document</li> </ul>
Attachment 2d	Flow Control Facility Design, including Structural BMP Drawdown Calculations and Overflow Design Summary (Required) See Chapter 6 and Appendix G of the BMP Design Manual	<ul> <li>□ Included</li> <li>□ Submitted as separate stand-alone document</li> </ul>
Attachment 2e	Vector Control Plan (Required when structural BMPs will not drain in 96 hours)	<ul><li>☐ Included</li><li>☐ Not required because BMPs will drain in less than 96 hours</li></ul>

## Use this checklist to ensure the required information has been included on the Hydromodification Management Exhibit:

The Hydromodification Management Exhibit must identify:
☐ Underlying hydrologic soil group
☐ Approximate depth to groundwater
☐ Existing natural hydrologic features ( watercourses, seeps, springs, wetlands)
☐ Critical coarse sediment yield areas to be protected
☐ Existing topography
☐ Existing and proposed site drainage network and connections to drainage offsite
☐ Proposed grading
☐ Proposed impervious features
☐ Proposed design features and surface treatments used to minimize imperviousness
☐ Point(s) of Compliance (POC) for Hydromodification Management
☐ Existing and proposed drainage boundary and drainage area to each POC (when necessary, create separate exhibits for pre-development and post-project conditions)
☐ Structural BMPs for hydromodification management (identify location, type of BMP, and size/detail)



## DMA 1 AND 2, BMP#6B

## SDHM 3.1 PROJECT REPORT

## General Model Information

Project Name: pacific north dma 1-2
Site Name: Pacific North DMA 1-2

Site Address:

City:

Report Date: 3/20/2024
Gage: ESCONDID
Data Start: 10/01/1964
Data End: 09/30/2004
Timesten: Hourly

Timestep: Hourly Precip Scale: 1.000

Version Date: 2020/04/07

## **POC Thresholds**

Low Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Year

## Landuse Basin Data Predeveloped Land Use

## Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,NatVeg,Flat 9.05

Pervious Total 9.05

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

Basin Total 9.05

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

## Mitigated Land Use

## Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,Urban,Flat 2.65

Pervious Total 2.65

Impervious Land Use acre IMPERVIOUS-FLAT 6.4

Impervious Total 6.4

Basin Total 9.05

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Vault 1 Vault 1

## Routing Elements Predeveloped Routing

## Mitigated Routing

## Vault 1

Width: 100.31848220196 ft. Length: 100.31848220196 ft.

Depth: 6 ft.

Discharge Structure

Riser Height: 5 ft. Riser Diameter: 54 in.

Notch Type: Rectangular Notch Width: 0.950 ft. Notch Height: 1.785 ft.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 2.207 in. Elevation:0 ft.

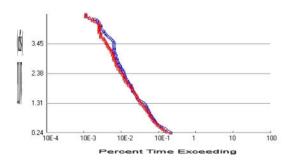
Element Flows To:

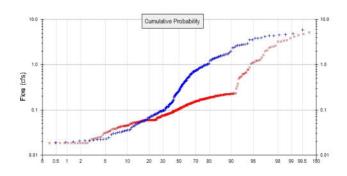
Outlet 1 Outlet 2

## Vault Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet)	Area(ac.)		Discharge(cfs)	
0.0000	0.231	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.0667	0.231	0.015	0.034	0.000
0.1333	0.231	0.030	0.048	0.000
0.2000	0.231	0.046	0.059	0.000
0.2667	0.231	0.061	0.068	0.000
0.3333	0.231	0.077	0.076	0.000
0.4000	0.231	0.092	0.083	0.000
0.4667	0.231	0.107	0.090	0.000
0.5333	0.231	0.123	0.096	0.000
0.6000	0.231	0.138	0.102	0.000
0.6667	0.231	0.154	0.107	0.000
0.7333	0.231	0.169	0.113	0.000
0.8000	0.231	0.184	0.118	0.000
0.8667	0.231	0.200	0.123	0.000
0.9333	0.231	0.215	0.127	0.000
1.0000	0.231	0.231	0.132	0.000
1.0667	0.231	0.246	0.136	0.000
1.1333	0.231	0.261	0.140	0.000
1.2000	0.231	0.277	0.144	0.000
1.2667	0.231	0.292	0.148	0.000
1.3333	0.231	0.308	0.152	0.000
1.4000	0.231	0.323	0.156	0.000
1.4667	0.231	0.338	0.160	0.000
1.5333	0.231	0.354	0.163	0.000
1.6000	0.231	0.369	0.167	0.000
1.6667	0.231	0.385	0.170	0.000
1.7333	0.231	0.400	0.174	0.000
1.8000	0.231	0.415	0.177	0.000
1.8667	0.231	0.431	0.180	0.000
1.9333	0.231	0.446	0.183	0.000
2.0000	0.231	0.462	0.186	0.000
2.0667	0.231	0.477	0.190	0.000
2.1333	0.231	0.492	0.193	0.000
2.2000	0.231	0.508	0.196	0.000
2.2667	0.231	0.523	0.199	0.000
2.3333	0.231	0.539	0.201	0.000
2.4000	0.231	0.554	0.204	0.000

## Analysis Results POC 1





+ Predeveloped

x Mitigated

Predeveloped Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area: 9.05 Total Impervious Area: 0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area: 2.65 Total Impervious Area: 6.4

Flow Frequency Method: Cunnane

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 2.37035

 5 year
 3.927603

 10 year
 4.525776

 25 year
 5.119677

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 1.216989

 5 year
 3.280514

 10 year
 4.168316

 25 year
 4.884872

## **Duration Flows**

## The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs) 0.2370	Predev 762	<b>Mit</b> 748	Percentage 98	Pass/Fail Pass
0.2804	666	586	87	Pass
0.3237	611	507	82	Pass
0.3670	541	463	85	Pass
0.4103	477	434	90	Pass
0.4536	423	387	91	Pass
0.4970	376	360	95	Pass
0.5403	334	326	97	Pass
0.5836	307	306		Pass
		306	99	Pass
0.6269	290	282	97	Pass
0.6702	278	265	95	Pass
0.7136	265	254	95	Pass
0.7569	254	242	95	Pass
0.8002	238	228	95	Pass
0.8435	227	218	96	Pass
0.8868	215	209	97	Pass
0.9302	205	201	98	Pass
0.9735	199	189	94	Pass
1.0168	191	180	94	Pass
1.0601	184	169	91	Pass
1.1034	179	163	91	Pass
1.1468	173	155	90	Pass
1.1901	168	145		Pass
			86	Pass
1.2334	159	138	86	Pass
1.2767	153	126	82	Pass
1.3201	140	116	82	Pass
1.3634	128	111	86	Pass
1.4067	109	107	98	Pass
1.4500	98	103	105	Pass
1.4933	93	99	106	Pass
1.5367	92	96	104	Pass
1.5800	87	93	106	Pass
1.6233	84	87	103	Pass
1.6666	80	84	104	Pass
1.7099	74	81	109	Pass
1.7533	72	77	106	Pass
1.7966	70	71	101	Pass
1.8399	70	70	100	Pass
1.8832	66	66	100	Pass
1.9265	66	63	95	
				Pass
1.9699	64	57	89	Pass
2.0132	58	55	94	Pass
2.0565	55	51	92	Pass
2.0998	53	47	88	Pass
2.1431	50	46	92	Pass
2.1865	47	43	91	Pass
2.2298	46	42	91	Pass
2.2731	44	42	95	Pass
2.3164	44	41	93	Pass
2.3597	42	39	92	Pass
2.4031	41	37	90	Pass
2.4464	41	34	82	Pass
2.4897	39	33	84	Pass
			<b>-</b> .	

0.5000	20	22	0.4	Door
2.5330	38	32	84	Pass
2.5763	36	29	80	Pass
2.6197	34	29	85	Pass
		23		
2.6630	33	27	81	Pass
2.7063	31	26	83	Pass
2.7496	30	26	86	Pass
		20		
2.7930	29	25	86	Pass
2.8363	27	25	92	Pass
2.8796	27	23	85	Pass
2.9229	27 27 27	20	81	
	21	22		Pass
2.9662	25	22	88	Pass
3.0096	25	22	88	Pass
3.0529	25	21	84	Pass
		21 21 21		
3.0962	24	21	87	Pass
3.1395	24	21	87	Pass
3.1828	23	19	82	Pass
3.2262	23	10	82	
		19		Pass
3.2695	23	18	78	Pass
3.3128	23	17	73	Pass
3.3561	23	16	69	Pass
		10		
3.3994	23	15	65	Pass
3.4428	23	15	65	Pass
3.4861	23	14	60	Pass
3.5294	22	14	63	Pass
3.5727	21	13	61	Pass
3.6160	19	12	63	Pass
3.6594	18	12 12	66	Pass
		12		
3.7027	16	10	62	Pass
3.7460	15	10	66	Pass
3.7893	14	10	71	Pass
3.8326	13	10	76	Pass
				rass
3.8760	12	9	75	Pass
3.9193	12	9	75	Pass
3.9626	11	9	81	Pass
				Poss
4.0059	10	9	90	Pass
4.0492	10	9	90	Pass
4.0926	10	9	90	Pass
4.1359	10	9	90	Pass
		9		
4.1792	9	9	100	Pass
4.2225	9	8	88	Pass
4.2659	8	7	87	Pass
	o			
4.3092	<u>8</u>	6	<b>75</b>	Pass
4.3525	7	6	85	Pass
4.3958	5	5	100	Pass
4.4391	4	4	100	Pass
4.4825	4	4	100	Pass
4.5258	4	4	100	Pass

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## Water Quality

## Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

## **PERLND Changes**

No PERLND changes have been made.

## **IMPLND Changes**

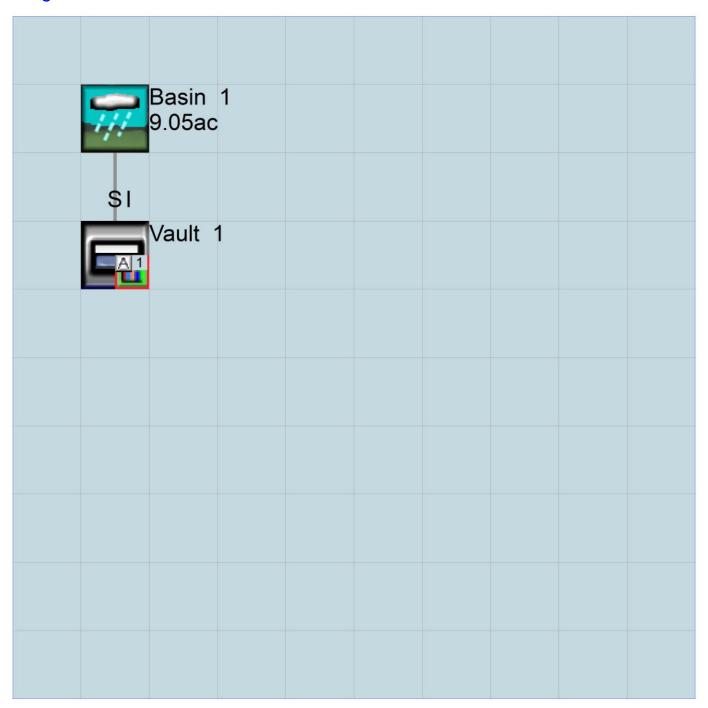
No IMPLND changes have been made.

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## Appendix Predeveloped Schematic

Basin 9.05ac	1		

## Mitigated Schematic



## Predeveloped UCI File

```
RUN
```

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
                   END 2004 09 30 3 0
 START 1964 10 01
 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                               UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
          <---->***
<-ID->
WDM
        26
          pacific north dma 1-2.wdm
MESSU
        25
          Prepacific north dma 1-2.MES
        27
           Prepacific north dma 1-2.L61
        28
           Prepacific north dma 1-2.L62
          POCpacific north dma 1-21.dat
        30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
  INGRP
          28
               INDELT 00:60
   PERLND
            501
   COPY
   DISPLY
  END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
DISPLY
 DISPLY-INFO1
  # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND
  Basin 1
                                             1 2 30 9
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
 # - # NPT NMN ***
  1 1
)1 1
           1
 501
             1
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
 # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
          K ***
 #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                        User t-series Engl Metr ***
                              in out
                        1
       D, NatVeg, Flat
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
  <PLS > ********** Print-flags ******************************* PIVL PYR
  END PRINT-INFO
```

```
PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
 END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
 END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3
 DEEPFR BASETP AGWETP 0 0.05 0.05
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 4
   28
 END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
 END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
 END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
      ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
                                             GWVS
 # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 28 0 0 0.01 0 0.4 0.01
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
           User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ***
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
  <ILS > ****** Print-flags ***** PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL *******
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
 END IWAT-PARM1
 END IWAT-PARM2
```

```
IWAT-PARM3
         IWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN
 END IWAT-PARM3
 IWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
  # - # *** RETS SURS
 END IWAT-STATE1
END IMPLND
SCHEMATIC
                  <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK ***
<-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# ***
<-Source->
<Name> #
Basin 1***
PERLND 28
                        9.05 COPY 501 12
9.05 COPY 501 13
PERLND 28
*****Routing****
END SCHEMATIC
NETWORK
<-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> ***
END NETWORK
RCHRES
 GEN-INFO
         Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer
  RCHRES
                                                        * * *
  # - #<---- Engl Metr LKFG
                               in out
                                                         * * *
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section RCHRES***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections *********************
  # - # HYFG ADFG CNFG HTFG SDFG GOFG OXFG NUFG PKFG PHFG ***
 END ACTIVITY
  <PLS > ******* Print-flags ******** PIVL PYR
   \# - \# HYDR ADCA CONS HEAT SED ar{\mathsf{GQL}} OXRX NUTR PLNK PHCB PIVL PYR ********
 END PRINT-INFO
 HYDR-PARM1
  RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
  # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***
 END HYDR-PARM1
 HYDR-PARM2
 # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
 <----><----><---->
 END HYDR-PARM2
  RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
 END HYDR-INIT
END RCHRES
```

SPEC-ACTIONS END SPEC-ACTIONS FTABLES END FTABLES

#### EXT SOURCES

<-Volume-	->	<member></member>	SsysSgar	p <mult>Tran</mult>	<-Target	vols>	<-Grp>	<-Member->	* * *
<name></name>	#	<name> #</name>	tem str	g<-factor->strg	<name></name>	# #		<name> # #</name>	* * *
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	PERLND	1 999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1 999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	PERLND	1 999	EXTNL	PETINP	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1 999	EXTNL	PETINP	

END EXT SOURCES

#### EXT TARGETS

<-Volum	ne->	<-Grp>	<-Membe	er-	-><-	Mult>Tran	<-Volum	ne->	<member></member>	Tsys	Tgap	Amd ***
<name></name>	#		<name></name>	#	#<-	-factor->strg	<name></name>	#	<name></name>	tem	strg	strg***
COPY	501	OUTPUT	MEAN	1	1	12.1	WDM	501	FLOW	ENGL		REPL
END EXT	r tar	RGETS										

#### MASS-LINK

<volume></volume>	<-Grp>	<-Member->< <name> # #&lt;</name>		<target> <name></name></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->*** <name> # #***</name>
			<-Iactor->	\Name>		Name/ # #
MASS-LIN	K.	12				
PERLND	PWATER	SURO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
END MASS	-LINK	12				
MASS-LIN	K	13				
PERLND	PWATER	IFWO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
END MASS	-LINK	13				

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

#### Mitigated UCI File

RUN

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
 START 1964 10 01 END 2004 09 30 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL 3 0
 START 1964 10 01
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                                   UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
           <---->***
<-ID->
WDM
         26
           pacific north dma 1-2.wdm
MESSU
         25
           Mitpacific north dma 1-2.MES
         27
             Mitpacific north dma 1-2.L61
             Mitpacific north dma 1-2.L62
         28
           POCpacific north dma 1-21.dat
         30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
   INGRP
                  INDELT 00:60
             46
    PERLND
             1
    IMPLND
              1
    RCHRES
    COPY
COPY
DISPLY
               1
             501
              1
   END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
  # - #<-----Title----->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND 1 Vault 1 MAX 1 2 30 9
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
  # - # NPT NMN ***
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
  # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
           K ***
 # #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                           User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                           in out
1 1 1 1 27
  46
       D,Urban,Flat
                                         27 0
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ***
46 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ********
```

```
0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
  <PLS >
 END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3

«AT-PARMS

<PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP
46 0 0 2
                                  INFILD DEEPFR
                                                BASETP AGWETP 0.05 0.05
                                         0
                                 2
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
  # - # JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC ***
46  0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.6
 END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
         ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
  # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 46 0 0 0.15 0 1 0.05
                                                          GWVS
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
                      User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                     in out ***
1 1 1 27 0
       IMPERVIOUS-FLAT
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections *********************
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL
1 0 0 1 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ********
1 0 0 4 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
   # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
1 0 0 0 0 1
```

