

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS STUDY

FOR THE:

11011 TORREYANA RD. SAN DIEGO, CA 92121 APN: 340-010-29

PREPARED FOR:

BRIDGEWEST GROUP 7310 MIRAMAR ROAD, SUITE 500 SAN DIEGO, CA 92126 858.412.2027

PREPARED BY:

WARE MALCOMB 3911 SORRENTO VALLEY BLVD. SUITE 120 SAN DIEGO, CA 92121 858.638.7277 PROJECT NO: SG20-0111

DATE PREPARED:

10/15/2022

REVISION DATE(S):

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1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 PURPOSE OF STUDY

The purpose of this study is to support the design and construction for the re-development of one of the industrial lots within the Torrey Pines Science Park.

The study will provide the following:

- Determine the 100-year onsite and offsite peak flows for pre-development and post development conditions.
- Confirm post-development peak flows does not exceed pre-development peak flows.
- Appropriately size all drainage structures throughout the proposed development.
- Ensure there are no negative impacts to the surrounding and downstream properties

1.2 PROJECT SETTING

The existing project site consists of 2.92 acres of industrial development and 7.30 acres of offsite vegetated area for a total of 10.24 acres. Located within the census-designated place (CDP) limits of the City of San Diego, the project is site is bounded by Torreyana Road to the west, existing industrial developments to the north and south, and natural vegetation to the east. The APN for the project site is 340-010-29 and has a designed land use of Industrial Park.

The proposed project intends to re-develop 3.50 acres of the parcel leaving 6.74 acres to remain as offsite vegetation. The re-development will include a new multi-story building, two (2) driveways, a parking lot, and two (2) underground storm water systems. The underground storm water system will be used for water quality and peak flow mitigation. Refer to the Vicinity Map below.

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Figure 1: Vicinity Map





2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 TOPOGRAPHY

Two points of compliance (POC)s have been identified for the existing project, POC1 and POC2. The existing topography for POC1 generally drains southeast to an existing storm system. Runoff captured in the existing storm system for POC1 is conveyed and discharged to the vegetated offsite area east of the proposed development. The existing topography for POC2 generally drains to the north to an existing catch basin near the northern property line of the project site. Runoff captured in the existing catch basin for POC2 is conveyed and discharged to the vegetated offsite area east of the proposed development.

2.2 PRECIPITATION

Precipitation values for the 6-hour and 24-hour hydrologic analysis were determined using the County of San Diego isopluvial maps. The 100-year 6-hour rainfall event has a precipitation of 2.3 in and the 100-year 24-hour rainfall event has a precipitation of 3.9 in. Refer to **Appendix A** for the County of San Diego isopluvial maps.

2.3 SOIL TYPES

The type of soil and soil conditions are major factors affecting infiltration and resultant storm water runoff. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has classified soils into four general hydrologic soil groups for comparing infiltration and runoff rates. The groups are based on properties that influence runoff, such as water infiltration rate, texture, natural discharge and moisture condition. The runoff potential is based on the amount of runoff at the end of a long duration storm that occurs after wetting and swelling of the soil not protected by vegetation.

Using the NRCS GIS soil data, this site was identified to have both Type B and D soils. Refer to **Appendix A** for NRCS Web Soil Survey Report.

2.4 FEMA MAPPING

The project site is covered by Map Number 06073C1338G of the FEMA Flood Insurance rate Map (FIRM) for the City of San Diego. The project is within a Zone X, which is not a Special Flood Hazard Area. A Zone X are areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplain. Refer to **Appendix A** for the FEMA FIRM Map.



3.0 METHODOLOGY

3.1 DESIGN STANDARD

The City of San Diego's 2017 Drainage Design Manual was used as guidance to design the drainage facilities for this project. The Drainage Design Manual will be referred to as the Hydrology Manual for this study.

3.2 WATERSHED LIMITS

Drainage Management Areas were delineated for the project site's existing and proposed drainage conditions. Existing elevations, slopes and flow paths were established from the topography available at the time of this drainage study. Proposed elevations, slopes and flow paths were based on the proposed site grading plan.

3.3 HYDROLOGY SOFTWARE

Surface topography and material are analyzed to determine the runoff produced by the proposed development. The values are then entered into the "Rational Hydrology Method, San Diego County (2003 Manual)" module of the CIVILCADD/CIVIL DESIGN Engineering software version 9.1 to determine the amount of runoff produced. For this study the Civil Design software will be referred to as CivilD. The software is also used to develop the hydrographs to assist in determining detention capacity of each proposed detention basin.

3.4 CALCULATE RUNOFF COEFFCIENT

The runoff coefficient is expressed as a percentage of rainfall which becomes surface runoff. The runoff coefficient is based on land use and soil type within the project site. For the City of San Diego, soil type D is used for all storm drainage conveyance design. The equation below is used to determine the C-value for the pre-developed and post-developed hydrologic conditions. Table 3-1 of the 2003 San Diego County Hydrology manual is used to identify the specific land use that will be utilized in CivilD. Refer to **Appendix C** for the C-Value calculations.

 $C = 0.90 * (\%Impervious) + C_p * (1 - \%Impervious)$



4.0 HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

4.1 PRE-DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

In POC1, the existing site is currently developed property, which includes existing paving and an existing building. POC1 generally slopes towards the southeast corner of the project site. Runoff generated from the site is conveyed via curb and gutter until it is captured by the existing two (2) catch basins onsite. Captured runoff is then conveyed via storm drain and discharged to the vegetated offsite area southeast of the project site.

In POC2, the existing site is currently developed property that includes existing paving and existing buildings. POC2 generally slopes toward the northern property line. Runoff generated from the existing site is conveyed via curb and gutter until it is captured by the existing catch basin. Captured runoff is then conveyed via storm drain and discharged to the vegetated offsite area northeast of the project site.