HYDR-PARM1

PRINT-INFO

```
RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
      # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***

1 0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 2 2
   END HYDR-PARM1
   HYDR-PARM2
    # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
                                                                                                                           * * *
   <----><----><---->
    1
              1 0.02 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0
   END HYDR-PARM2
   HYDR-INIT
     RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
      # - # *** VOL Initial value of COLIND Initial value of OUTDGT *** ac-ft for each possible exit for each possible exit
              <---->
   END HYDR-INIT
END RCHRES
SPEC-ACTIONS
END SPEC-ACTIONS
FTABLES
   FTABLE
    92 4
  Depth Area Volume Outflow1 Velocity Travel Time***
(ft) (acres) (acre-ft) (cfs) (ft/sec) (Minutes)***

0.000000 0.231033 0.000000 0.000000

0.066667 0.231033 0.015402 0.034129

0.133333 0.231033 0.030804 0.048265
   0.200000 0.231033 0.046207 0.059112
   0.266667 0.231033 0.061609 0.068257
   0.333333 0.231033 0.077011 0.076314
   0.400000 0.231033 0.092413 0.083598

      0.466667
      0.231033
      0.107815
      0.090296

      0.533333
      0.231033
      0.123218
      0.096530

      0.600000
      0.231033
      0.138620
      0.102386

      0.666667
      0.231033
      0.154022
      0.107924

      0.733333
      0.231033
      0.169424
      0.113192

      0.800000
      0.231033
      0.184826
      0.118225

   1.000000 0.231033 0.231033 0.132179
  1.066667 0.231033 0.246435 0.136514
1.133333 0.231033 0.261837 0.140716
1.200000 0.231033 0.277240 0.144795
1.266667 0.231033 0.292642 0.148763
1.333333 0.231033 0.308044 0.152627
   1.400000 0.231033 0.323446 0.156397
   1.466667 0.231033 0.338848 0.160077
   1.533333 0.231033 0.354251 0.163675
   1.600000 0.231033 0.369653 0.167195
  1.666667 0.231033 0.385055 0.170643
1.733333 0.231033 0.400457 0.174022
1.800000 0.231033 0.415859 0.177337
1.866667 0.231033 0.431262 0.180591
1.933333 0.231033 0.446664 0.183788
2.000000 0.231033 0.462066 0.186930
   2.200000 0.231033 0.508273 0.196054
   2.266667 0.231033 0.523675 0.199002
   2.333333 0.231033 0.539077 0.201907

      2.400000
      0.231033
      0.554479
      0.204771

      2.466667
      0.231033
      0.569881
      0.207596

      2.533333
      0.231033
      0.585284
      0.210382

      2.600000
      0.231033
      0.600686
      0.213133

   2.666667 0.231033 0.616088 0.215848
   2.733333 0.231033 0.631490 0.218529
```

```
2.800000
            0.231033
                       0.646892
                                  0.221178
            0.231033
  2.866667
                       0.662295
                                  0.223796
  2.933333
            0.231033
                       0.677697
                                  0.226383
  3.000000
            0.231033
                       0.693099
                                  0.228941
                       0.708501
  3.066667
            0.231033
                                  0.231471
  3.133333
            0.231033
                       0.723903
                                  0.233974
                                  0.236449
  3.200000
            0.231033
                       0.739306
            0.231033
                       0.754708
  3.266667
                                  0.275814
  3.333333
             0.231033
                       0.770110
                                  0.369739
  3.400000
             0.231033
                       0.785512
                                  0.495000
  3.466667
             0.231033
                       0.800914
                                  0.644977
  3.533333
             0.231033
                       0.816317
                                  0.816055
  3.600000
             0.231033
                       0.831719
                                  1.005858
  3.666667
             0.231033
                       0.847121
                                  1.212673
  3.733333
             0.231033
                       0.862523
                                  1.435182
  3.800000
             0.231033
                       0.877925
                                  1.672336
  3.866667
             0.231033
                       0.893328
                                  1.923271
  3.933333
             0.231033
                       0.908730
                                  2.187260
                       0.924132
  4.000000
             0.231033
                                  2.463681
                                  2.751992
  4.066667
             0.231033
                       0.939534
  4.133333
             0.231033
                       0.954936
                                  3.051718
  4.200000
                       0.970339
            0.231033
                                  3.362435
  4.266667
            0.231033
                       0.985741
                                  3.683764
            0.231033
  4.333333
                       1.001143
                                  4.015363
  4.400000
            0.231033
                       1.016545
                                  4.356921
  4.466667
            0.231033
                       1.031947
                                  4.708152
  4.533333
            0.231033
                       1.047350
                                  5.068795
  4.600000
            0.231033
                       1.062752
                                  5.438610
             0.231033
                       1.078154
                                  5.817372
  4.666667
  4.733333
             0.231033
                       1.093556
                                  6.204874
  4.800000
             0.231033
                       1.108958
                                  6.600920
             0.231033
  4.866667
                       1.124361
                                  7.005331
  4.933333
             0.231033
                       1.139763
                                  7.417934
  5.000000
             0.231033
                       1.155165
                                  7.838569
  5.066667
             0.231033
                       1.170567
                                  8.662621
  5.133333
            0.231033
                       1.185969
                                  10.16626
  5.200000
             0.231033
                       1.201372
                                  12.11091
  5.266667
             0.231033
                       1.216774
                                  14.41003
  5.333333
             0.231033
                       1.232176
                                  17.01124
  5.400000
            0.231033
                                  19.87611
                       1.247578
  5.466667
            0.231033
                       1.262980
                                  22.97286
  5.533333
            0.231033
                       1.278383
                                  26.27294
                       1.293785
  5.600000
             0.231033
                                  29.74923
  5.666667
            0.231033
                       1.309187
                                  33.37510
                                  37.12387
  5.733333
            0.231033
                       1.324589
  5.800000
            0.231033
                       1.339991
                                  40.96847
  5.866667
            0.231033
                       1.355394
                                  44.88144
             0.231033
                       1.370796
                                  48.83493
  5.933333
  6.000000
             0.231033
                       1.386198
                                  52.80081
                       1.401600
  6.066667
            0.231033
                                  56.75091
  END FTABLE
              1
END FTABLES
EXT SOURCES
<-Volume-> <Member> SsysSgap<--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member->
                                                                                   * * *
<Name>
         # <Name> # tem strg<-factor->strg <Name>
                                                       # #
                                                                      <Name> # #
         2 PREC
                                                        1 999 EXTNL
WDM
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              PERLND
                                                                     PREC
                                                        1 999 EXTNL
WDM
         2 PREC
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              IMPLND
                                                                     PREC
                                                       1 999 EXTNL
WDM
                                                                     PETINP
         1 EVAP
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              PERLND
                              1
                                                       1
                                                          999 EXTNL
WDM
         1 EVAP
                     ENGL
                                              IMPLND
                                                                     PETINP
                              0.7
WDM
        22 IRRG
                     ENGL
                                         SAME PERLND
                                                      46
                                                              EXTNL
                                                                     SURLI
END EXT SOURCES
EXT TARGETS
<-Volume-> <-Grp>
                  <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Volume-> <Member> Tsys Tgap Amd ***
<Name>
                   <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name>
                                                       # <Name>
                                                                    tem strg strg***
RCHRES
         1 HYDR
                   RO
                           1 1
                                      1
                                              WDM
                                                    1000 FLOW
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
         1 HYDR
                           1 1
                                      1
                                                    1001 STAG
RCHRES
                   STAGE
                                              WDM
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
COPY
         1 OUTPUT MEAN
                           1 1
                                   12.1
                                              WDM
                                                      701 FLOW
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
```

COPY 501 OUTPUT END EXT TARGETS	MEAN 1 1	12.1	WDM 801	FLOW EI	NGL REPL
MASS-LINK <volume> &lt;-Grp&gt; <name> MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK</name></volume>	<name> # # 2</name>		<target> <name> RCHRES</name></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->*** <name> # #*** IVOL</name>
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	3 IFWO 3	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	5 SURO 5	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	12 SURO 12	0.083333	СОРҮ	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	13 IFWO 13	0.083333	СОРҮ	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	15 SURO 15	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK RCHRES ROFLOW END MASS-LINK	16 16		COPY	INPUT	MEAN

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

## Predeveloped HSPF Message File

## Mitigated HSPF Message File

### Disclaimer

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## DMA 3, BMP#6A

## SDHM 3.1 PROJECT REPORT

## General Model Information

Project Name: pacific north dma 3
Site Name: Pacific North DMA 3

Site Address:

City:

 Report Date:
 3/20/2024

 Gage:
 ESCONDID

 Data Start:
 10/01/1964

 Data End:
 09/30/2004

Timestep: Hourly Precip Scale: 1.000

Version Date: 2020/04/07

#### **POC Thresholds**

Low Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Year

## Landuse Basin Data Predeveloped Land Use

#### Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,NatVeg,Flat 2.5

Pervious Total 2.5

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

Basin Total 2.5

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

### Mitigated Land Use

#### Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,Urban,Flat 0.625

Pervious Total 0.625

Impervious Land Use acre IMPERVIOUS-FLAT 1.875

Impervious Total 1.875

Basin Total 2.5

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Vault 1 Vault 1

# Routing Elements Predeveloped Routing

#### Mitigated Routing

#### Vault 1

Width: 55.8052903779682 ft. Length: 55.8052903779682 ft.

Depth: 6 ft.

Discharge Structure

Riser Height: 5 ft. Riser Diameter: 54 in.

Notch Type: Rectangular Notch Width: 0.270 ft. Notch Height: 1.477 ft.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 1.133 in. Elevation:0 ft.

Element Flows To:

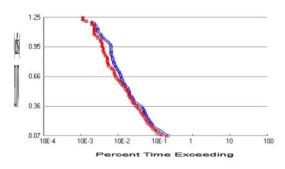
Outlet 1 Outlet 2

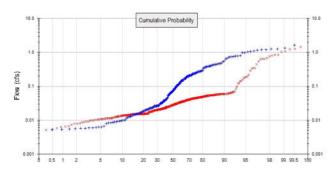
#### Vault Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet)	Area(ac.)	Volume(ac-ft.)		
0.0000	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.0667	0.071	0.004	0.009	0.000
0.1333	0.071	0.009	0.012	0.000
0.2000	0.071	0.014	0.015	0.000
0.2667	0.071	0.019	0.018	0.000
0.3333	0.071	0.023	0.020	0.000
0.4000	0.071	0.028	0.022	0.000
0.4667	0.071	0.033	0.023	0.000
0.5333	0.071	0.038	0.025	0.000
0.6000	0.071	0.042	0.027	0.000
0.6667	0.071	0.047	0.028	0.000
0.7333	0.071	0.052	0.029	0.000
0.8000	0.071	0.057	0.031	0.000
0.8667	0.071	0.062	0.032	0.000
0.9333	0.071	0.066	0.033	0.000
1.0000	0.071	0.071	0.034	0.000
1.0667	0.071	0.076	0.036	0.000
1.1333	0.071	0.081	0.037	0.000
1.2000	0.071	0.085	0.038	0.000
1.2667	0.071	0.090	0.039	0.000
1.3333	0.071	0.095	0.040	0.000
1.4000	0.071	0.100	0.041	0.000
1.4667	0.071	0.104	0.042	0.000
1.5333	0.071	0.109	0.043	0.000
1.6000	0.071	0.114	0.044	0.000
1.6667	0.071	0.119	0.045	0.000
1.7333	0.071	0.123	0.045	0.000
1.8000	0.071	0.128	0.046	0.000
1.8667	0.071	0.133	0.047	0.000
1.9333	0.071	0.138	0.048	0.000
2.0000	0.071	0.143	0.049	0.000
2.0667	0.071	0.147	0.050	0.000
2.1333	0.071	0.152	0.050	0.000
2.2000	0.071	0.157	0.051	0.000
2.2667	0.071	0.162	0.052	0.000
2.3333	0.071	0.166	0.053	0.000
2.4000	0.071	0.171	0.054	0.000

2.4667	0.071	0.176	0.054	0.000
2.5333	0.071	0.181	0.055	0.000
2.6000	0.071	0.185	0.056	0.000
2.6667	0.071	0.190	0.056	0.000
2.7333	0.071	0.195	0.057	0.000
2.8000	0.071	0.200	0.058	0.000
2.8667	0.071	0.204	0.059	0.000
2.9333	0.071	0.209	0.059	0.000
3.0000	0.071	0.214	0.060	0.000
3.0667	0.071	0.219	0.061	0.000
3.1333	0.071	0.224	0.061	0.000
3.2000	0.071	0.228	0.062	0.000
3.2667	0.071	0.233	0.063	0.000
3.3333	0.071	0.238	0.063	0.000
3.4000	0.071	0.243	0.064	0.000
3.4667	0.071	0.247	0.064	0.000
3.5333	0.071	0.252	0.066	0.000
3.6000	0.071	0.257	0.085	0.000
3.6667	0.071	0.262	0.114	0.000
3.7333	0.071	0.266	0.150	0.000
3.8000	0.071	0.271	0.191	0.000
3.8667	0.071	0.276	0.237	0.000
3.9333	0.071	0.281	0.286	0.000
4.0000	0.071	0.286	0.337	0.000
4.0667	0.071	0.290	0.391	0.000
4.1333	0.071	0.295	0.447	0.000
4.2000	0.071	0.300	0.504	0.000
4.2667	0.071	0.305	0.562	0.000
4.3333	0.071	0.309	0.622	0.000
4.4000	0.071	0.314	0.681	0.000
4.4667	0.071	0.319	0.742	0.000
4.5333	0.071	0.324	0.804	0.000
4.6000	0.071	0.328	0.878	0.000
4.6667	0.071	0.333	0.954	0.000
4.7333	0.071	0.338	1.033	0.000
4.8000	0.071	0.343	1.114	0.000
4.8667 4.9333 5.0000 5.0667 5.1333	0.071 0.071 0.071 0.071 0.071	0.347 0.352 0.357 0.362 0.367	1.114 1.197 1.667 1.782 2.604 4.107	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
5.2000	0.071	0.371	6.050	0.000
5.2667	0.071	0.376	8.348	0.000
5.3333	0.071	0.381	10.94	0.000
5.4000	0.071	0.386	13.81	0.000
5.4667	0.071	0.390	16.90	0.000
5.5333	0.071	0.395	20.20	0.000
5.6000	0.071	0.400	23.68	0.000
5.6667	0.071	0.405	27.30	0.000
5.7333	0.071	0.409	31.05	0.000
5.8000	0.071	0.414	34.89	0.000
5.8667	0.071	0.419	38.80	0.000
5.9333	0.071	0.424	42.75	0.000
6.0000	0.071	0.429	46.72	0.000
6.0667	0.071	0.433	50.67	0.000
6.1333	0.000	0.000	54.57	0.000

## Analysis Results POC 1





+ Predeveloped

x Mitigated

Predeveloped Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area: 2.5
Total Impervious Area: 0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1 Total Pervious Area: 0.625 Total Impervious Area: 1.875

Flow Frequency Method: Cunnane

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.654793

 5 year
 1.084973

 10 year
 1.250214

 25 year
 1.414275

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.207756

 5 year
 0.792899

 10 year
 1.071505

 25 year
 1.318797

### **Duration Flows**

## The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs)	Predev	Mit	Percentage	Pass/Fail
0.0655	764	680	89	Pass
0.0774	669	514	76	Pass
0.0894	611	452	73	Pass
0.1014	542	406	74	Pass
0.1133	478	373	7 <del>3</del>	Pass
0.1253	425	345	81	Pass
0.1373	376	321	85	Pass
0.1492	335	295	88	Pass
0.1612	307	276	89	Pass
0.1732	290	257	88	Pass
0.1851	278	237	85	Pass
0.1971	265	224	84	Pass
0.2091	254	209	82	Pass
0.2211	238	203	85	Pass
0.2330	227	195	85	Pass
0.2450	217	188	86	Pass
0.2570	205	178	86	Pass
0.2689	200	170	85	Pass
0.2809	191	161	84	Pass
0.2929	184	155	84	Pass
0.3048	179	146	81	Pass
0.3168	173	142	82	Pass
0.3288	168	133	79	Pass
0.3407	160	123	79 76	
0.3527	153	116	76 75	Pass
0.3647	141		73 77	Pass
0.3766	129	109 100	77 77	Pass Pass
0.3886	109	93	85	Pass
0.4006	98	89	90	Pass
0.4125	93	87	93	Pass
0.4245	92	83	90	Pass
0.4365	92 87	79	90	Pass
0.4484	84	74	88	Pass
0.4604	80	72 72	90	Pass
0.4724	74	70	94	Pass
0.4843	72 72	69	95	Pass
0.4963	72 70	67	95 95	Pass
0.5083	70 70	64	91	Pass
0.5202	67	61	91	Pass
0.5322	66	59	89	Pass
0.5442	64	54	84	Pass
0.5561	58	54	93	Pass
0.5681	55	48	87	Pass
0.5801	53	45	84	Pass
0.5920	50	42	84	Pass
0.6040	47	40	85	Pass
0.6160	46	38	82	Pass
0.6279	44	36	81	Pass
0.6399	44	34	77	Pass
0.6519	42	31	73	Pass
0.6638	41	30	73	Pass
0.6758	41	30	73 73	Pass
0.6878	39	28	73 71	Pass
0.0070	00	20	<i>i</i> 1	1 033

0.6997       38         0.7117       37         0.7237       34         0.7356       33         0.7476       31         0.7596       30         0.7715       29         0.7835       27         0.7955       27         0.8074       27         0.8194       25         0.8433       25         0.8553       24         0.8673       24         0.8792       23         0.9032       23         0.9151       23         0.9271       23         0.9391       23         0.9510       23         0.9630       23         0.9750       22         0.9869       21         0.9989       19         1.0109       18         1.0228       16         1.0348       15         1.0468       14         1.0587       13         1.0707       12         1.0827       12         1.0946       11         1.1066       10         1.1425       10         1.1545 <th>28 27 24 21 19 18 18 18 16 16 15 14 14 14 13 13 13 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</th> <th>73 75 79 72 77 70 65 70 66 72 72 75 66 69 65 60 60 60 60 60 60 56 75 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 100 100 100 100 10</th> <th>Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass</th>	28 27 24 21 19 18 18 18 16 16 15 14 14 14 13 13 13 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	73 75 79 72 77 70 65 70 66 72 72 75 66 69 65 60 60 60 60 60 60 56 75 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 100 100 100 100 10	Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass
--	--	--	---

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## Water Quality

## Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

### PERLND Changes

No PERLND changes have been made.

## **IMPLND Changes**

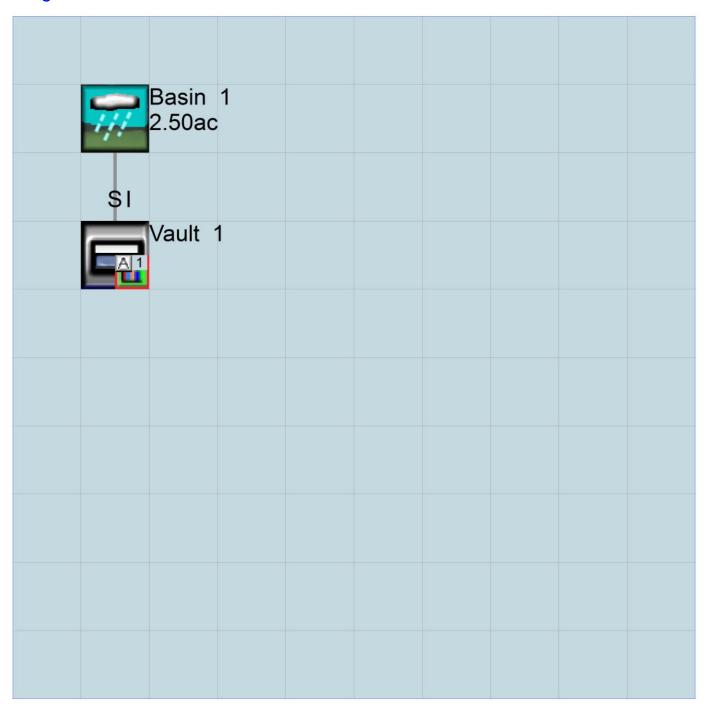
No IMPLND changes have been made.

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# Appendix Predeveloped Schematic

Basin 2.50ac	1		

## Mitigated Schematic



#### Predeveloped UCI File

```
RUN
```

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
 START 1964 10 01
                 END 2004 09 30 3 0
 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                            UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
         <---->***
<-ID->
WDM
       26
         pacific north dma 3.wdm
MESSU
       25
         Prepacific north dma 3.MES
       27
          Prepacific north dma 3.L61
       28
          Prepacific north dma 3.L62
         POCpacific north dma 31.dat
       30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
  INGRP
          28
              INDELT 00:60
   PERLND
           501
   COPY
   DISPLY
  END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
DISPLY
 DISPLY-INFO1
  # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND
  Basin 1
                                          1 2 30
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
 # - # NPT NMN ***
  1 1
)1 1
           1
 501
            1
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
 # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
         K ***
 #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                      User t-series Engl Metr ***
                           in out
                      1
      D, NatVeg, Flat
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
  END PRINT-INFO
```

```
PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
 END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
 END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3
 DEEPFR BASETP AGWETP 0 0.05 0.05
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 4
   28
 END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
 END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
 <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
 END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
 <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
      ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
                                             GWVS
 # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 28 0 0 0.01 0 0.4 0.01
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
           User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ***
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
  <ILS > ****** Print-flags ***** PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL *******
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
 END IWAT-PARM1
 END IWAT-PARM2
```

```
IWAT-PARM3
         IWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN
 END IWAT-PARM3
 IWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
  # - # *** RETS SURS
 END IWAT-STATE1
END IMPLND
SCHEMATIC
                   <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK ***
<-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# ***
<-Source->
<Name> #
Basin 1***
PERLND 28
                          2.5 COPY 501 12
2.5 COPY 501 13
PERLND 28
*****Routing****
END SCHEMATIC
NETWORK
<-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> ***
END NETWORK
RCHRES
 GEN-INFO
         Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer
  RCHRES
                                                         * * *
  # - #<----- User T-series Engl Metr LKFG
                                in out
                                                         * * *
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section RCHRES***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections ********************
  # - # HYFG ADFG CNFG HTFG SDFG GOFG OXFG NUFG PKFG PHFG ***
 END ACTIVITY
  <PLS > ******* Print-flags ******** PIVL PYR
   \# - \# HYDR ADCA CONS HEAT SED ar{\mathsf{GQL}} OXRX NUTR PLNK PHCB PIVL PYR ********
 END PRINT-INFO
 HYDR-PARM1
   RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
   # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***
 END HYDR-PARM1
 HYDR-PARM2
 # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
 <----><----><---->
 END HYDR-PARM2
  RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
 END HYDR-INIT
END RCHRES
```

SPEC-ACTIONS END SPEC-ACTIONS FTABLES END FTABLES

#### EXT SOURCES

<-Volume-	->	<member></member>	SsysSgaj	p <mult>Tran</mult>	<-Target	V	ols>	<-Grp>	<-Member->	* * *
<name></name>	#	<name> #</name>	tem str	g<-factor->strg	<name></name>	#	#		<name> # #</name>	* * *
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	PERLND	1	999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1	999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	PERLND	1	999	EXTNL	PETINP	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1	999	EXTNL	PETINP	

END EXT SOURCES

#### EXT TARGETS

<-Volume	-> <-Grp>	<-Membe	er-	> <mult< th=""><th>&gt;Tran</th><th>&lt;-Volum</th><th>ne-&gt;</th><th><member></member></th><th>Tsys</th><th>Tgap</th><th>Amd</th><th>* * *</th></mult<>	>Tran	<-Volum	ne->	<member></member>	Tsys	Tgap	Amd	* * *
<name></name>	#	<name></name>	#	#<-facto	r->strg	<name></name>	#	<name></name>	tem	strg	strg	***
COPY 5	01 OUTPUT	MEAN	1	1 12	.1	WDM	501	FLOW	ENGL		REPL	ı
END EXT '	TARGETS											

#### MASS-LINK

<volume></volume>	<-Grp>	<-Member->	<mult></mult>	<target></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->**
<name></name>		<name> # #</name>	<-factor->	<name></name>		<name> # #***</name>
MASS-LINE	X.	12				
PERLND	PWATER	SURO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
END MASS-	-LINK	12				
MASS-LIN	Χ	13				
PERLND	PWATER	IFWO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
END MASS-	-LINK	13				

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

#### Mitigated UCI File

RUN

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
 START 1964 10 01 END 2004 09 30 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL 3 0
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                                   UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
           <---->***
<-ID->
WDM
         26
           pacific north dma 3.wdm
MESSU
         25
           Mitpacific north dma 3.MES
         27
            Mitpacific north dma 3.L61
         28
            Mitpacific north dma 3.L62
           POCpacific north dma 31.dat
         30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
   INGRP
                  INDELT 00:60
             46
    PERLND
             1
    IMPLND
              1
    RCHRES
    COPY
COPY
DISPLY
               1
             501
              1
   END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
  # - #<-----Title----->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND 1 Vault 1 MAX 1 2 30 9
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
  # - # NPT NMN ***
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
  # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
           K ***
 # #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                           User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                           in out
1 1 1 1 27
  46
       D,Urban,Flat
                                         27 0
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ***
46 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ********
```

```
0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
  <PLS >
 END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP
46 0 0 2
                                                BASETP AGWETP 0.05 0.05
                                  INFILD DEEPFR
                                         0
                                 2
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
  # - # JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC ***
46  0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.6
 END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
        ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
  # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 46 0 0 0.15 0 1 0.05
                                                          GWVS
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
                      User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                     in out ***
1 1 1 27 0
       IMPERVIOUS-FLAT
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections *********************
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL
1 0 0 1 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ********
1 0 0 4 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
   # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
1 0 0 0 0 1
```

```
RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
         # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***

1 0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 2 2
     END HYDR-PARM1
    HYDR-PARM2
      # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
                                                                                                                                                                                                       * * *
     <----><----><---->
       1
                       1 0.01 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0
     END HYDR-PARM2
    HYDR-INIT
         RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
          # - # *** VOL Initial value of COLIND Initial value of OUTDGT *** ac-ft for each possible exit for each possible exit
                     *** ac-ft for each possible exit for each pos
     <---->
    END HYDR-INIT
END RCHRES
SPEC-ACTIONS
END SPEC-ACTIONS
FTABLES
    FTABLE
       92 4
    Depth Area Volume Outflow1 Velocity Travel Time***
(ft) (acres) (acre-ft) (cfs) (ft/sec) (Minutes)***

0.000000 0.071493 0.000000 0.000000

0.066667 0.071493 0.004766 0.008994

0.133333 0.071493 0.009532 0.012720
     0.200000 0.071493 0.014299 0.015579
     0.266667 0.071493 0.019065 0.017989
     0.333333 0.071493 0.023831 0.020112
     0.400000 0.071493 0.028597 0.022032

      0.466667
      0.071493
      0.023397
      0.022032

      0.466667
      0.071493
      0.033363
      0.023797

      0.533333
      0.071493
      0.038130
      0.025440

      0.600000
      0.071493
      0.042896
      0.026983

      0.666667
      0.071493
      0.047662
      0.028443

      0.7333333
      0.071493
      0.052428
      0.029831

     0.800000 0.071493 0.057194 0.031158
    0.866667 0.071493 0.061961 0.032430
0.933333 0.071493 0.066727 0.033654
    1.000000 0.071493 0.071493 0.034835
    1.066667 0.071493 0.076259 0.035978
    1.400000 0.071493 0.100090 0.041218
    1.466667 0.071493 0.104856 0.042188
    1.533333 0.071493 0.109622 0.043136
    1.600000 0.071493 0.114389 0.044063
    1.666667 0.071493 0.119155 0.044972

      1.733333
      0.071493
      0.123921
      0.045863

      1.800000
      0.071493
      0.128687
      0.046736

      1.866667
      0.071493
      0.133453
      0.047594

      1.933333
      0.071493
      0.138220
      0.048436

      2.000000
      0.071493
      0.142986
      0.049264

     2.066667 0.071493 0.147752 0.050079
     2.133333 0.071493 0.152518 0.050880
     2.200000 0.071493 0.157284 0.051669
     2.266667 0.071493 0.162051 0.052446
     2.333333 0.071493 0.166817 0.053212
    2.600000 0.071493 0.185882 0.056170
     2.666667 0.071493 0.190648 0.056886
     2.733333 0.071493 0.195414 0.057592
```

```
2.800000
            0.071493
                       0.200180
                                  0.058290
                                  0.058980
            0.071493
  2.866667
                       0.204946
  2.933333
            0.071493
                       0.209712
                                  0.059662
  3.000000
            0.071493
                       0.214479
                                  0.060336
            0.071493
                       0.219245
  3.066667
                                  0.061003
  3.133333
            0.071493
                       0.224011
                                  0.061663
            0.071493
                                  0.062315
  3.200000
                       0.228777
            0.071493
  3.266667
                       0.233543
                                  0.062961
  3.333333
            0.071493
                       0.238310
                                  0.063600
  3.400000
            0.071493
                       0.243076
                                  0.064233
  3.466667
            0.071493
                       0.247842
                                  0.064860
            0.071493
  3.533333
                       0.252608
                                  0.066411
  3.600000
            0.071493
                       0.257374
                                  0.084978
            0.071493
  3.666667
                       0.262141
                                  0.114215
  3.733333
            0.071493
                       0.266907
                                  0.150339
            0.071493
                       0.271673
  3.800000
                                  0.191665
  3.866667
            0.071493
                       0.276439
                                  0.237127
  3.933333
            0.071493
                       0.281205
                                  0.285954
            0.071493
  4.000000
                       0.285972
                                  0.337544
  4.066667
            0.071493
                       0.290738
                                  0.391406
            0.071493
  4.133333
                       0.295504
                                  0.447123
  4.200000
            0.071493
                       0.300270
                                  0.504333
  4.266667
            0.071493
                       0.305036
                                  0.562719
            0.071493
                       0.309803
  4.333333
                                  0.621994
  4.400000
            0.071493
                       0.314569
                                  0.681899
            0.071493
  4.466667
                       0.319335
                                  0.742194
  4.533333
            0.071493
                       0.324101
                                  0.804532
            0.071493
  4.600000
                       0.328867
                                  0.878551
            0.071493
                       0.333634
                                  0.954876
  4.666667
  4.733333
            0.071493
                       0.338400
                                  1.033441
            0.071493
  4.800000
                       0.343166
                                  1.114181
            0.071493
                       0.347932
  4.866667
                                  1.197040
  4.933333
            0.071493
                       0.352698
                                  1.667714
  5.000000
            0.071493
                       0.357464
                                  1.782328
            0.071493
  5.066667
                       0.362231
                                  2.604934
  5.133333
            0.071493
                       0.366997
                                  4.107135
  5.200000
            0.071493
                       0.371763
                                  6.050360
            0.071493
                       0.376529
  5.266667
                                  8.348061
  5.333333
            0.071493
                       0.381295
                                  10.94786
  5.400000
                       0.386062
            0.071493
                                  13.81133
            0.071493
  5.466667
                       0.390828
                                  16.90669
  5.533333
            0.071493
                       0.395594
                                  20.20538
  5.600000
            0.071493
                       0.400360
                                  23.68030
  5.666667
            0.071493
                       0.405126
                                  27.30481
            0.071493
                       0.409893
  5.733333
                                  31.05221
  5.800000
            0.071493
                       0.414659
                                  34.89546
  5.866667
            0.071493
                       0.419425
                                  38.80709
            0.071493
                       0.424191
                                  42.75924
  5.933333
            0.071493
                       0.428957
                                  46.72379
  6.000000
                       0.433724
  6.066667
            0.071493
                                  50.67257
  END FTABLE
              1
END FTABLES
EXT SOURCES
<-Volume-> <Member> SsysSgap<--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member->
                                                                                  * * *
<Name>
         # <Name> # tem strg<-factor->strg <Name>
                                                       # #
                                                                     <Name> # #
         2 PREC
                                                       1 999 EXTNL
WDM
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              PERLND
                                                                     PREC
                                                       1 999 EXTNL
WDM
         2 PREC
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              IMPLND
                                                                     PREC
                                                       1 999 EXTNL
WDM
                                                                     PETINP
         1 EVAP
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              PERLND
                                                       1
                                                         999 EXTNL
WDM
         1 EVAP
                     ENGL
                              1
                                              IMPLND
                                                                     PETINP
                              0.7
WDM
        22 IRRG
                     ENGL
                                        SAME PERLND
                                                      46
                                                              EXTNL
                                                                     SURLI
END EXT SOURCES
EXT TARGETS
<-Volume-> <-Grp>
                  <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Volume-> <Member> Tsys Tgap Amd ***
<Name>
                   <Name> # #<-factor->strg <Name>
                                                       # <Name>
                                                                    tem strg strg***
RCHRES
         1 HYDR
                   RO
                          1 1
                                      1
                                              WDM
                                                    1000 FLOW
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
         1 HYDR
                          1 1
                                      1
                                                    1001 STAG
RCHRES
                   STAGE
                                              WDM
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
COPY
         1 OUTPUT MEAN
                          1 1
                                   12.1
                                              WDM
                                                     701 FLOW
                                                                   ENGL
                                                                              REPL
```

COPY 501 OUTPUT END EXT TARGETS	MEAN 1 1	12.1	WDM 801	FLOW E	NGL REPL
MASS-LINK <volume> &lt;-Grp&gt; <name> MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK</name></volume>	<name> # # 2</name>		<target> <name> RCHRES</name></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member->*** <name> # #*** IVOL</name>
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	3 IFWO 3	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	5 SURO 5	0.083333	RCHRES	INFLOW	IVOL
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	12 SURO 12	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK PERLND PWATER END MASS-LINK	13 IFWO 13	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK IMPLND IWATER END MASS-LINK	15 SURO 15	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN
MASS-LINK RCHRES ROFLOW END MASS-LINK	16 16		СОРУ	INPUT	MEAN

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

## Predeveloped HSPF Message File

## Mitigated HSPF Message File

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pacific north dma 3 3/20/2024 12:29:11 PM Page 27

# DMA 4, BMP#7 SDHM 3.1 PROJECT REPORT

# General Model Information

Project Name: L300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021

Site Name: Pacific

Site Address:

City:

Report Date: 8/16/2022
Gage: ESCONDID
Data Start: 10/01/1964
Data End: 09/30/2004
Timesten: Hourly

Timestep: Hourly Precip Scale: 1.000

Version Date: 2020/04/07

#### **POC Thresholds**

Low Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Percent of the 2 Year

High Flow Threshold for POC1: 10 Year

# Landuse Basin Data Predeveloped Land Use

#### Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,NatVeg,Flat 1.8

Pervious Total 1.8

Impervious Land Use acre

Impervious Total 0

Basin Total 1.8

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

## Mitigated Land Use

#### Basin 1

Bypass: No

GroundWater: No

Pervious Land Use acre D,Urban,Flat 0.4

Pervious Total 0.4

Impervious Land Use acre IMPERVIOUS-FLAT 1.4

Impervious Total 1.4

Basin Total 1.8

Element Flows To:

Surface Interflow Groundwater

Vault 1 Vault 1

# Routing Elements Predeveloped Routing

### Mitigated Routing

#### Vault 1

Width: 47.8962009473671 ft. Length: 47.8962009473671 ft.

Depth: 6 ft.

Discharge Structure

Riser Height: 5 ft. Riser Diameter: 54 in.

Notch Type: Rectangular Notch Width: 0.200 ft. Notch Height: 1.626 ft.

Orifice 1 Diameter: 0.971 in. Elevation:0 ft.

Element Flows To:

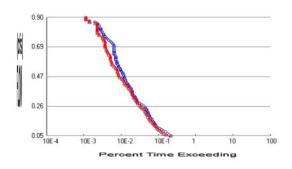
Outlet 1 Outlet 2

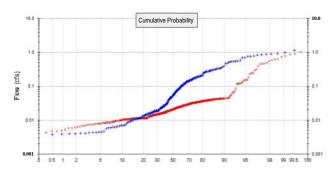
#### Vault Hydraulic Table

Stage(feet)	Area(ac.)	Volume(ac-ft.)	Discharge(cfs)	
0.0000 0.0667	0.052 0.052	0.000 0.003	0.000 0.006	0.000 0.000
0.1333	0.052	0.003	0.000	0.000
0.2000	0.052	0.010	0.003	0.000
0.2667	0.052	0.014	0.013	0.000
0.3333	0.052	0.017	0.014	0.000
0.4000	0.052	0.021	0.016	0.000
0.4667	0.052	0.024	0.017	0.000
0.5333	0.052	0.028	0.018	0.000
0.6000	0.052	0.031	0.019	0.000
0.6667	0.052	0.035	0.020	0.000
0.7333	0.052	0.038	0.021	0.000
0.8000	0.052	0.042	0.022	0.000
0.8667	0.052	0.045	0.023	0.000
0.9333 1.0000	0.052 0.052	0.049 0.052	0.024 0.025	0.000 0.000
1.0667	0.052	0.052	0.025	0.000
1.1333	0.052	0.059	0.020	0.000
1.2000	0.052	0.063	0.027	0.000
1.2667	0.052	0.066	0.028	0.000
1.3333	0.052	0.070	0.029	0.000
1.4000	0.052	0.073	0.030	0.000
1.4667	0.052	0.077	0.031	0.000
1.5333	0.052	0.080	0.031	0.000
1.6000	0.052	0.084	0.032	0.000
1.6667	0.052	0.087	0.033	0.000
1.7333	0.052	0.091	0.033	0.000
1.8000	0.052	0.094	0.034	0.000
1.8667	0.052	0.098	0.035	0.000
1.9333 2.0000	0.052 0.052	0.101 0.105	0.035 0.036	0.000 0.000
2.0667	0.052	0.103	0.036	0.000
2.1333	0.052	0.100	0.037	0.000
2.2000	0.052	0.115	0.037	0.000
2.2667	0.052	0.119	0.038	0.000
2.3333	0.052	0.122	0.039	0.000
2.4000	0.052	0.126	0.039	0.000

2.4667	0.052	0.129	0.040	0.000
2.5333	0.052	0.133	0.040	0.000
2.6000	0.052	0.136	0.041	0.000
2.6667	0.052	0.140	0.041	0.000
2.7333	0.052	0.143	0.042	0.000
2.8000	0.052	0.147	0.042	0.000
2.8667	0.052	0.151	0.043	0.000
2.9333	0.052	0.154	0.043	0.000
3.0000	0.052	0.158	0.044	0.000
3.0667	0.052	0.161	0.044	0.000
3.1333	0.052	0.165	0.044	0.000
				0.000
3.2000	0.052	0.168	0.045	
3.2667	0.052	0.172	0.046	0.000
3.3333	0.052	0.175	0.046	0.000
3.4000	0.052	0.179	0.049	0.000
3.4667	0.052	0.182	0.066	0.000
3.5333	0.052	0.186	0.089	0.000
3.6000	0.052	0.189	0.116	0.000
3.6667	0.052	0.193	0.148	0.000
3.7333	0.052	0.196	0.182	0.000
3.8000	0.052	0.200	0.219	0.000
3.8667	0.052	0.203	0.257	0.000
3.9333	0.052	0.207	0.298	0.000
4.0000	0.052	0.210	0.339	0.000
4.0667	0.052	0.214	0.382	0.000
4.1333	0.052	0.217	0.425	0.000
4.2000	0.052	0.221	0.469	0.000
4.2667	0.052	0.224	0.514	0.000
4.3333	0.052	0.228	0.558	0.000
4.4000	0.052	0.231	0.607	0.000
4.4667	0.052	0.235	0.662	0.000
4.5333	0.052	0.238	0.719	0.000
4.6000	0.052	0.242	0.778	0.000
	0.052	0.242		0.000
4.6667			0.838	
4.7333	0.052	0.249	0.899	0.000
4.8000	0.052	0.252	1.253	0.000
4.8667	0.052	0.256	1.339	0.000
4.9333	0.052	0.259	1.426	0.000
5.0000	0.052	0.263	1.515	0.000
5.0667	0.052	0.266	2.337	0.000
5.1333	0.052	0.270	3.840	0.000
5.2000	0.052	0.273	5.783	0.000
5.2667	0.052	0.277	8.080	0.000
5.3333	0.052	0.280	10.68	0.000
5.4000	0.052	0.284	13.54	0.000
5.4667	0.052	0.287	16.63	0.000
5.5333	0.052	0.291	19.93	0.000
5.6000	0.052	0.294	23.41	0.000
5.6667	0.052	0.298	27.03	0.000
5.7333	0.052	0.301	30.78	0.000
5.8000	0.052	0.305	34.62	0.000
5.8667	0.052	0.309	38.53	0.000
5.9333	0.052	0.312	42.49	0.000
6.0000	0.052	0.316	46.45	0.000
6.0667	0.052	0.319	50.40	0.000
6.1333	0.000	0.000	54.30	0.000

# Analysis Results POC 1





+ Predeveloped

x Mitigated

Predeveloped Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area: 1.8
Total Impervious Area: 0

Mitigated Landuse Totals for POC #1

Total Pervious Area: 0.4 Total Impervious Area: 1.4

Flow Frequency Method: Cunnane

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Predeveloped. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.471451

 5 year
 0.781181

 10 year
 0.900154

 25 year
 1.018278

Flow Frequency Return Periods for Mitigated. POC #1

 Return Period
 Flow(cfs)

 2 year
 0.170547

 5 year
 0.584245

 10 year
 0.780762

 25 year
 0.944355

## **Duration Flows**

# The Facility PASSED

Flow(cfs) 0.0471	Predev 762	<b>Mit</b> 727	Percentage 95	<b>Pass/Fail</b> Pass
0.0558	677	563	83	Pass
0.0644	611	481	78	Pass
0.0730	546	430	78	Door
				Pass
0.0816	479 425	401	83	Pass
0.0902	425	365	85	Pass
0.0988	379	338	89	Pass
0.1075	335	311	92	Pass
0.1161	307	292	95	Pass
0.1247	290	276	95	Pass
0.1333	278	256	92	Pass
0.1419	265	245 227	92	Pass
0.1505	254		89	Pass
0.1592	239	211	88	Pass
0.1678	228	202	88	Pass
0.1764	216	194	89	Pass
0.1850	205	184	89	Pass
0.1936	200	180	90	Pass
0.2022	191	171	89	Pass
0.2109	184	166	90	Pass
0.2195	179	159	88	Pass
0.2281	172	151	87	Pass
0.2367	169	142	84	Pass
0.2453	159 155	128 121	80	Pass
0.2539	155		78	Pass
0.2626	141 129	117	82	Pass
0.2712		107	82	Pass
0.2798 0.2884	109	98	89	Pass
0.2970	98 93	95 91	96 97	Pass
0.3056	93 92	85	92	Pass Pass
0.3142	92 87	81	93	Pass
0.3142	84	77	91	Pass
0.3229	80	77	96	Pass
0.3401	74	73	98	Pass
0.3487	74 72	73 70	97	Pass
0.3573	72 70	68	97	Pass
0.3659	70 70	67	95	Pass
0.3746	67	64	95 95	Pass
0.3832	66	61	92	Pass
0.3918	64	57	89	Pass
0.4004	59	55	93	Pass
0.4090	55 55	49	89	Pass
0.4176	53	46	86	Pass
0.4263	50	43	86	Pass
0.4349	47	43	91	Pass
0.4435	46	41	89	Pass
0.4521	44	38	86	Pass
0.4607	44	36	81	Pass
0.4693	42	32	76	Pass
0.4780	41	31	75 75	Pass
0.4866	41	30	73	Pass
0.4952	39	30	76	Pass
3.1002	55	55	10	. 400

0.5038       38       28       73       Pass         0.5124       36       28       77       Pass         0.5210       34       28       82       Pass         0.5297       33       26       78       Pass         0.5383       31       25       80       Pass         0.5469       30       23       76       Pass         0.5469       30       23       76       Pass         0.55555       29       21       72       Pass         0.5641       27       20       74       Pass         0.5727       27       20       74       Pass         0.5986       25       19       76       Pass         0.5986       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6158       25       18       72       Pass         0.6331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6417       23       16       69       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6675       23       14       6				 _
0.5210         34         28         82         Pass           0.5297         33         26         78         Pass           0.5383         31         25         80         Pass           0.5469         30         23         76         Pass           0.5555         29         21         72         Pass           0.5641         27         20         74         Pass           0.5727         27         20         74         Pass           0.5814         27         19         70         Pass           0.5900         25         19         76         Pass           0.5986         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6244         24         18         75         Pass           0.6503         23         15         65         Pass           0.65417         23         16         69         Pass           0.6675         23         14         60         Pass           0.6847 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
0.5297       33       26       78       Pass         0.5383       31       25       80       Pass         0.5469       30       23       76       Pass         0.5555       29       21       72       Pass         0.5641       27       20       74       Pass         0.5727       27       20       74       Pass         0.5814       27       19       70       Pass         0.5980       25       19       76       Pass         0.5986       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6158       25       18       72       Pass         0.6244       24       18       75       Pass         0.65331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6847       23       14       60       Pass         0.6934       23       13       5				
0.5383       31       25       80       Pass         0.5469       30       23       76       Pass         0.5555       29       21       72       Pass         0.5641       27       20       74       Pass         0.5727       27       20       74       Pass         0.5814       27       19       70       Pass         0.5986       25       19       76       Pass         0.5986       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6158       25       18       72       Pass         0.6244       24       18       75       Pass         0.6331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6503       23       15       65       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6676       23       14       60       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68				
0.5469       30       23       76       Pass         0.55555       29       21       72       Pass         0.5641       27       20       74       Pass         0.5727       27       20       74       Pass         0.5814       27       19       70       Pass         0.5900       25       19       76       Pass         0.5986       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6244       24       18       75       Pass         0.6331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6503       23       15       65       Pass         0.6575       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       6				
0.5555         29         21         72         Pass           0.5641         27         20         74         Pass           0.5727         27         20         74         Pass           0.5814         27         19         70         Pass           0.5900         25         19         76         Pass           0.5986         25         18         72         Pass           0.6072         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6244         24         18         75         Pass           0.6331         23         16         69         Pass           0.6503         23         15         65         Pass           0.6589         23         15         65         Pass           0.6761         23         14         60         Pass           0.6847         23         13         56         Pass           0.7020         22         13         59         Pass           0.7192         19         13         68         Pass           0.7278 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
0.5641         27         20         74         Pass           0.5727         27         20         74         Pass           0.5900         25         19         76         Pass           0.5986         25         18         72         Pass           0.6072         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6244         24         18         75         Pass           0.6331         23         16         69         Pass           0.6503         23         15         65         Pass           0.6589         23         15         65         Pass           0.6676         23         14         60         Pass           0.6847         23         13         56         Pass           0.6934         23         13         56         Pass           0.7106         21         13         59         Pass           0.7192         19         13         68         Pass           0.7537         14         11         78         Pass           0.7709 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
0.5727         27         20         74         Pass           0.5900         25         19         76         Pass           0.5986         25         18         72         Pass           0.6072         25         18         72         Pass           0.6072         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6244         24         18         75         Pass           0.6331         23         16         69         Pass           0.6503         23         15         65         Pass           0.6589         23         15         65         Pass           0.6761         23         14         60         Pass           0.6847         23         13         56         Pass           0.6934         23         13         56         Pass           0.7106         21         13         61         Pass           0.7192         19         13         68         Pass           0.7364         16         12         75         Pass           0.7795 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
0.5814       27       19       70       Pass         0.5900       25       19       76       Pass         0.5986       25       18       72       Pass         0.6072       25       18       72       Pass         0.6158       25       18       72       Pass         0.6244       24       18       75       Pass         0.6331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6417       23       16       69       Pass         0.6503       23       15       65       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84				
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0.6072         25         18         72         Pass           0.6158         25         18         72         Pass           0.6244         24         18         75         Pass           0.6331         23         16         69         Pass           0.6417         23         16         69         Pass           0.6503         23         15         65         Pass           0.6589         23         15         65         Pass           0.6675         23         14         60         Pass           0.6761         23         14         60         Pass           0.6847         23         13         56         Pass           0.6934         23         13         59         Pass           0.7020         22         13         59         Pass           0.7106         21         13         61         Pass           0.7192         19         13         68         Pass           0.7364         16         12         75         Pass           0.7537         14         11         78         Pass           0.7795 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
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0.6244       24       18       75       Pass         0.6331       23       16       69       Pass         0.6417       23       16       69       Pass         0.6503       23       15       65       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6675       23       14       60       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7793       12       9       75       Pass         0.7963       13       11       84       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
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0.6417       23       16       69       Pass         0.6503       23       15       65       Pass         0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6675       23       14       60       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
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0.6589       23       15       65       Pass         0.6675       23       14       60       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88				
0.6675       23       14       60       Pass         0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7623       13       11       78       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88			15	
0.6761       23       14       60       Pass         0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88				
0.6847       23       13       56       Pass         0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass				
0.6934       23       13       56       Pass         0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass				
0.7020       22       13       59       Pass         0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7955       12       9       75       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8571       8       7       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass     <	0.6934			
0.7106       21       13       61       Pass         0.7192       19       13       68       Pass         0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>				
0.7278       18       13       72       Pass         0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass		21		Pass
0.7364       16       12       75       Pass         0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass	0.7192			Pass
0.7451       15       12       80       Pass         0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass	0.7278			Pass
0.7537       14       11       78       Pass         0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass	0.7364		12	
0.7623       13       11       84       Pass         0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass			12	
0.7709       12       9       75       Pass         0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass				
0.7795       12       9       75       Pass         0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass				
0.7881       11       8       72       Pass         0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass	0.7709			
0.7968       11       8       72       Pass         0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass				
0.8054       10       8       80       Pass         0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass			8	
0.8140       10       8       80       Pass         0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass			8	
0.8226       10       8       80       Pass         0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass				
0.8312       9       8       88       Pass         0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass		_		
0.8398       9       8       88       Pass         0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass			Q Q	
0.8485       8       100       Pass         0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass			8	
0.8571       8       7       87       Pass         0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass		8	8	
0.8657       7       5       71       Pass         0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass		8	7	
0.8743       5       5       100       Pass         0.8829       4       4       100       Pass         0.8915       4       4       100       Pass		7		
0.8829 4 4 100 Pass 0.8915 4 4 100 Pass		5	5	
0.8915 4 4 100 Pass		4	4	

# Water Quality Drawdown Time Results

Pond:	Vault	1
<b>D</b>		

Days	Stage(feet)	Percent of Total Run Time
1	1.127 ` ´	2.4254
2	2.448	0.7485
3	0.000	N/A
4	0.000	N/A
5	0.000	N/A

Maximum Stage: 5.000 Drawdown Time: 02 20:37:30

# Model Default Modifications

Total of 0 changes have been made.

## PERLND Changes

No PERLND changes have been made.

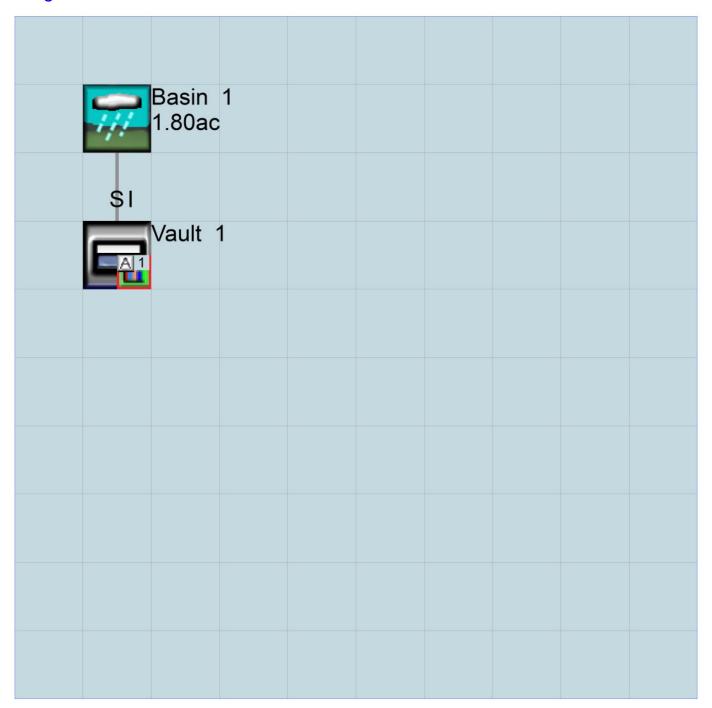
## **IMPLND Changes**

No IMPLND changes have been made.

# Appendix Predeveloped Schematic

Ba:	sin 1 30ac	

# Mitigated Schematic



#### Predeveloped UCI File

RUN

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
                   END 2004 09 30 3 0
 START 1964 10 01
 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                               UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
          <---->***
<-ID->
        26
          L300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.wdm
MDM
MESSII
        25
          PreL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.MES
        27
          PreL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.L61
           PreL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.L62
          POCL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-20211.dat
        30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
  INGRP
           28
               INDELT 00:60
   PERLND
            501
   COPY
   DISPLY
  END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
DISPLY
 DISPLY-INFO1
  # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND
  Basin 1
                                             1 2 30 9
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
 # - # NPT NMN ***
  1 1
)1 1
           1
             1
 501
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
 # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
          K ***
 #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                        User t-series Engl Metr ***
                              in out
                        1
       D,NatVeg,Flat
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
  <PLS > ********* Print-flags **************** PIVL PYR
  END PRINT-INFO
```

```
PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
  END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM3

<PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***

# - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP INFILD DEEPFR
28 0 0 2 2 0
                                       DEEPFR BASETP AGWETP 0 0.05 0.05
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 4
    28
 END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
  END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
  # - # JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC ***
0.1 0.1 0.1 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.1 0.1
 END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
       ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
                                                       GWVS
  # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 28 0 0 0.01 0 0.4 0.01
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
             User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ***
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   <ILS > ****** Print-flags ***** PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL *******
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
   <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
 END IWAT-PARM1
 END IWAT-PARM2
```

```
IWAT-PARM3
         IWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN
 END IWAT-PARM3
 IWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
  # - # *** RETS SURS
 END IWAT-STATE1
END IMPLND
SCHEMATIC
                  <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK ***
<-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# ***
<-Source->
<Name> #
Basin 1***
PERLND 28
                         1.8 COPY 501 12
1.8 COPY 501 13
PERLND 28
*****Routing****
END SCHEMATIC
NETWORK
<-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> ***
END NETWORK
RCHRES
 GEN-INFO
         Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer
  RCHRES
                                                        * * *
  # - #<----- User T-series Engl Metr LKFG
                               in out
                                                         * * *
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section RCHRES***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections *********************
  # - # HYFG ADFG CNFG HTFG SDFG GOFG OXFG NUFG PKFG PHFG ***
 END ACTIVITY
  <PLS > ******* Print-flags ******** PIVL PYR
  \# - \# HYDR ADCA CONS HEAT SED ar{GQL} OXRX NUTR PLNK PHCB PIVL PYR ********
 END PRINT-INFO
 HYDR-PARM1
  RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
  # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***
 END HYDR-PARM1
 HYDR-PARM2
 # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
 <----><----><---->
 END HYDR-PARM2
  RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
 END HYDR-INIT
```

END RCHRES

SPEC-ACTIONS END SPEC-ACTIONS FTABLES END FTABLES

#### EXT SOURCES

<-Volume	->	<member></member>	SsysSga	p <mult>Tran</mult>	<-Target	vols>	<-Grp>	<-Member->	* * *
<name></name>	#	<name> #</name>	tem str	g<-factor->strg	<name></name>	# #		<name> # #</name>	* * *
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	PERLND	1 999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	2	PREC	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1 999	EXTNL	PREC	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	PERLND	1 999	EXTNL	PETINP	
WDM	1	EVAP	ENGL	1	IMPLND	1 999	EXTNL	PETINP	

END EXT SOURCES

#### EXT TARGETS

#### MASS-LINK

<volume> &lt;-Grp&gt; <name></name></volume>	<-Member->< <name> # #&lt;</name>		<target> <name></name></target>	<-Grp>	<-Member- <name> #</name>	
MASS-LINK	12					
PERLND PWATER	SURO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN	
END MASS-LINK	12					
MASS-LINK	13					
PERLND PWATER	IFWO	0.083333	COPY	INPUT	MEAN	
END MASS-LINK	13					

END MASS-LINK

END RUN

#### Mitigated UCI File

RUN

```
GLOBAL
 WWHM4 model simulation
 START 1964 10 01
                     END 2004 09 30 3 0
 RUN INTERP OUTPUT LEVEL
 RESUME 0 RUN 1
                                  UNIT SYSTEM 1
END GLOBAL
FILES
<File> <Un#>
           <---->***
<-ID->
M \cap M
         26
           L300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.wdm
MESSU
         25
           MitL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.MES
         27
            MitL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.L61
            MitL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-2021.L62
           POCL300-14 Pacific south 12-07-20211.dat
         30
END FILES
OPN SEQUENCE
   INGRP
                  INDELT 00:60
             46
    PERLND
             1
    IMPLND
              1
    RCHRES
    COPY
               1
             501
    DISPLY
              1
   END INGRP
END OPN SEQUENCE
DISPLY
  # - #<-----Title---->***TRAN PIVL DIG1 FIL1 PYR DIG2 FIL2 YRND 1 Vault 1 MAX 1 2 30 9
 END DISPLY-INFO1
END DISPLY
COPY
 TIMESERIES
  # - # NPT NMN ***
 END TIMESERIES
END COPY
GENER
 OPCODE
  # # OPCD ***
 END OPCODE
 PARM
             K ***
 #
 END PARM
END GENER
PERLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----Name---->NBLKS Unit-systems Printer ***
                           User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                           in out
1 1 1 1 27
  46
       D,Urban,Flat
                                         27 0
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section PWATER***
 ACTIVITY
  # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ***
46 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   # - # ATMP SNOW PWAT SED PST PWG PQAL MSTL PEST NITR PHOS TRAC ********
```

```
0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 PWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > PWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
  END PWAT-PARM1
 PWAT-PARM2
  <PLS >
 END PWAT-PARM2
 PWAT-PARM3
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN INFEXP
46 0 0 2
                                  INFILD DEEPFR
                                                BASETP AGWETP 0.05 0.05
                                         0
                                 2
 END PWAT-PARM3
 PWAT-PARM4
  END PWAT-PARM4
 MON-LZETPARM
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3
  # - # JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC ***
46  0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.6
 END MON-LZETPARM
 MON-INTERCEP
  <PLS > PWATER input info: Part 3 ***
  END MON-INTERCEP
 PWAT-STATE1
   <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
        ran from 1990 to end of 1992 (pat 1-11-95) RUN 21 ***
  # - # *** CEPS SURS UZS IFWS LZS AGWS 46 0 0 0.15 0 1 0.05
                                                          GWVS
 END PWAT-STATE1
END PERLND
IMPLND
 GEN-INFO
  <PLS ><----- Name----> Unit-systems Printer ***
                    User t-series Engl Metr ***
  # - #
                    in out ***
1 1 1 27 0
       IMPERVIOUS-FLAT
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section IWATER***
 ACTIVITY
   <PLS > ******** Active Sections **********************
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL
1 0 0 1 0 0
 END ACTIVITY
 PRINT-INFO
   <ILS > ******* Print-flags ******* PIVL PYR
  # - # ATMP SNOW IWAT SLD IWG IQAL ********
1 0 0 4 0 0 0 1 9
 END PRINT-INFO
 IWAT-PARM1
  <PLS > IWATER variable monthly parameter value flags ***
   # - # CSNO RTOP VRS VNN RTLI ***
1 0 0 0 0 1
```

```
END IWAT-PARM1
 IWAT-PARM2
  END IWAT-PARM2
 IWAT-PARM3
           IWATER input info: Part 3
  <PLS >
   # - # ***PETMAX PETMIN
1 0 0
   1
 END IWAT-PARM3
 IWAT-STATE1
  <PLS > *** Initial conditions at start of simulation
   # - # *** RETS SURS
1 0 0
 END IWAT-STATE1
END IMPLND
SCHEMATIC
                     <--Area--> <-Target-> MBLK ***
<-factor-> <Name> # Tbl# ***
<-Source->
<Name> #
Basin 1***
                            0.4 RCHRES 1 2
0.4 RCHRES 1 3
1.4 RCHRES 1 5
PERLND 46
PERLND 46
IMPLND 1
*****Routing*****
                            0.4 COPY 1 12
1.4 COPY 1 15
0.4 COPY 1 13
1 COPY 501 16
PERLND 46
IMPLND 1
PERLND 46
RCHRES 1
END SCHEMATIC
NETWORK
<-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> ***
<-Volume-> <-Grp> <-Member-><--Mult-->Tran <-Target vols> <-Grp> <-Member-> ***
END NETWORK
RCHRES
 GEN-INFO
  RCHRES Name Nexits Unit Systems Printer
                                                               * * *
  # - #<----><---> User T-series Engl Metr LKFG
                                                              * * *
                                                              * * *
                                  in out
  1 Vault 1
                              1 1 1 28 0 1
                          1
 END GEN-INFO
 *** Section RCHRES***
```

HYDR-PARM1

```
RCHRES Flags for each HYDR Section
       # - # VC A1 A2 A3 ODFVFG for each *** ODGTFG for each FUNCT for each FG FG FG FG possible exit *** possible exit possible exit ***

1 0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 2 2
   END HYDR-PARM1
   HYDR-PARM2
     # - # FTABNO LEN DELTH STCOR KS DB50
                                                                                                                                                 * * *
    <----><----><---->
     1
                 1 0.01 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.0
   END HYDR-PARM2
   HYDR-INIT
      RCHRES Initial conditions for each HYDR section
       # - # *** VOL Initial value of COLIND Initial value of OUTDGT *** ac-ft for each possible exit for each possible exit
                 <---->
   END HYDR-INIT
END RCHRES
SPEC-ACTIONS
END SPEC-ACTIONS
FTABLES
   FTABLE
     92 4
   Depth Area Volume Outflow1 Velocity Travel Time***
(ft) (acres) (acre-ft) (cfs) (ft/sec) (Minutes)***

0.000000 0.052664 0.000000 0.000000

0.066667 0.052664 0.003511 0.006606

0.133333 0.052664 0.007022 0.009343
   0.200000 0.052664 0.010533 0.011442
   \begin{array}{ccccc} 0.266667 & 0.052664 & 0.014044 & 0.013212 \\ 0.333333 & 0.052664 & 0.017555 & 0.014772 \end{array}
   0.400000 0.052664 0.021066 0.016182

      0.4400000
      0.052664
      0.021066
      0.016182

      0.466667
      0.052664
      0.024577
      0.017478

      0.5333333
      0.052664
      0.028087
      0.018685

      0.600000
      0.052664
      0.031598
      0.019819

      0.666667
      0.052664
      0.035109
      0.020891

      0.733333
      0.052664
      0.038620
      0.021910

      0.800000
      0.052664
      0.042131
      0.022885

      0.866667
      0.052664
      0.045642
      0.023819

      0.933333
      0.052664
      0.049153
      0.024718

   1.000000 0.052664 0.052664 0.025586

      1.066667
      0.052664
      0.056175
      0.026425

      1.133333
      0.052664
      0.059686
      0.027238

      1.200000
      0.052664
      0.063197
      0.028028

      1.266667
      0.052664
      0.066708
      0.028796

      1.333333
      0.052664
      0.070219
      0.029544

   1.400000 0.052664 0.073730 0.030273
   1.466667 0.052664 0.077241 0.030986
   1.533333 0.052664 0.080752 0.031682
   1.600000 0.052664 0.084262 0.032364

      1.666667
      0.052664
      0.087773
      0.033031

      1.733333
      0.052664
      0.091284
      0.033685

      1.800000
      0.052664
      0.094795
      0.034327

      1.866667
      0.052664
      0.098306
      0.034957

      1.933333
      0.052664
      0.101817
      0.035575

      2.000000
      0.052664
      0.105328
      0.036184

   2.200000 0.052664 0.115861 0.037950
   2.266667 \quad 0.052664 \quad 0.119372 \quad 0.038520
   2.333333 \quad 0.052664 \quad 0.122883 \quad 0.039083
   2.600000 0.052664 0.136927 0.041256
    2.666667 0.052664 0.140437 0.041781
    2.733333  0.052664  0.143948  0.042300
```

```
2.800000
            0.052664 0.147459
                                 0.042813
            0.052664
                                 0.043320
  2.866667
                      0.150970
  2.933333
            0.052664
                      0.154481
                                 0.043821
  3.000000
            0.052664
                      0.157992
                                 0.044316
            0.052664 0.161503
  3.066667
                                 0.044805
  3.133333
            0.052664
                      0.165014
                                 0.045290
            0.052664
  3.200000
                      0.168525
                                 0.045769
            0.052664
                      0.172036
  3.266667
                                 0.046243
  3.333333
            0.052664
                       0.175547
                                 0.046713
  3.400000
            0.052664
                       0.179058
                                 0.049930
  3.466667
            0.052664
                       0.182569
                                 0.066030
  3.533333
            0.052664
                       0.186080
                                 0.089042
  3.600000
            0.052664
                       0.189591
                                 0.116796
  3.666667
            0.052664
                       0.193102
                                 0.148191
  3.733333
            0.052664
                       0.196612
                                 0.182500
            0.052664
                       0.200123
  3.800000
                                 0.219188
  3.866667
            0.052664
                       0.203634
                                 0.257831
  3.933333
            0.052664
                       0.207145
                                 0.298080
  4.000000
            0.052664
                       0.210656
                                 0.339638
  4.066667
            0.052664
                       0.214167
                                 0.382244
  4.133333
            0.052664
                       0.217678
                                 0.425669
  4.200000
            0.052664
                      0.221189
                                 0.469706
  4.266667
            0.052664 0.224700
                                 0.514167
            0.052664 0.228211
  4.333333
                                 0.558877
            0.052664 0.231722
  4.400000
                                 0.607255
            0.052664
  4.466667
                      0.235233
                                 0.662491
  4.533333
            0.052664
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# Disclaimer

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# ATTACHMENT 3 Structural BMP Maintenance Information

This is the cover sheet for Attachment 3.

#### Indicate which Items are Included behind this cover sheet:

Attachment Sequence	Contents	Checklist
Attachment 3a	Structural BMP Maintenance Thresholds and Actions (Required)	☐ Included
		See Structural BMP Maintenance Information Checklist on the back of this Attachment cover sheet.
Attachment 3b	Draft Maintenance Agreement (when applicable)	□ Included □ Not Applicable

# REVISED PRELIMINARY Geotechnical Evaluation Revised Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation

#### **FOR**

#### PACIFIC GPA/REZONE REDUCED PACIFIC SPECIFIC PLAN PROJECT

Northwest Corner of Linda Vista Drive & Los Posas Road SAN MARCOS, CALIFORNIA

#### PREPARED FOR

The Las Posas Owner LPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company 2235 Encinitas Boulevard, Suite 216 Encinitas, California 92024

**PREPARED BY** 

GEOTEK, INC.
1384 POINSETTIA AVENUE, SUITE A
VISTA, CALIFORNIA 92081

PROJECT No. 3649-SD PROJECT No. 3649-SD

**DECEMBER 5 JANUARY 26, 2023** 





January 4, 2022 December anuary 526, 2023 Project No. 3649-SD

## The Las Posas Owner LPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company 2235 Encinitas Boulevard, Suite 216

Encinitas, California 92024

Attention: Mr. Greg Waite

Subject: Revised Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation

> Pacific GPA/Rezone Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Northwest Corner of Linda Vista Drive & Los Posas Road

San Marcos, California

Dear Mr. Waite:

We are pleased to provide herein the results of our preliminary geotechnical evaluation for the subject property located in the city of San Marcos, California. This report presents the results of our evaluation and provides preliminary geotechnical recommendations for future earthwork, foundation design, and construction. In our opinion, the property appears feasible from a geotechnical viewpoint provided that the recommendations included herein are incorporated into the future design and construction phases of property development. The opportunity to be of service is sincerely appreciated. If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to call our office.

Respectfully submitted,

GeoTek, Inc.

Bruce A. Hick

GE 2284

Geotechnical Engineer

Christopher D. Livesey

**CEG 2733** 

Project Geologist

ENGINEERING

Christopher D. Livese

Edward LaMont **CEG 1892** 

Principal Geologist

Distribution: (I) Addressee via email

GEOTECHNICAL | ENVIRONMENTAL | MATERIALS

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#### I. PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF SERVICES

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the geotechnical conditions on the site. Services provided for this study included the following:

- Research and review of available geologic and geotechnical data, and general information pertinent to the property.
- Excavation of four (4) hollow stem auger borings onsite and collection of bulk and relatively undisturbed soil samples for subsequent laboratory testing.
- Two percolation test borings and infiltration analyses.
- Laboratory testing of the soil samples collected during the field investigation.
- Review and evaluation of seismicity, and
- Compilation of this geotechnical report which presents our findings of pertinent geotechnical conditions and geotechnical recommendations for future property development.

#### 2. PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

#### 2.1 Property Description

The subject property is located at the northern corner of Linda Vista Drive and Los Posas Road in the City of San Marcos, San Diego County, California (see Figure I). The property is bounded to the southwest by Linda Vista Drive, to the southeast by Los Posas Road, to the northeast by La Mirada Drive, and to the northwest by Pacific Street. Surface conditions generally consist of rolling unimproved earthen terrain, with native grasses and vegetation. The Site is relatively flat, ranging in elevation from approximately 527 feet above mean sea level (amsl) in the southeast potion of the project area to 551 feet in the northwest corner of the project Site.



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#### 2.2 Future Development / Project Description

The 33.2-acre project site is an infill site located in the western portion of the City of San Marcos (City), at the northwest corner of S. Las Posas Road and Linda Vista Drive, comprised of Assessor's Parcel Numbers 219-222-01, 219-222-02, 219-222-03, and 219-222-04. La Mirada Drive abuts the site's northern boundary, while South Pacific Street abuts the property's western boundary. The Grand Plaza shopping center is located directly across Las Posas Road to the east. Light industrial uses are adjacent to the site's northern, southern, and western boundary, and Bradley Park is located across from the site's southwestern corner. Single- and multi-family residential uses are located to the west and south of Bradley Park.

The project consists of 449229 residential units, including a mix of apartments, rowhomes, villas, and affordable flats on approximately 15.0913.257 acres of the 33.229-acre project site. Proposed residential units would include a mix of apartments—within a five-story podium building, three-story rowhomes, and three-story villas, and affordable flats within a four-story building. The project includes a total of 927234 parking spaces and 134,98540,876 square feet of common open space area. 6845 of the 449229 total units (1520% of the total) would be designated as deed-restricted affordable units (alternatively, the project reserves the option to contribute to the affordable housing fund by paying the in-lieu fee). The proposed project also includes landscaping, bio-retention areas, and circulation improvements. The remaining approximately 17.9419.972 acres of the 33.229-acre project site would be preserved and restored as open space and habitat area. The proposed project would have a density of approximately 13.522.5 dwelling units per acre, including the open space and habitat area.

The project proposes a General Plan Amendment, Rezone, Specific Plan, Tentative Map, and Multi-Family Site Development Plan. The General Plan Amendment and Rezone would change the General Plan designation and Zoning from Industrial (I) to Specific Plan Area (SPA). The Specific Plan has been prepared with the intent to provide a comprehensive plan to ensure the efficient development of a new residential community. The Specific Plan serves as both a policy document and a regulatory document for the systematic implementation of the policies and goals of the General Plan. The Tentative Map presents specific lot configurations for the site. The Multi-Family Site Development Plan will configure the site for multi family dwelling units, street configuration, infrastructure, recreational open space, and private open space.

As part of the project, additional pedestrian connectivity would be provided along three of the adjacent street frontages. The project would provide a 6-foot sidewalk and Class II buffered bike lane along the project's frontage on Pacific Street; the project would provide a 12-foot urban trail (shared use path) along the project's frontage on Linda Vista Drive; and



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the project would also provide a 12-foot urban trail (shared use path) along the project's frontage on La Mirada Drive. In addition to the proposed sidewalk and trail connections, the project would add a bus stop and shelter with a bus turnout along South Las Posas Road adjacent to the development area and would install a 4-way traffic signal at the intersection of Linda Vista Drive and Pacific Street. Furthermore, the project would upsize approximately 1,458-feet of existing water pipe from 8-inches to 12-inches and would convert approximately 1,400-feet of existing overhead power lines to underground along La Mirada.

Structural loading information was not available at the time of this report submittal but should be provided to GeoTek once determined. For this report, we have assumed a maximum column load of 150 kips for the planned structures.

As planning progresses and additional or revised plans become available, they should be provided to GeoTek for review and comment. If plans vary significantly, additional geotechnical field exploration, laboratory testing and engineering analyses may be necessary to provide specific earthwork recommendations and geotechnical design parameters for actual development plans.

#### 3. FIELD EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING

#### 3.1 Field Exploration

Our field study conducted on September 29, 2020 consisted of a reconnaissance, excavation of geotechnical hollow stem auger borings B-3 through B-6 to depths of about 19-½ feet below grade and 2 percolation test borings P-1 and P-2 to depths of about 3 feet below grade. The borings were drilled with a truck mounted rubber tire CME-75 drilling rig and included collection of bulk and relatively undisturbed driven soil samples for subsequent laboratory testing. Proposed borings B-1 and B-2 were not performed due to biological constraints and omitted from this report. Several variations of proposed boring locations were presented to California Fish and Wildlife (CFW), however, CFW only authorized the locations presented on Figure 2. A representative from our firm visually logged the borings and collected soil samples for laboratory analysis. Approximate locations of exploration locations are presented on the Boring Location Map, Figure 2. A description of material encountered in the borings is included in Appendix A.

#### 3.2 Percolation and Infiltration Testing



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Borings P-I and P-2 were advanced to approximate depths of 3 feet below existing grade with an 8-inch diameter and converted to a dry well for percolation testing approximately 5-I0 feet away from boring location B-6. Following completion of the boring excavations, percolation testing was performed by a representative from our firm in general conformance with the city of San Marcos BMP Design Manual. The boreholes were presoaked over-night and the testing was performed the following day. Percolation testing was performed by adding potable water to the borings, recording the initial depth to water and allowing the water to percolate for 30 minutes and the depth to water was measured. Water was generally added to each boring following each reading increment. In general, the percolation testing was performed for approximately 6 hours to allow rates to stabilize. Results of the final percolation increment were used to calculate an infiltration rate in inches per hour via the Porchet method.

For design of shallow infiltration basins, converting percolation rates to infiltration rates via the Porchet method is generally acceptable and appropriate, as this method factors out the sidewall component of the percolation results and represents the bottom conditions of a shallow basin (infiltration). Therefore, the percolation data for borings P-I and P-2 were converted via the Porchet method. This method is consistent with the guidelines referenced in the City of San Marcos BMP Design Manual. Results of our infiltration analysis without a factor of safety are presented in the follow table for each of the test areas.

Location	Depth (inches)	Infiltration Rate (inches per hour)*
P-I	35.75	0.07
P-2	34.75	0.07

<sup>\*</sup> Rate was converted to an infiltration rate via the Porchet method

Copies of infiltration conversion sheets are included in Appendix A.

The material exposed along the boring sidewalls and at the bottom of P-I and P-2 were native soils. The tests performed and reported are indicative of native soils. At the time of investigation, groundwater was not encountered in the vicinity.

Over the lifetime of the storm water disposal areas, the percolation rates may be affected by silt build up and biological activities, as well as local variations in soil conditions. An appropriate factor of safety used to compute the design percolation rate should be considered at the discretion of the design engineer and acceptance of the plan reviewer.



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#### 3.2 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing was performed on bulk and relatively undisturbed soil samples collected during the field explorations. The purpose of the laboratory testing was to evaluate their physical and chemical properties for use in engineering design and analysis. Results of the laboratory testing program, along with a brief description and relevant information regarding testing procedures, are included in Appendix B.

#### 4. GEOLOGIC AND SOILS CONDITIONS

#### 4.1 Regional Setting

The subject property is located in the Peninsular Ranges geomorphic province. The Peninsular Ranges province is one of the largest geomorphic units in western North America. Basically, it extends roughly 975 miles from the north and northeasterly adjacent the Transverse Ranges geomorphic province to the tip of Baja California. This province varies in width from about 30 to 100 miles. It is bounded on the west by the Pacific Ocean, on the south by the Gulf of California and on the east by the Colorado Desert Province.

The Peninsular Ranges are essentially a series of northwest-southeast oriented fault blocks. Several major fault zones are found in this province. The Elsinore Fault zone and the San Jacinto Fault zones trend northwest-southeast and are found in the near the middle of the province. The San Andreas Fault zone borders the northeasterly margin of the province. The Newport-Inglewood-Rose Canyon Fault zone meanders the southwest margin of the province, but can be more appropriately defined by the Pacific Ocean. No faults are shown in the immediate vicinity on the map reviewed for the area.

#### 4.2 EARTH MATERIALS

A brief description of the earth materials encountered during our subsurface exploration is presented in the following sections. Based on our field observations and review of published geologic maps the subject property is locally underlain by recent alluvium and Santiago Formation bedrock.

#### 4.2.1 Undocumented Fill (Not Mapped)

Undocumented fill soils were observed as sporadic end-dump piles from illegal dumping. These soils are not considered suitable for support of structural improvements but may be re-used as engineered fill if properly processed and placed.



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#### 4.2.2 Alluvium (Map Symbol Qal)

The most recent regional geologic map reviewed showed the geology (Kennedy, 2007) for the eastern portion of the area along Los Posas Road to be alluvial deposits, however, based on our evaluation, alluvium appears to be limited to a smaller extent along a natural drainage swale along Los Posas Road. As encountered in boring B-6, the alluvium generally consisted of silty fine sands.

#### 4.2.3 Tertiary Santiago Formation (Map Symbol Tsa)

The most recently dated regional geologic map showing the overall geology (Kennedy, 2007), indicates Santiago Formation sedimentary bedrock at the surface on the western majority of the property; however, based on our evaluation the Santiago Formation appears to be near the surface across most of the property. As encountered in the borings, Santiago Formation was observed as a dark brown to black clay over sandstone.

#### 4.3 SURFACE WATER AND GROUNDWATER

#### 4.3.1 Surface Water

Surface water was not observed during our visit. If encountered during earthwork construction, surface water is likely the result of precipitation. Overall, area drainage is in a southeast direction. Provisions for surface drainage will need to be accounted for by the future project civil engineer.

#### 4.3.2 Groundwater

A static groundwater table was not encountered during drilling operations. Excavations B-5 and B-6 appears to have encountered perched water at a depth of approximately I9 and I5 feet (respectively) and cuttings in B-4 at a depth of I7 feet suggest a perch groundwater. Based on the anticipated depth of removals, groundwater is not anticipated to be a factor in future development. Localized perched groundwater may be present, but is also not anticipated to be a factor in future development with the exception that seasonal water levels are likely to impact storm water management.

#### 4.4 EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS

#### 4.4.1 Surface Fault Rupture

The geologic structure of the entire southern California area is dominated mainly by northwest-trending faults associated with the San Andreas system. The property is in a seismically active region. No active or potentially active fault is known to exist at this property nor is the property



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situated within an "Alquist-Priolo" Earthquake Fault Zone or a Special Studies Zone (Bryant and Hart, 2007). No faults transecting the property were identified on the readily available geologic maps reviewed. The nearest known active fault is the Newport Inglewood-Rose Canyon fault located about 11 miles to the southwest of the property.

#### 4.4.2 Liquefaction/Seismic Settlement

Liquefaction describes a phenomenon in which cyclic stresses, produced by earthquake-induced ground motion, create excess pore pressures in relatively cohesionless soils. These soils may thereby acquire a high degree of mobility, which can lead to lateral movement, sliding, consolidation and settlement of loose sediments, sand boils and other damaging deformations. This phenomenon occurs only below the water table, but, after liquefaction has developed, the effects can propagate upward into overlying non-saturated soil as excess pore water dissipates.

The factors known to influence liquefaction potential include soil type and grain size, relative density, groundwater level, confining pressures, and both intensity and duration of ground shaking. In general, materials that are susceptible to liquefaction are loose, saturated granular soils having low fines content under low confining pressures.

The liquefaction potential and seismic settlement potential is considered negligible provided remedial grading recommendations presented herein are completed and due to the general dense to very dense nature of underlying shallow bedrock, as well as planned fill placement.

#### 4.4.3 Other Seismic Hazards

Due to the relatively flat nature of the property, the potential for landslides and rockfall is considered negligible. The potential for secondary seismic hazards such as seiche and tsunami is remote due to property elevation and distance from an open body of water.

#### 5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.1 General

Future development of the property appears feasible from a geotechnical viewpoint provided that the following recommendations are incorporated in the design and construction phases of the development. The following sections present general recommendations for currently anticipated future development. Due to the preliminary nature of this report, supplemental geotechnical evaluations of the property are anticipated at future dates once more detailed development plans



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are available. Those supplemental geotechnical recommendations will supersede the preliminary recommendations provided in this report.

#### 5.2 EARTHWORK CONSIDERATIONS

#### 5.2.1 General

Earthwork and grading should be performed in accordance with the applicable grading ordinances of the city of San Marcos, the 2019 (or current) California Building Code (CBC), and recommendations contained in this report. The Grading Guidelines included in Appendix C outline general procedures and do not anticipate all specific situations. In the event of conflict, the recommendations presented in the text of this report should supersede those contained in Appendix C.

#### 5.2.2 Property Clearing and Preparation

Property preparation should start with removal of deleterious materials and vegetation. These materials should be disposed of properly off property. Any existing underground improvements, utilities and trench backfill should also be removed or be further evaluated as part of future development operations.

#### 5.2.3 Remedial Grading

Prior to placement of fill materials and in all structural areas the upper variable, potentially compressible materials should be removed. Removals should include all existing fill, colluvium/weathered bedrock materials and we anticipate that the removals will extend approximately 5 feet below existing grade and should also extend to at least 2 feet below the bottom of proposed footings. The lateral extent of removals beyond the outside edge of all settlement sensitive structures/foundations should be equivalent to that vertically removed or five feet, whichever is greater. Depending on actual field conditions encountered during grading, locally deeper and/or shallower areas of removal may be necessary.

In pavement areas, removals should extend at least 2 feet below existing grade or one foot below finished subgrade whichever is lowest.

The bottom of all removals should be scarified to a minimum depth of six (6) inches, brought to slightly above optimum moisture content, and then compacted to at least 90% of the soil's maximum dry density, per ASTM D1557 prior to fill placement. The remedial excavation bottoms should be observed by a GeoTek representative prior to scarification. The resultant voids from remedial grading/overexcavation should be filled with materials placed in general accordance with Section 5.2.4 Engineered Fill of this report.



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#### 5.2.4 Engineered Fill

Onsite materials are generally considered suitable for reuse as engineered fill provided they are free from vegetation, roots, debris, and rock/concrete or hard lumps greater than six (6) inches in maximum dimension. The earthwork contractor should have the proposed excavated materials to be used as engineered fill at this property approved by the soils engineer prior to placement.

Engineered fill materials should be moisture conditioned to at or above optimum moisture content and compacted in horizontal lifts not exceeding 8 inch in loose thickness to a minimum relative compaction of 90% as determined in accordance with laboratory test procedure ASTM D 1557.

If fill is being placed on slopes steeper than 5:1 (h:v), the fill should be properly benched into the existing slopes and a sufficient size keyway shall be constructed in accordance with grading guidelines presented in Appendix C.

#### 5.2.5 Excavation Characteristics

Excavations can generally be accomplished with heavy-duty earthmoving or excavating equipment in good operating condition. Excavations in sedimentary bedrock may require special excavation equipment and/or techniques.

#### 5.2.6 Shrinkage and Bulking

Several factors will impact earthwork balancing, including bedrock bulking, undocumented fill and colluvium shrinkage, trench spoil from utilities and footing excavations, as well as the accuracy of topography.

Shrinkage and bulking are largely dependent upon the degree of compactive effort achieved during construction. For planning purposes, a shrinkage/bulking factor ranging of plus or minus 5 percent may be considered for surficial undocumented fill materials and alluvium. A bulking factor of 5 to 10 percent may be considered for the upper 3 feet of Santiago Formation bedrock requiring removal and re-compaction. Subsidence should not be a factor, if removals are completed as recommended.

#### 5.2.7 Trench Excavations and Backfill

Temporary excavations within should be stable at 1:1 inclinations for short durations during construction, and where cuts do not exceed 10 feet in height. Temporary cuts to a maximum height of 4 feet can be excavated vertically.



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Trench excavations should conform to Cal-OSHA regulations. The contractor should have a competent person, per OSHA requirements, during construction to observe conditions and to make the appropriate recommendations.

Utility trench backfill should be compacted to at least 90% relative compaction of the maximum dry density as determined per ASTM D 1557. Under-slab trenches should also be compacted to specifications.

Onsite materials may not be suitable for use as bedding material, but should be suitable as backfill provided particles larger than 6± inches are removed.

Compaction should be achieved with a mechanical compaction device. Ponding or jetting of trench backfill is not recommended. If backfill soils have dried out, they should be thoroughly moisture conditioned prior to placement in trenches.

#### 5.3 DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.3.1 Stormwater Infiltration

Many factors control infiltration of surface waters into the subsurface, such as consistency of native soils and bedrock, geologic structure, fill consistency, material density differences, and existing groundwater conditions. In consideration of the shallow bedrock and anticipated shallow groundwater, infiltration of stormwater into the subsurface is not recommended from a geotechnical perspective. Stormwater quality control basins should be constructed with an impermeable liner along the sides and bottom.

#### 5.3.2 Foundation Design Criteria

Preliminary foundation design criteria, in general conformance with the 2019 CBC, are presented herein. These are typical design criteria and are not intended to supersede the design by the structural engineer. The preliminary recommendations presented below are based on an assumed maximum column load of 150 kips for the planned buildings. Once actual structural loads and grading concepts are known, supplemental recommendations may be warranted which may require additional test borings and laboratory testing.

Based on our visual classification of materials encountered and as verified by laboratory testing, soils near subgrade are anticipate to exhibit a "medium" ( $51 \le EI \le 90$ ) potential for expansion



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per ASTM D4829. Materials with "low" ( $21 \le El \le 50$ ) expansiveness may also be encountered at depth and could be placed as engineered fill soils depending on grading logistics. Additional laboratory testing should be performed at the time of supplemental geotechnical evaluations and upon completion of grading activities to verify the expansion potential and plasticity index of the subgrade soils.

The following criteria for design of foundations are preliminary. Additional laboratory testing of the samples obtained during grading should be performed and final recommendations should be based on as-graded soil conditions.

DESIGN PARAMETES F	OR CONVENTIONALL REIN FOUNDATIONS	FORCED SHALLOW		
Design Parameter	"Low" Expansion Potential (21≤El≤50)	"Medium" Expansion Potential (5 l ≤El≤90)		
Foundation Embedment Depth or Minimum Perimeter Beam Depth (inches below lowest adjacent finished grade)	One- and Two Story – 12 Three-Story – 18 Four and Five-Story – 24	One- and Two Story – 18 Three -Story- 24 Four and Five-Story – 30		
Minimum Foundation Width (Inches)*	One- and Two Story – 12 Three-Story- 15 Four and Five-Story – 18	One- and Two Story – 12 Three-Story – 18 Four and Five-Story – 24		
Minimum Slab Thickness (actual)	4 inches	4 inches		
Minimum Slab Reinforcing	No. 3 rebar 24" on-center, each way, placed in the middle one-third of the slab thickness	No. 3 rebar 18" on-center, each way, placed in the middle one-third of the slab thickness		
Minimum Footing Reinforcement	Two No. 4 reinforcing bars, one top and one bottom	Four No. 4 reinforcing bars, two top and two bottom		
Effective Plasticity Index**	<15	16< PI<30		
Presaturation of Subgrade Soil (percent of optimum moisture content)	Minimum 110% to a depth of 12 inches	Minimum 120% to a depth of 18 inches		

<sup>\*</sup>Code minimums per Table 1809.7 of the 2019 CBC should be complied with.

It should be noted that the above recommendations are based on soil support characteristics only. The structural engineer should design the slab and beam reinforcement based on actual loading conditions.

The following recommendations should be implemented into the design:

 Preliminarily, an allowable bearing capacity of 2,500 pounds per square foot (psf) may be considered for design of continuous and perimeter footings that meet the depth



<sup>\*\*</sup>Effective Plasticity Index should be verified at the completion of the rough grading.

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and width requirements in the table above. This value may be increased by 400 psf for each additional 12 inches in depth and 100 psf for each additional 12 inches in width to a maximum value of 3,000 psf. Additionally, an increase of one-third may be applied when considering short-term live loads (e.g. seismic and wind loads). It may be possible to utilize a higher allowable soil bearing pressure for foundations directly supported by bedrock. The determination of an allowable soil bearing pressure on bedrock should be determined once foundation loads and elevations are known.

- Based on our experience in the area, structural foundations may be designed in accordance with 2019 CBC, and to withstand a total settlement of I inch and maximum differential settlement of one-half of the total settlement over a horizontal distance of 30 feet. Seismically induced settlement is considered to be minimal.
- The passive earth pressure may preliminarily be computed as an equivalent fluid having a density of 220 psf per foot of depth, to a maximum earth pressure of 2,500 psf for footings founded on engineered fill. A coefficient of friction between soil and concrete of 0.35 may be used with dead load forces. When combining passive pressure and frictional resistance, the passive pressure component should be reduced by one-third.
- A grade beam, a minimum of 12 inches wide and 12 inches deep, should be utilized
  across large entrances, however, the base of the grade beam should be at the same
  elevation as the bottom of the adjoining footings.
- We recommend that control joints be placed in two directions spaced the numeric
  equivalent roughly 24 times the thickness of the slab in inches (e.g. a 4 inch slab would
  have control joints at 96 inch [8 feet] centers). These joints are a widely accepted
  means to control cracks and should be reviewed by the structural engineer.

#### 5.3.3 Underslab Moisture Membrane

A moisture and vapor retarding system should be placed below slabs-on-grade where moisture migration through the slab is undesirable. Guidelines for these are provided in the 2019 California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen) Section 4.505.2 and the 2019 CBC Section 1907.1

It should be realized that the effectiveness of the vapor retarding membrane can be adversely impacted as a result of construction related punctures (e.g. stake penetrations, tears, punctures from walking on the vapor retarder placed atop the underlying aggregate layer, etc.). These occurrences should be limited as much as possible during construction. Thicker membranes are



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generally more resistant to accidental puncture that thinner ones. Products specifically designed for use as moisture/vapor retarders may also be more puncture resistant. Although the CBC specifies a 6 mil vapor retarder membrane, it is GeoTek's opinion that a minimum 10 mil membrane with joints properly overlapped and sealed should be considered, unless otherwise specified by the slab design professional.

Moisture and vapor retarding systems are intended to provide a certain level of resistance to vapor and moisture transmission through the concrete, but do not eliminate it. The acceptable level of moisture transmission through the slab is to a large extent based on the type of flooring used and environmental conditions. Ultimately, the vapor retarding system should be comprised of suitable elements to limit migration of water and reduce transmission of water vapor through the slab to acceptable levels. The selected elements should have suitable properties (i.e. thickness, composition, strength and permeability) to achieve the desired performance level.

Moisture retarders can reduce, but not eliminate, moisture vapor rise from the underlying soils up through the slab. Moisture retarder systems should be designed and constructed in accordance with applicable American Concrete Institute, Portland Cement Association, Post-Tensioning Concrete Institute, ASTM and California Building Code requirements and guidelines.

GeoTek does not practice in the field of moisture vapor transmission evaluation/migration, since that practice is not a geotechnical discipline. Therefore, we recommend that a qualified person, such as the flooring contractor, structural engineer, architect, and/or other experts specializing in moisture control within the building be consulted to evaluate the general and specific moisture and vapor transmission paths and associated potential impact on the proposed construction. That person (or persons) should provide recommendations relative to the slab moisture and vapor retarder systems and for migration of potential adverse impact of moisture vapor transmission on various components of the structures, as deemed appropriate. In addition, the recommendations in this report and our services in general are not intended to address mold prevention; since we, along with geotechnical consultants in general, do not practice in the area of mold prevention. If specific recommendations addressing potential mold issues are desired, then a professional mold prevention consultant should be contacted.

#### 5.3.4 Miscellaneous Foundation Recommendations



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- To reduce moisture penetration beneath the slab on grade areas, utility trenches should be backfilled with engineered fill, lean concrete or concrete slurry where they intercept the perimeter footing or thickened slab edge.
- Spoils from the footing excavations should not be placed in the slab-on-grade areas unless properly compacted and tested. The excavations should be free of loose/sloughed materials and be neatly trimmed at the time of concrete placement.

#### 5.3.5 Foundation Set Backs

Where applicable, the following setbacks should apply to all foundations. Any improvements not conforming to these setbacks may be subject to lateral movements and/or differential settlements:

- The outside bottom edge of all footings should be set back a minimum of H/3 (where
  H is the slope height) from the face of any descending slope. The setback should be
  at least 7 feet and need not exceed 40 feet.
- The bottom of all footings for structures near retaining walls should be deepened so as to extend below a 1:1 projection upward from the bottom inside edge of the wall stem. This applies to the existing retaining walls along the perimeter, if they are to remain.
- The bottom of any existing foundations for structures should be deepened so as to extend below a 1:1 projection upward from the bottom of the nearest excavation.

#### 5.3.6 Seismic Design Parameters

The property is located at approximately 33.1394 Latitude and -117.1961 Longitude. Spectral accelerations (Ss and S1), for 0.2 and 1.0 second periods for a risk targeted two (2) percent probability of exceedance in 50 years (MCER) were determined using the web interface provided by SEAOC/OSHPD (<a href="https://seismicmaps.org">https://seismicmaps.org</a>) to access the USGS Seismic Design Parameters. We have selected a Site Class "C" based on the apparent density of the old alluvial deposits. The results, based on ASCE 7-16 and the 2019 CBC, are presented in the following table.



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SEISMIC PARAMETERS	
Mapped 0.2 sec Period Spectral Acceleration, Ss	0.897g
Mapped 1.0 sec Period Spectral Acceleration, S1	0.331g
Coefficient for Site Class "C", Fa	1.2
Coefficient for Site Class "C", Fv	1.5
Maximum Considered Earthquake (MCE <sub>R</sub> ) Spectral Response Acceleration for 0.2 Second, SMS	1.077g
Maximum Considered Earthquake (MCE <sub>R</sub> ) Spectral Response Acceleration for 1.0 Second, SMI	0.496g
5% Damped Design Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter at 0.2 Second, SDS	0.718g
5% Damped Design Spectral Response Acceleration Parameter at 1 second, SDI	0.331g
Modified Peak Ground Acceleration (PGA <sub>M</sub> )	0.465g
Seismic Design Category	D

#### **5.3.7 Soil Sulfate Content**

Nearby sulfate content test results indicate water soluble sulfate is less than 0.1 percent by weight, which is considered "S0" as per Table 19.3.1.1 of ACI 318-14, as such no special recommendations for concrete are included herein.

#### 5.3.8 Preliminary Pavement Design

Traffic indices have not been provided to our firm during this stage of planning. In addition, remedial graded has not been completed to evaluate specific street subgrade conditions. Therefore, we have referenced the minimum structural sections based on the City of San Marcos' Urban Street Design for residential streets (San Marcos, 2020) and are presented below.

PRELIMINARY ASPHALT PAVEMENT STRUCTURAL							
SECTION							
Design Criteria+	Asphaltic Concrete (AC) Thickness (inches)	Aggregate Base (AB) Thickness (inches)					
Residential	3.0	6.0					

As noted in the Urban Street Design document, actual structural pavement design is to be determined by the geotechnical engineer's testing (R-value) of the subgrade. Thus, the actual R-value of subgrade soils can only be determined at the completion of grading for street subgrade and the above values are subject to change based laboratory testing of the as-graded soils near subgrade elevations. The final pavement design may be thicker than the City of San Marcos minimum thickness presented above.



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Asphalt concrete and aggregate base should conform to current Caltrans Standard Specifications Section 39 and 26-1.02, respectively. As an alternative, asphalt concrete can conform to Section 203-6 of the current Standard Specifications for Public Work (Green Book). Crushed aggregate base or crushed miscellaneous base can conform to Section 200-2.2 and 200-2.4 of the Green Book, respectively. Pavement base should be compacted to at least 95 percent of the ASTM D1557 laboratory maximum dry density (modified proctor).

All pavement installation, including preparation and compaction of subgrade, compaction of base material, placement and rolling of asphaltic concrete, should be done in accordance with the city of San Marcos specifications, and under the observation and testing of GeoTek and a City Inspector where required. Jurisdictional minimum compaction requirements in excess of the aforementioned minimums may govern.

#### 5.4 RETAINING WALL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

#### 5.4.1 General Design Criteria

Preliminary plans are not yet available, if retaining walls are added at a later date, the recommendations presented herein may apply to typical masonry or concrete vertical retaining walls to a maximum height of 10 feet. Additional review and recommendations should be requested for higher walls.

Retaining wall foundations embedded a minimum of 18 inches into engineered fill or dense formational materials should be designed using an allowable bearing capacity of 2500 psf. An increase of one-third may be applied when considering short-term live loads (e.g. seismic and wind loads). The passive earth pressure may be computed as an equivalent fluid having a density of 220 psf per foot of depth, to a maximum earth pressure of 3,000 psf. A coefficient of friction between soil and concrete of 0.35 may be used with dead load forces. When combining passive pressure and frictional resistance, the passive pressure component should be reduced by one-third.

An equivalent fluid pressure approach may be used to compute the horizontal active pressure against the wall. The appropriate fluid unit weights are given in the table below for specific slope gradients of retained materials.



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Surface Slope of	Equivalent Fluid Pressure
Retained Materials	(PCF)
(H:V)	Select Backfill*
Level	35
2:1	55

<sup>\*</sup>Select backfill should consist of native or imported sand other approved materials with an SE>30 and an El≤20 and should be provided throughout the active zone.

The above equivalent fluid weights do not include other superimposed loading conditions such as expansive soil, vehicular traffic, structures, seismic conditions or adverse geologic conditions.

Additional lateral forces can be induced on retaining walls during an earthquake. For level backfill and a Site Class "C", a supplemental earthquake-induced equivalent fluid pressure of 14.4 pcf should be considered, where required. This force can be assumed to act as a typical fluid pressure, resulting in a triangular pressure distribution. The 2019 CBC only requires the additional earthquake induced lateral force be considered on retaining walls in excess of six (6) feet in height; however, the additional force may be applied in design of lesser walls at the discretion of the wall designer.

### 5.4.2 Restrained Retaining Walls

Any retaining wall that will be restrained prior to placing backfill or walls that have male or reentrant corners should be designed for at-rest soil conditions using an equivalent fluid pressure of 60 pcf (select backfill), plus any applicable surcharge loading. For areas having male or reentrant corners, the restrained wall design should extend a minimum distance equal to twice the height of the wall laterally from the corner, or as otherwise determined by the structural engineer.

#### 5.4.3 Wall Backfill and Drainage

Wall backfill should include a minimum one (I) foot wide section of ¾ to I-inch clean crushed rock (or approved equivalent). The rock should be placed immediately adjacent to the back of wall and extend up from the backdrain to within approximately I2 inches of finish grade. The upper I2 inches should consist of compacted onsite materials. If the walls are designed using the "select" backfill design parameters, then the "select" materials shall be placed within the active zone as defined by a I:I (H:V) projection from the back of the retaining wall footing up to the retained surface behind the wall. Presence of other materials might necessitate revision to the parameters provided and modification of wall designs.



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The backfill materials should be placed in lifts no greater than 8-inches in thickness and compacted to a minimum of 90% of the maximum dry density as determined in accordance with ASTM Test Method D 1557. Proper surface drainage needs to be provided and maintained. Water should not be allowed to pond behind retaining walls. Waterproofing of walls should be performed where moisture migration through the wall is undesirable.

Retaining walls should be provided with an adequate pipe and gravel back drain system to reduce the potential for hydrostatic pressures to develop. A 4-inch diameter perforated collector pipe (Schedule 40 PVC, or approved equivalent) in a minimum of one (I) cubic foot per lineal foot of 3/8 to one (I) inch clean crushed rock or equivalent, wrapped in filter fabric should be placed near the bottom of the backfill and be directed (via a solid outlet pipe) to an appropriate disposal area.

Drain outlets should be maintained over the life of the future proejct and should not be obstructed or plugged by adjacent improvements.

#### 5.5 POST CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

#### 5.5.1 Landscape Maintenance and Planting

Water has been shown to weaken the inherent strength of soil, and slope stability is significantly reduced by overly wet conditions. Positive surface drainage away from graded slopes should be maintained and only the amount of irrigation necessary to sustain plant life should be provided for planted slopes. Controlling surface drainage and runoff and maintaining a suitable vegetation cover can minimize erosion. Plants selected for landscaping should be lightweight, deep-rooted types that require little water and are capable of surviving the prevailing climate.

Overwatering should be avoided. The soils should be maintained in a solid to semi-solid state as defined by the materials Atterberg Limits. Care should be taken when adding soil amendments to avoid excessive watering. Leaching as a method of soil preparation prior to planting is not recommended. An abatement program to control ground-burrowing rodents should be implemented and maintained. This is critical as burrowing rodents can decreased the long-term performance of slopes.

It is common for planting to be placed adjacent to structures in planter or lawn areas. This will result in the introduction of water into the ground adjacent to the foundation. This type of landscaping should be avoided. If used, then extreme care should be exercised with regard to the irrigation and drainage in these areas. Waterproofing of the foundation and/or subdrains may



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be warranted and advisable. We could discuss these issues, if desired, when plans are made available.

#### 5.5.2 Drainage

The need to maintain proper surface drainage and subsurface systems cannot be overly emphasized. Positive drainage should be maintained at all times. Drainage should not flow uncontrolled down any descending slope. Water should be directed away from foundations and not allowed to pond or seep into the ground adjacent to the footings. Property drainage should conform to Section 1804.4 of the 2019 CBC. Roof gutters and downspouts should discharge onto paved surfaces sloping away from the structure or into a closed pipe system which outfalls to the street gutter pan or directly to the storm drain system. Pad drainage should be directed toward approved areas and not be blocked by other improvements.

#### 5.6 PLAN REVIEW AND CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS

We recommend that future grading, specifications, retaining wall/shoring plans and foundation plans be reviewed by this office prior to construction to check for conformance with the recommendations of this report. Additional recommendations may be necessary based on these reviews. We also recommend that GeoTek representatives be present during future grading and foundation construction to check for proper implementation of the geotechnical recommendations. The owner/developer should have GeoTek's representative perform at least the following duties:

- Observe clearing and grubbing operations for proper removal of unsuitable materials.
- Observe and test bottom of removals prior to fill placement.
- Evaluate the suitability of on-site and import materials for fill placement, and collect soil samples for laboratory testing when necessary.
- Observe the fill for uniformity during placement including utility trenches.
- Observe and test the fill for field density and relative compaction.
- Observe and probe foundation excavations to confirm suitability of bearing materials.

If requested, a construction observation and compaction report can be provided by GeoTek, which can comply with the requirements of the governmental agencies having jurisdiction over the future development. We recommend that these agencies be notified prior to commencement of construction so that necessary grading permits can be obtained.



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#### 6. LIMITATIONS

The scope of our evaluation is limited to the area explored that is shown on the Boring Location Map (Figure 2). This evaluation does not and should in no way be construed to encompass any areas beyond the specific area of proposed construction as indicated to us by the client. The scope is based on our understanding of the future development and the client's needs, our proposal (Proposal No. P-0300620-SD) dated March 25, 2020 and geotechnical engineering standards normally used on similar property in this region.

The materials observed on the property appear to be representative of the area; however, soil and bedrock materials vary in character between excavations and natural outcrops or conditions exposed during property construction. Property conditions may vary due to seasonal changes or other factors. GeoTek, Inc. assumes no responsibility or liability for work, testing or recommendations performed or provided by others.

Since our recommendations are based on the property conditions observed and encountered, and laboratory testing, our conclusions and recommendations are professional opinions that are limited to the extent of the available data. Observations during construction are important to allow for any change in recommendations found to be warranted. These opinions have been derived in accordance with current standards of practice and no warranty is expressed or implied. Standards of practice are subject to change with time.



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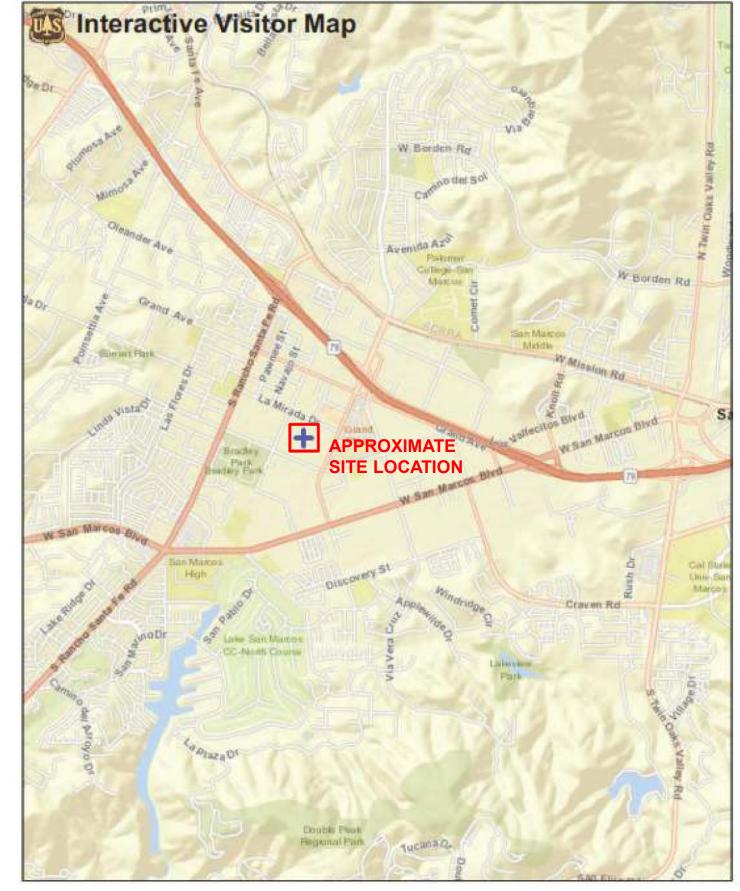
Pacific GPA/Rezone Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project, San Marcos, California

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Interactive Visitor Map from US Forestry Service, 2021

NOT TO SCALE



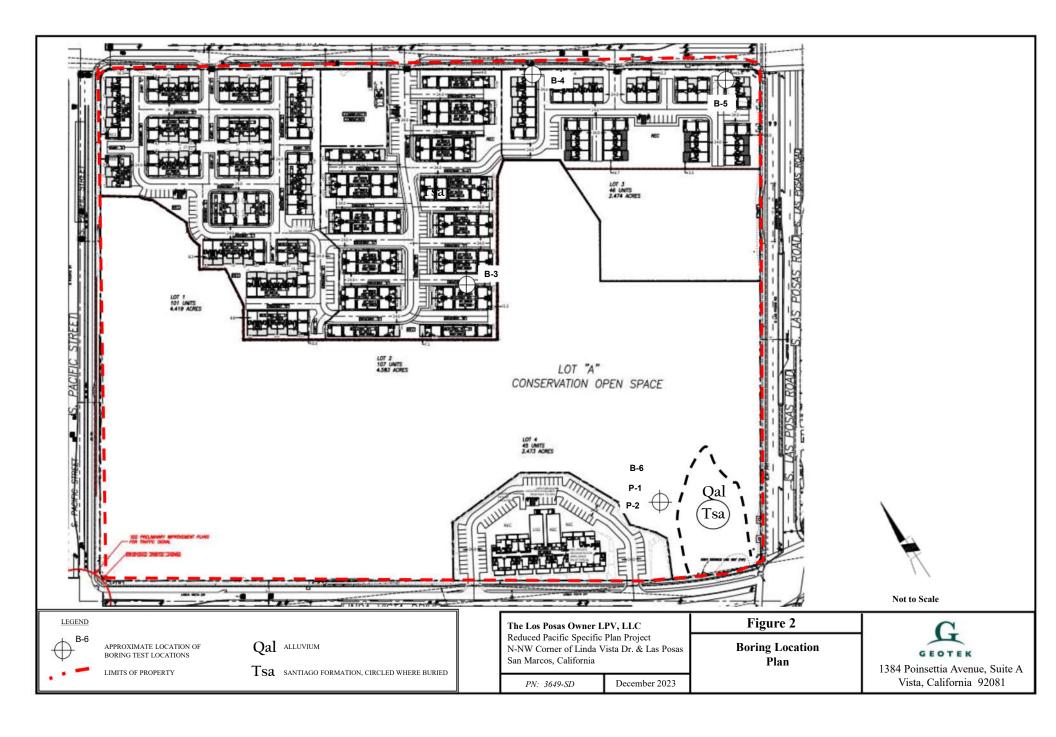
1384 Poinsettia Avenue, Suite A Vista, California 92081-8505



## **Site Location Map**

Pacific GPA/Rezone Project
NW Corner of Linda Vista & Las Posas Rd.
San Marcos, California

Figure 1



## **APPENDIX A**

EXPLORATORY BORING LOGS
AND
INFILTRATION WORKSHEETS



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#### A - FIELD TESTING AND SAMPLING PROCEDURES

#### The Modified Split-Barrel Sampler (Ring)

The Ring sampler is driven into the ground in accordance with ASTM Test Method D 3550. The sampler, with an external diameter of 3.0 inches, is lined with 1-inch long, thin brass rings with inside diameters of approximately 2.4 inches. The sampler is typically driven into the ground 12 or 18 inches with a 140-pound hammer free falling from a height of 30 inches. Blow counts are recorded for every 6 inches of penetration as indicated on the log of boring. The samples are removed from the sample barrel in the brass rings, sealed, and transported to the laboratory for testing.

#### **Bulk Samples (Large)**

These samples are normally large bags of earth materials over 20 pounds in weight collected from the field by means of hand digging or exploratory cuttings.

#### **Bulk Samples (Small)**

These are plastic bag samples which are normally airtight and contain less than 5 pounds in weight of earth materials collected from the field by means of hand digging or exploratory cuttings. These samples are primarily used for determining natural moisture content and classification indices.

#### **B-EXCAVATION LOG LEGEND**

The following abbreviations and symbols often appear in the classification and description of soil and rock on the logs of borings and trenches:

#### **SOILS**

USCS Unified Soil Classification System

f-c Fine to coarse f-m Fine to medium

**GEOLOGIC** 

B: Attitudes Bedding: strike/dip
J: Attitudes Joint: strike/dip

C: Contact line

Dashed line denotes USCS material change
 Solid Line denotes unit / formational change
 Thick solid line denotes end of boring

(Additional denotations and symbols are provided on the logs)



CLIENT:									LOGGED BY: CDL			
			TNAM		Pa	cific San Marcos	DRILL METHOD:	CME-75 HAS	OPERAT		2	
		ATIC	T NO.:		- P :	3649-SD	HAMMER:	140lbs/30in	RIG TY	(PE:		CME-75
Ë	<i></i>	ATIC			See Boring	Locaiton Map	ELEVATION:		J.	AIE.	-	9/29/2020
	ft) E	Type Same	in 6	ES	Şipid (SS	MA <sup>-</sup>	BORING NO			(%)	S	poratory Testing
		$\bigvee$	Š	BB-1		Dirt Road Weathered Santiago/C CLAY, dark brown-bl	Colluvium					
	Δ-		13 22 74	R-1		Tertiary Santiago For Clayey medium SAND sample	rmation OSTONE, pale yellow, moist,	, very dense, transition ir	n	9.4	121.9	
ŀĐ		X	10 21 21	S-1		Clayey medium SAND	OSTONE, pale yellow, moist,	, very dense				
18	<u> </u>		11 50/6"	R-2		Clayey medium SAND	OSTONE, pale yellow, moist,	, very dense		11.4	124.3	
		X	12 20 24	S-2			ONE, orange brown and play ne in shoe, moist, hard, bed		se,			
0Mir 300						No groundwater encou Backfilled with soil cutt	HOLE TERMINATED A	T 19.5 FEET				
Q		Sam	nple typ	e:	1 -	Ring H—SPT	—Small Bulk	—Large Bulk	—No Rec	covery		
Q N S C L	=				AL = Atterb		EI = Expansion Index	SA = Sieve Analy			= R-Val	
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CLIENT: PROJECT NAME:					Posas Owner LPV, LLC cific San Marcos	DRILLER: _ DRILL METHOD:	Baja Exploration 8" HSA 3.75" ID	LOGGED			CDL
		T NO.:			3649-SD	HAMMER:	140lbs/30in	RIG T			CME-75
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1 -		25			brown, moist						
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PROJECT NAME: Pacific San Marcos DRILL METHOD: PROJECT NO.: 3649-sd HAMMER:				8" hsa 3.75" id i40ibs/30in	OPERAT			CME-75				
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ľ	-						HOLE TERMINATED A	T 19.5 FEET				
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30												
M		Sam	ple typ	oe:	— I	Ring 1—SPT	—Small Bulk	-Large Bulk	—No Re	covery		
II			tostine		AL = Atterb		EI = Expansion Index	SA = Sieve Analy			= R-Val	

SH = Shear Test

CO = Consolidation test

MD = Maximum Density

Lab testing:

SR = Sulfate/Resisitivity Test

#### **PERCOLATION DATA SHEET**

Project:	Pacific San Marcos		Job No.: <u>3649-SD</u>
Test Hole	No.: PB-I	Tested By: MRB	, Date: <u>9/30/20</u>
Depth of Ho	le As Drilled: 35.75"	Before Test:	After Test:

Reading No.	Time	Time Interval (Min)	Total Depth of Hole (Inches)	Initial Water Level (Inches)	Final Water Level (Inches)	A In Water Level (Inches)	Rate (minutes per inch)	Comments
1	8:56	30	35.75	10.5	11.75	1.25	0.03	
2	9:26	30	35.75	9.75	10.5	0.75	0.02	
3	9:56	30	35.75	8.75	9.5	0.75	0.02	
4	10:26	30	35.75	8.75	9.5	0.75	0.02	
5	10:56	30	35.75	8.25	9	0.75	0.02	
6	11:26	30	35.75	8.25	9	0.75	0.02	
7	11:56	30	35.75	7.5	8.25	0.75	0.02	
8	12:26	30	35.75	7.5	8.25	0.75	0.02	
9	12:56	30	35.75	6.5	7.25	0.75	0.02	
10	13:26	30	35.75	5.75	6.75	1	0.03	
II	13:56	30	35.75	6	7	1	0.03	
12	14:26	30	35.75	6.75	7.25	0.5	0.01	
13								
14								
15								
16								

Client: The Las Posas Owner LPV, LLC

Project: Pacific
Project No: 3649-SD
Date: 9/30/2020

Boring No. P-I

Havg = (Ho+HF)/2 =

## **Infiltration Rate (Porchet Method)**

Time Interval, At =	30	minutes
Final Depth to Water, DF =	7.25	inches
Test Hole Radius, r =	4.00	inches
Initial Depth to Water, Do =	6.75	inches
Total Test Hole Depth, DT =	35.75	inches

Equation - 
$$|t|$$
 =  $AH (60r)$ 
At  $(r+2Havg)$ 

Ho = DT - Do = 29.00 inches
Hf=Dt-Df = 28.50 inches
AH = AD = Ho- Hf = 0.50 inches

It= 0.07 Inches per Hour

28.75

inches



#### **PERCOLATION DATA SHEET**

Project: Pacific San Marcos				Job No.: _	3649-SD	
Test Hole N	o.: <u>PB-2</u>	Tested By:	MRB	, Date:	9/30/20	
Depth of Hole	As Drilled: 34.75	Before Test:		After Tes	st:	

Reading No.	Time	Time Interval (Min)	Total Depth of Hole (Inches)	Initial Water Level (Inches)	Final Water Level (Inches)	A In Water Level (Inches)	Rate (minutes per inch)	Comments
1	8:59	30	34.75	10.25	10.9	0.65	0.02	
2	9:29	30	34.75	9	9.25	0.25	0.01	
3	9:59	30	34.75	8.5	8.75	0.25	0.01	
4	10:29	30	34.75	7.75	8.5	0.75	0.02	
5	10:59	30	34.75	7	7.75	0.75	0.02	
6	11:29	30	34.75	7	7.75	0.75	0.02	
7	11:59	30	34.75	6.5	7.25	0.75	0.02	
8	12:29	30	34.75	6.5	7.25	0.75	0.02	
9	12:59	30	34.75	6.5	7	0.5	0.01	
10	13:29	30	34.75	6.75	7.25	0.5	0.01	
II	13:59	30	34.75	6.5	7	0.5	0.01	
12	14:29	30	34.75	6.75	7.25	0.5	0.01	
13								
14								

Client: The Las Posas Owner LPV, LLC

Project: Pacific
Project No: 3649-SD
Date: 9/30/2020

Boring No. P-2

## **Infiltration Rate (Porchet Method)**

30	minutes
7.25	inches
4.00	inches
6.75	inches
34.75	inches
	7.25 4.00 6.75

Equation - 
$$|t = AH (60r)$$
At  $(r+2Havg)$ 

$$H_0 = DT - D_0 =$$
 28.00 inches  $H_f = Dt - Df =$  27.50 inches  $AH = AD = H_0 - Hf =$  0.50 inches  $Havg = (H_0 + H_F)/2 =$  27.75 inches

 $I_t = 0.07$  Inches per Hour



## **APPENDIX B**

**RESULTS OF LABORATORY TESTING** 



Project No. 3649-SD

Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Revised Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation Revised Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation December 5 January 26, 2023

Pacific GPA/Rezone, Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project San Marcos, California Page B-1

#### SUMMARY OF LABORATORY TESTING

#### **Identification and Classification**

Soils were identified visually in general accordance to the standard practice for description and identification of soils (ASTM D2488). The soil identifications and classifications are shown on the logs of exploratory borings in Appendix A.

#### **Expansion Index**

Expansion Index testing was performed on one soil sample. Testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM Test Method D 4829. The results of the testing are provided below.

Boring No.	Depth (ft.)	Soil Type	Expansion Index	Classification
B-3	0-5	Dark Brown Black Clay	81	Medium

#### **Moisture-Density Relationship**

Laboratory testing was performed on one sample collected during the subsurface exploration. The laboratory maximum dry density and optimum moisture content for the soil type was determined in general accordance with test method ASTM Test Procedure D1557. The results of the testing are provided below.

Boring No.	Depth (ft.)	Description	Maximum Dry Density (pcf)	Optimum Moisture Content (%)
B-3	0-5	Dark Brown Black Clay	114.5	15.0



## **APPENDIX C**

**GENERAL EARTHWORK GRADING GUIDELINES** 



#### GENERAL GRADING GUIDELINES

Guidelines presented herein are intended to address general construction procedures for earthwork construction. Specific situations and conditions often arise which cannot reasonably be discussed in general guidelines, when anticipated these are discussed in the text of the report. Often unanticipated conditions are encountered which may necessitate modification or changes to these guidelines. It is our hope that these will assist the contractor to more efficiently complete the project by providing a reasonable understanding of the procedures that would be expected during earthwork and the testing and observation used to evaluate those procedures.

#### General

Grading should be performed to at least the minimum requirements of governing agencies, Chapters 18 and 33 of the California Building Code, CBC (2019) and the guidelines presented below.

#### **Preconstruction Meeting**

A preconstruction meeting should be held prior to site earthwork. Any questions the contractor has regarding our recommendations, general site conditions, apparent discrepancies between reported and actual conditions and/or differences in procedures the contractor intends to use should be brought up at that meeting. The contractor (including the main onsite representative) should review our report and these guidelines in advance of the meeting. Any comments the contractor may have regarding these guidelines should be brought up at that meeting.

#### **Grading Observation and Testing**

- I. Observation of the fill placement should be provided by our representative during grading. Verbal communication during the course of each day will be used to inform the contractor of test results. The contractor should receive a copy of the "Daily Field Report" indicating results of field density tests that day. If our representative does not provide the contractor with these reports, our office should be notified.
- 2. Testing and observation procedures are, by their nature, specific to the work or area observed and location of the tests taken, variability may occur in other locations. The contractor is responsible for the uniformity of the grading operations; our observations and test results are intended to evaluate the contractor's overall level of efforts during grading. The contractor's personnel are the only individuals participating in all aspect of site work. Compaction testing and observation should not be considered as relieving the contractor's responsibility to properly compact the fill.
- 3. Cleanouts, processed ground to receive fill, key excavations, and subdrains should be observed by our representative prior to placing any fill. It will be the contractor's responsibility to notify our representative or office when such areas are ready for observation.
- 4. Density tests may be made on the surface material to receive fill, as considered warranted by this firm.
- In general, density tests would be made at maximum intervals of two feet of fill height or every 1,000 cubic yards of fill placed. Criteria will vary depending on soil conditions and size of the fill. More frequent testing may be performed. In any case, an adequate number of field density tests should be made to evaluate the required compaction and moisture content is generally being obtained.



- 6. Laboratory testing to support field test procedures will be performed, as considered warranted, based on conditions encountered (e.g. change of material sources, types, etc.) Every effort will be made to process samples in the laboratory as quickly as possible and in progress construction projects are our first priority. However, laboratory workloads may cause in delays and some soils may require a **minimum of 48 to 72 hours to complete test procedures.** Whenever possible, our representative(s) should be informed in advance of operational changes that might result in different source areas for materials.
- 7. Procedures for testing of fill slopes are as follows:
  - a) Density tests should be taken periodically during grading on the flat surface of the fill, three to five feet horizontally from the face of the slope.
  - b) If a method other than over building and cutting back to the compacted core is to be employed, slope compaction testing during construction should include testing the outer six inches to three feet in the slope face to determine if the required compaction is being achieved.
- 8. Finish grade testing of slopes and pad surfaces should be performed after construction is complete.

#### **Site Clearing**

- I. All vegetation, and other deleterious materials, should be removed from the site. If material is not immediately removed from the site it should be stockpiled in a designated area(s) well outside of all current work areas and delineated with flagging or other means. Site clearing should be performed in advance of any grading in a specific area.
- 2. Efforts should be made by the contractor to remove all organic or other deleterious material from the fill, as even the most diligent efforts may result in the incorporation of some materials. This is especially important when grading is occurring near the natural grade. All equipment operators should be aware of these efforts. Laborers may be required as root pickers.
- 3. Nonorganic debris or concrete may be placed in deeper fill areas provided the procedures used are observed and found acceptable by our representative.

#### **Treatment of Existing Ground**

- Following site clearing, all surficial deposits of alluvium and colluvium as well as weathered or creep effected bedrock, should be removed unless otherwise specifically indicated in the text of this report.
- 2. In some cases, removal may be recommended to a specified depth (e.g. flat sites where partial alluvial removals may be sufficient). The contractor should not exceed these depths unless directed otherwise by our representative.
- 3. Groundwater existing in alluvial areas may make excavation difficult. Deeper removals than indicated in the text of the report may be necessary due to saturation during winter months.
- 4. Subsequent to removals, the natural ground should be processed to a depth of six inches, moistened to near optimum moisture conditions and compacted to fill standards.
- 5. Exploratory back hoe or dozer trenches still remaining after site removal should be excavated and filled with compacted fill if they can be located.

#### **Fill Placement**

I. Unless otherwise indicated, all site soil and bedrock may be reused for compacted fill; however, some special processing or handling may be required (see text of report).



- 2. Material used in the compacting process should be evenly spread, moisture conditioned, processed, and compacted in thin lifts six (6) to eight (8) inches in compacted thickness to obtain a uniformly dense layer. The fill should be placed and compacted on a nearly horizontal plane, unless otherwise found acceptable by our representative.
- 3. If the moisture content or relative density varies from that recommended by this firm, the contractor should rework the fill until it is in accordance with the following:
  - a) Moisture content of the fill should be at or above optimum moisture. Moisture should be evenly distributed without wet and dry pockets. Pre-watering of cut or removal areas should be considered in addition to watering during fill placement, particularly in clay or dry surficial soils. The ability of the contractor to obtain the proper moisture content will control production rates.
  - b) Each six-inch layer should be compacted to at least 90 percent of the maximum dry density in compliance with the testing method specified by the controlling governmental agency. In most cases, the testing method is ASTM Test Designation D 1557.
- 4. Rock fragments less than eight inches in diameter may be utilized in the fill, provided:
  - a) They are not placed in concentrated pockets;
  - b) There is a sufficient percentage of fine-grained material to surround the rocks;
  - c) The distribution of the rocks is observed by, and acceptable to, our representative.
- 5. Rocks exceeding eight (8) inches in diameter should be taken off site, broken into smaller fragments, or placed in accordance with recommendations of this firm in areas designated suitable for rock disposal. On projects where significant large quantities of oversized materials are anticipated, alternate guidelines for placement may be included. If significant oversize materials are encountered during construction, these guidelines should be requested.
- 6. In clay soil, dry or large chunks or blocks are common. If in excess of eight (8) inches minimum dimension, then they are considered as oversized. Sheepsfoot compactors or other suitable methods should be used to break up blocks. When dry, they should be moisture conditioned to provide a uniform condition with the surrounding fill.

#### **Slope Construction**

- I. The contractor should obtain a minimum relative compaction of 90 percent out to the finished slope face of fill slopes. This may be achieved by either overbuilding the slope and cutting back to the compacted core, or by direct compaction of the slope face with suitable equipment.
- 2. Slopes trimmed to the compacted core should be overbuilt by at least three (3) feet with compaction efforts out to the edge of the false slope. Failure to properly compact the outer edge results in trimming not exposing the compacted core and additional compaction after trimming may be necessary.
- 3. If fill slopes are built "at grade" using direct compaction methods, then the slope construction should be performed so that a constant gradient is maintained throughout construction. Soil should not be "spilled" over the slope face nor should slopes be "pushed out" to obtain grades. Compaction equipment should compact each lift along the immediate top of slope. Slopes should be back rolled or otherwise compacted at approximately every 4 feet vertically as the slope is built.
- 4. Corners and bends in slopes should have special attention during construction as these are the most difficult areas to obtain proper compaction.
- 5. Cut slopes should be cut to the finished surface. Excessive undercutting and smoothing of the face with fill may necessitate stabilization.



#### UTILITY TRENCH CONSTRUCTION AND BACKFILL

Utility trench excavation and backfill is the contractors responsibility. The geotechnical consultant typically provides periodic observation and testing of these operations. While efforts are made to make sufficient observations and tests to verify that the contractors' methods and procedures are adequate to achieve proper compaction, it is typically impractical to observe all backfill procedures. As such, it is critical that the contractor use consistent backfill procedures.

Compaction methods vary for trench compaction and experience indicates many methods can be successful. However, procedures that "worked" on previous projects may or may not prove effective on a given site. The contractor(s) should outline the procedures proposed, so that we may discuss them **prior** to construction. We will offer comments based on our knowledge of site conditions and experience.

- I. Utility trench backfill in slopes, structural areas, in streets and beneath flat work or hardscape should be brought to at least optimum moisture and compacted to at least 90 percent of the laboratory standard. Soil should be moisture conditioned prior to placing in the trench.
- 2. Flooding and jetting are not typically recommended or acceptable for native soils. Flooding or jetting may be used with select sand having a Sand Equivalent (SE) of 30 or higher. This is typically limited to the following uses:
  - a) shallow (12 + inches) under slab interior trenches and,
  - b) as bedding in pipe zone.
  - The water should be allowed to dissipate prior to pouring slabs or completing trench compaction.
- 3. Care should be taken not to place soils at high moisture content within the upper three feet of the trench backfill in street areas, as overly wet soils may impact subgrade preparation. Moisture may be reduced to 2% below optimum moisture in areas to be paved within the upper three feet below sub grade.
- 4. Sand backfill should not be allowed in exterior trenches adjacent to and within an area extending below a 1:1 projection from the outside bottom edge of a footing, unless it is similar to the surrounding soil.
- 5. Trench compaction testing is generally at the discretion of the geotechnical consultant. Testing frequency will be based on trench depth and the contractors procedures. A probing rod would be used to assess the consistency of compaction between tested areas and untested areas. If zones are found that are considered less compact than other areas, this would be brought to the contractors attention.

#### **JOB SAFETY**

#### General

Personnel safety is a primary concern on all job sites. The following summaries are safety considerations for use by all our employees on multi-employer construction sites. On ground personnel are at highest risk of injury and possible fatality on grading construction projects. The company recognizes that construction activities will vary on each site and that job site safety is the contractor's responsibility. However, it is, imperative that all personnel be safety conscious to avoid accidents and potential injury.



In an effort to minimize risks associated with geotechnical testing and observation, the following precautions are to be implemented for the safety of our field personnel on grading and construction projects.

- Safety Meetings: Our field personnel are directed to attend the contractor's regularly scheduled safety meetings.
- Safety Vests: Safety vests are provided for and are to be worn by our personnel while on the job site.
- 3. Safety Flags: Safety flags are provided to our field technicians; one is to be affixed to the vehicle when on site, the other is to be placed atop the spoil pile on all test pits.

In the event that the contractor's representative observes any of our personnel not following the above, we request that it be brought to the attention of our office.

#### **Test Pits Location, Orientation and Clearance**

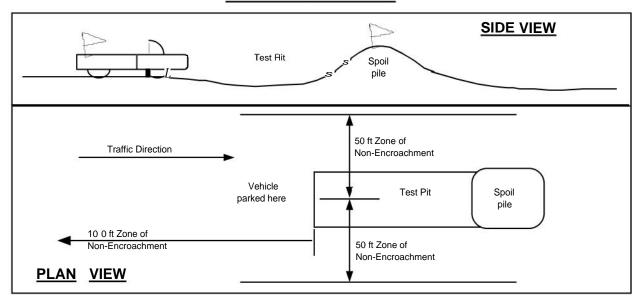
The technician is responsible for selecting test pit locations. The primary concern is the technician's safety. However, it is necessary to take sufficient tests at various locations to obtain a representative sampling of the fill. As such, efforts will be made to coordinate locations with the grading contractors authorized representatives (e.g. dump man, operator, supervisor, grade checker, etc.), and to select locations following or behind the established traffic pattern, preferably outside of current traffic. The contractors authorized representative should direct excavation of the pit and safety during the test period. Again, safety is the paramount concern.

Test pits should be excavated so that the spoil pile is placed away from oncoming traffic. The technician's vehicle is to be placed next to the test pit, opposite the spoil pile. This necessitates that the fill be maintained in a drivable condition. Alternatively, the contractor may opt to park a piece of equipment in front of test pits, particularly in small fill areas or those with limited access.

A zone of non-encroachment should be established for all test pits (see diagram below). No grading equipment should enter this zone during the test procedure. The zone should extend outward to the sides approximately 50 feet from the center of the test pit and 100 feet in the direction of traffic flow. This zone is established both for safety and to avoid excessive ground vibration, which typically decreases test results.



#### **TEST PIT SAFETY PLAN**



#### **Slope Tests**

When taking slope tests, the technician should park their vehicle directly above or below the test location on the slope. The contractor's representative should effectively keep all equipment at a safe operation distance (e.g. 50 feet) away from the slope during testing.

The technician is directed to withdraw from the active portion of the fill as soon as possible following testing. The technician's vehicle should be parked at the perimeter of the fill in a highly visible location.

#### **Trench Safety**

It is the contractor's responsibility to provide safe access into trenches where compaction testing is needed. Trenches for all utilities should be excavated in accordance with CAL-OSHA and any other applicable safety standards. Safe conditions will be required to enable compaction testing of the trench backfill.

All utility trench excavations in excess of 5 feet deep, which a person enters, are to be shored or laid back. Trench access should be provided in accordance with OSHA standards. Our personnel are directed not to enter any trench by being lowered or "riding down" on the equipment.

Our personnel are directed not to enter any excavation which;

- I. is 5 feet or deeper unless shored or laid back,
- 2. exit points or ladders are not provided,
- 3. displays any evidence of instability, has any loose rock or other debris which could fall into the trench, or
- 4. displays any other evidence of any unsafe conditions regardless of depth.

If the contractor fails to provide safe access to trenches for compaction testing, our company policy requires that the soil technician withdraws and notifies their supervisor. The contractors representative will then be contacted in an effort to effect a solution. All backfill not tested due to safety concerns or other reasons is subject to reprocessing and/or removal.



#### **Procedures**

In the event that the technician's safety is jeopardized or compromised as a result of the contractor's failure to comply with any of the above, the technician is directed to inform both the developer's and contractor's representatives. If the condition is not rectified, the technician is required, by company policy, to immediately withdraw and notify their supervisor. The contractor's representative will then be contacted in an effort to effect a solution. No further testing will be performed until the situation is rectified. Any fill placed in the interim can be considered unacceptable and subject to reprocessing, recompaction or removal.

In the event that the soil technician does not comply with the above or other established safety guidelines, we request that the contractor bring this to technicians attention and notify our project manager or office. Effective communication and coordination between the contractors' representative and the field technician(s) is strongly encouraged in order to implement the above safety program and safety in general.

The safety procedures outlined above should be discussed at the contractor's safety meetings. This will serve to inform and remind equipment operators of these safety procedures particularly the zone of non-encroachment.

The safety procedures outlined above should be discussed at the contractor's safety meetings. This will serve to inform and remind equipment operators of these safety procedures particularly the zone of non-encroachment.



May 8, 2024 Project No. 3649-SD

#### The Las Posas Owner LPV, LLC,

A Delaware Limited Liability Company 2235 Encinitas Boulevard, Suite 216 Encinitas, California 92024

Attention: Mr. Greg Waite

**Subject:** Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative

Corner of Linda Vista Drive & Los Posas Road

San Marcos, California

Dear Mr. Waite:

This memorandum (memo) presents a discussion in regard to a development plan for the subject project location. An updated project discussion, conclusions, and recommendations are presented in this memo.

## 2.2 Future Development / Project Description

The Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative consists of 299 residential units, including a mix of rowhomes, villas, and affordable units on approximately 13.3 acres of the 33.2-acre project site. This reduced project alternative includes a total of 646 parking spaces and 111,025 square feet of common open space area. 45 of the 299 total units (15% of the total) would be designated as deed-restricted affordable units (this alternative project reserves the option to contribute to the affordable housing fund by paying the in-lieu fee). This reduced project alternative also includes landscaping, bio-retention areas, and circulation improvements. The remaining approximately 19.9 acres of the 33.2-acre project site would be preserved and restored as open space and habitat area. This reduced project alternative would have a density of approximately 8.99 dwelling units per acre, including the open space and habitat area.

As planning progresses and additional or revised plans become available, they should be provided to GeoTek for review and comment. If plans vary significantly, additional geotechnical field exploration, laboratory testing and engineering analyses may be necessary to provide specific earthwork recommendations and geotechnical design parameters for actual development plans.

#### 5.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

#### 5.1 General

The Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project was compared to the findings, conclusions, and recommendations presented in GeoTek's December 5, 2023 report and a revised report is not recommended at this time. An updated Boring Location Plan presenting the Reduce Pacific Specific Plan Project Alternative is presented as Figure 2. Future development of the property appears feasible from a geotechnical viewpoint provided that the recommendations presented in GeoTek's referenced December 5, 2023 report are incorporated into the design, construction, and post construction phases of the project. Due to the preliminary nature of this report, supplemental geotechnical evaluations of the property are anticipated at future dates once more detailed development plans are available. Those supplemental geotechnical recommendations will supersede the preliminary recommendations provided in this report.

### **Closure**

The opportunity to be of service is sincerely appreciated. If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to call our office.

Respectfully submitted,

GeoTek, Inc.

Bruce A. Hick GE 2284

Geotechnical Engineer

Christopher D. Livesey

**CEG 2733** 

Principal Geologist

Christopher D. Livesey

Christopher D. Livesey

2733

**ENCLOSURES** 

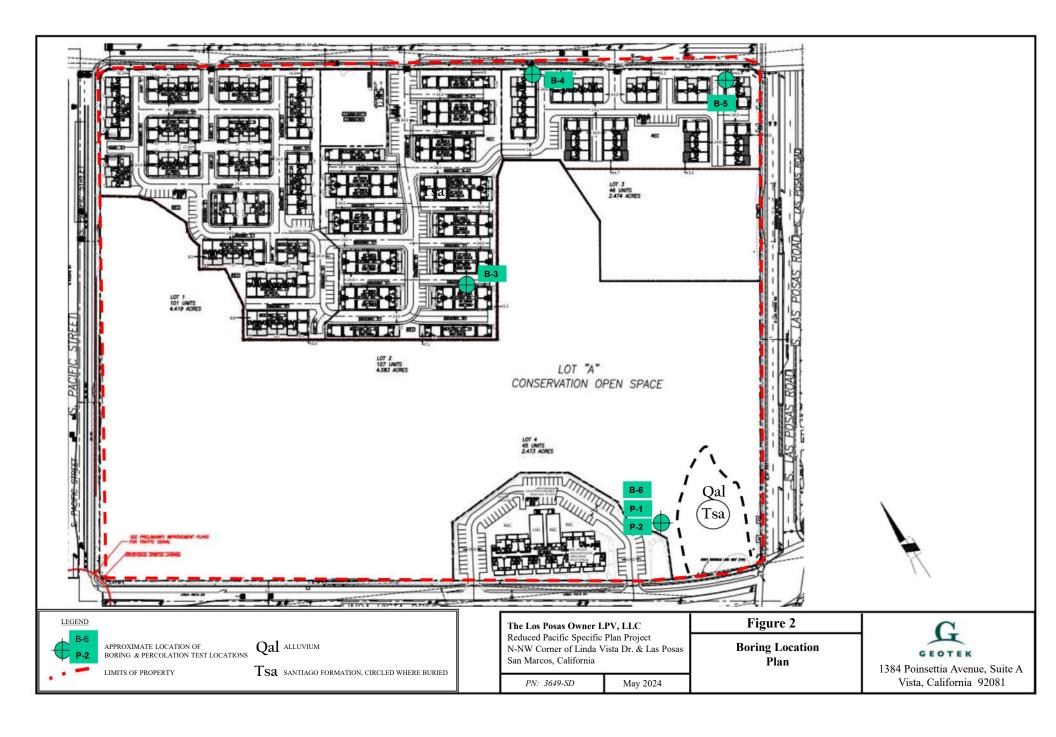
Figure 2 – Boring Location Map



## **Selected References**

GeoTek, Inc. 2023, Reduced Pacific Specific Plan Project, Northwest Corner of Linda Vista, Drive & Los Posas Road, San Marcos, California, Project Number 3649-SD, dated December 5, 2023.





			BIOFII	EXHIBIT B LTRATION MAINTENANCE	ACTIVITIE	s							
ROUTINE ACTION	MAINTENANCE INDICATOR	FIELD MEASUREMENT	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY		Maintenance Frequency (# of times per year)	Hours per Event	Average Labor Crew Size	Labor Rate/Hr. (\$)	Equipment	Equipment Cost/Hour (\$)	Materials & Incidentals Cost or Disposal Cost/Event (\$)	Total cost per visit (\$)	Total cost per year (\$)
Sediment Management	Accumulation of sediment, litter or debris	Visual observation	Monthly	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials, without damage to the vegetation or compaction of the media layer (expected once a year)	12.0	0.3	1	\$ 49.86	Utility Truck, 10-15 yd Truck, Backhoe	\$ 56.02		\$ 76	\$ 918
/egetation Management	Poor vegetation establishment Dead or diseased vegetation	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Re-seed, re-plant, or re-establish vegetation per original plans kemove dead or diseased vegetation, re-seed, re-plant or re-establish vegetation per original plans (expected every 5 years)	0.2	4.0	2	\$ 51.02	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 466	\$ 93
Vegetation Management for Aesthetics (optional)	Overgrown vegetation	Visual observation	Monthly, and as needed	Mow or trim as appropriate	12.0	1.0	2	\$ 49.86	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39	\$ 50.00	\$ 164	\$ 1,969
Soil Repair	2/3 of mulch has decomposed, or mulch has been removed	Visual observation	Annually, and as needed	Remove decomposed fraction and top off with fresh mulch to a total depth of 3 inches	1.0	2.0	2	\$ 49.86	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 228	\$ 228
Soil Repair	Evidence of erosion due to concentrated irrigation flow Evidence of erosion due to concentrated storm water runoff flow	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas and adjust the irrigation system  Repair/re-seed/re-plant eroded areas, and make corrective measures such as adding erosion control blankets, adding stone at flow entry points, or minor re-grading to restore proper drainage according to the original plan. If the issue is not corrected by restoring the BMP to the original plan and grade, the (City Engineer) shall be contacted prior to any additional repairs or reconstruction. (expected every 10 years)	0.1	4.0	2	\$ 51.02	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39	\$ 150.00	\$ 616	\$ 62
Standing Water	Standing water in BMP for longer than 24 hours following a storm event. Surface ponding longer than approximately 24 hours following a storm event may be detrimental to vegetation health	Visual observation	Annually, 24 hours after a target storm event	Make appropriate corrective measures such as adjusting irrigation system, removing obstructions of debris or invasive vegetation, clearing underdrains, or repairing/replacing clogged or compacted soils. (expected every 10 years)	0.1	12.0	2	\$ 67.74	Utility Truck, 10-15 yd Truck, Backhoe	\$ 56.02		\$ 2,298	\$ 230
General Maintenance Inspection	Underdrain clogged	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Clear blockage (expected every 5 years)	0.2	4.0	2	\$ 49.86	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 456	\$ 91
Seneral Maintenance Inspection	Obstruction of inlet or outlet structure	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Clear blockage	1.0	0.5	2	\$ 49.86	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 57	\$ 57
	Damage to structural components such as weirs, inlet or outlet structures	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Corrective action prior to wet season. Consult engineers if immediate solution is not evident.	1.0	0.5	2	\$ 67.74	Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 75	\$ 75
/ector Control	Presence of mosquitos/larvae	Visual observation	Annually	If mosquitos/larvae are observed; first, immediately remove any standing water by dispersing to nearby landscaping; second, make corrective measures as applicable to restore BMP drainage to prevent standing water.(included in Standing Water Maintenance Activity)									
	•			Average Annual Total		39.4							\$ 3,723
				Large Biofiltration (1850sf)	- 17								\$ 7,028

			STORAGE	EXHIBIT B	TIVITIES									
ROUTINE ACTION	MAINTENANCE INDICATOR	FIELD MEASUREMENT	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY		Maintenance Frequency (# of times per year)	Hours per Event	Average Labor Crew Size	Labor Rate/Hr. (	Equipment	Equipment Cost/Hour (\$	Materials & Incidentals Cost or Disposal Cost/Event	Total cost per visit (\$		rear
Sediment Management	Accumulation of sediment, litter or debris at the inlet	Visual observation	Monthly	Remove and properly dispose of accumulated materials	12.0	0.3	1	\$ 49	86 Utility Truck	\$ 14.39	(9)	\$ 16	\$ 1	93
Sediment Management	Accumulation of sediment, litter or debris in storage container	Visual observation	Semi-annually (minimum) or when debris accumulation is 25% of the total container volume, or accumulation blocks outlet, whichever is more frequent		2.0	1.0	2	\$ 49	86 Utility Truck Vactor	\$ 77.09	\$ 66.67	\$ 243	\$ \$ 4	87 x
Standing Water	Standing water in storage container between storm events outside of normal use timeframe for the stored water. Normal use timeframe is 36 to 96 hours following a storm event depending on the purpose and design of the cistern.	Visual observation	Annually, 96 hours after a target storm event	Use the water as intended, or disperse to landscaping.	1.0	4.0	2	\$ 49	86 Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 456	i \$ 4	56 х
General Maintenance Inspection	Leaks or other damage to storage container	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Repair or replace as applicable. (expected every 5 years)	0.2	2.0	2	\$ 67	74 Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 300	\$	60
General Maintenance Inspection	Leaks or other damage to ancillary parts including valves, piping, screens, level indicators, and other accessories.	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Repair or replace as applicable. (expected every 5 years)	0.2	2.0	2	\$ 67	74 Utility Truck	\$ 56.02		\$ 383	\$	77
General Maintenance Inspection	Outlet blocked	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Clear blockage	1.0	0.1	2	\$ 49	86 Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 11	. \$	11
General Maintenance Inspection	Cistern leaning or unstable, damage to roof, supports, anchors, or foundation	Visual observation	Annually, prior to start of wet season	Make repairs as appropriate to correct the problem and stabilize the system. (expected every 10 years)	0.1	4.0	2	\$ 67	74 Utility Truck	\$ 14.39		\$ 599	\$	60
Vector Control	Presence of mosquitos/larvae	Visual observation	Annually	If mosquitos/larvae are observed; first, immediately remove any standing water by using water as intended for irrigation or alternative grey water, or by dispersing to landscaping; second, check cistern outlet for blockage and clear blockage if applicable to restore drainage; third, install barriers such as screens that prevent mosquito access to storage container. (included in Standing Water Maintenance Activity)										
				Average Annual Total		17.6							\$ 1,3	44
-				Large VAULT (9,500 cf)		41.6							\$ 2,8	17