The offsite vegetated area was not analyzed as the area will not be disturbed.

See **Table** 1 below for the Pre-Development Conditions Hydrologic Summary Table. Refer to the Pre-Developed Hydrology Exhibit in **Appendix B**.

Table 1: Pre-Development Conditions Hydrologic Summary Table 100-Year Storm Event

POC ID	AREA (AC)	Q100 (CFS)	TC (MIN)	V100 (FPS)
POC1	1.20	5.84	4.20	15.47
POC2	1.72	8.22	4.08	16.07
OFFSITE	7.32	-	-	-



4.2 POST-DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

POC1 encompasses a portion of the proposed industrial building and paving in the project site. Runoff generated within POC1 will be conveyed via curb and gutter to the proposed modular wetlands system (MWS) near the southern boundary of the project site. Captured runoff is discharged to the underground detention system then treated in the adjacent MWS. The underground detention system is sized to bypass the 100-year storm event and will provide peak flow mitigation. Mitigated flows from the underground detention system will be conveyed via storm drain and ultimately discharged to the existing vegetated offsite area southeast of the project site. POC1 will maintain the same discharge location as in the existing conditions.

POC2 encompasses a portion of the proposed industrial building and paving in the project site. Runoff generated within POC2 will be conveyed via curb and gutter to two (2) catch basins; one located on the northern driveway and the other in the eastern parking lot. Captured runoff from both catch basins will discharge into the underground detention system then treated in the adjacent MWS. The underground detention system is sized to bypass the 100-year storm event and will provide peak flow mitigation. Mitigated flows from the underground detention system will be conveyed via storm drain and ultimately discharged to the existing vegetated offsite area northeast of the project site. POC2 will maintain the same discharge location as in the existing conditions.

The offsite vegetated area that was not disturbed were not analyzed as they remain the same condition as pre-development conditions.

See **Table 2** for the Post-Development Conditions Hydrologic Summary Table. Refer to **Appendix B** for the Post-Developed Hydrology Exhibit.

Table 2: Post-Development Conditions Hydrologic Summary Table 100-Year Storm Event

		UI	VMITIGATE	D	MITIGATED			
POC ID	AREA (AC)	Q100 (CFS)	TC (MIN)	V100 (FPS)	Q100 (CFS)	TC (MIN)	V100 (FPS)	
POC1	1.64	8.13	3.52	11.53	5.09	4.72	5.84	
POC2	1.87	9.29	5.03	7.88	6.17	7.43	6.13	
OFFSITE	6.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	



5.0 HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

5.1 MANNINGS ROUGHNESS COEFFICIENT

Per Hydraulic Design Manual Appendix A, the average Manning Roughness Coefficient of 0.013 is used for smooth finish asphalt pavement and concrete lined channel. An average Manning Roughness Coefficient of 0.035 is assumed for the natural terrain. The average Manning Roughness Coefficient of 0.013 is used for the storm drain pipes.

5.2 PIPE DESIGN

The resulting peak flows from CivilD are used to verify the proposed storm drain system is sized accordingly. This study used the 2020 Hydraflow Express ACAD extension to determine the velocities and pipe capacity. Refer to **Appendix D** for the results of the Hydraflow Express analysis.

5.3 POND DESIGN

Resulting hydrographs from the hydrology software are used to determine the detention capacities for the underground detention chambers that will be used to mitigate peak flows and for hydromodification measures. This study used the 2020 Hydraflow Hydrograph ACAD extension to determine the peak discharge, time to peak, volume, maximum elevation, and maximum storage. Refer to **Appendix D** for the results of the Hydraflow Hydrograph analysis.

Table 3: Hydraflow Hydrograph Detention Summary

BASIN ID	BOTTOM ELEVATION (FT)	TOP ELEVATION (FT)	DEPTH (FT)	FOOTPRINT (SF)	STORAGE VOLUME (CF)	MAX WSE (FT)
POC1	325.50	329.50	4	1664	5867	329.20
POC2	325.50	329.50	4	1664	5867	329.47

 Table 4: Detention Outlet Summary

BASIN	CIRCULAR	ORIFICE	RECTANGULAR	WEIR
ID	ORIFICE	ELEVATION	WEIR	ELEVATION
POC1	1.25"	325.50	6" X 36"	328.50
POC2	1.25"	325.50	6" X 36"	328.50



6.0 CONCLUSION

Flood mitigated facilities will be utilized to mitigate the peak flow for all POCs. The resulting data from this study indicate that the project will significantly decrease the peak runoff for the 100-year storm event.

The project is not located within or discharges to navigable waters, water of the United States, or Federal jurisdictional wetlands, as defined by the Clean Water Act, no 401/404 permit is required.

In conclusion, the project has met the City of San Diego's minimum drainage requirements and there will be no negative impacts on the downstream storm drain facilities and properties.

7.0 REFERENCES

City of San Diego, Transportation & Storm Water Design Manuals, January 2018 Edition Drainage Design Manual

County of San Diego, Department of Public Works, Flood Control Section, June 2003 San Diego County Hydrology Manual



8.0 DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE

I hereby declare that I am the engineer of work for this project. I have exercised responsible charge over the design of this project defined in section 6703 of the business and professions codes, and that the design is consistent with current design.

I understand that the check of the project drawings and specifications by the City of San Diego is confined to a review only and does not relieve me, as engineer of work, of my responsibilities for project design.

ENGINEER OF WORK

WARE MALCOMB 3911 Sorrento Valley Blvd. Suite 120 San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.638.7277

Tel: 858.638.7277 Fax: 858.683.7277

Project Number: SDG20-0111	
Samuel Bellomio, RCE 90818 Registration Expire: December 31, 2022	Date

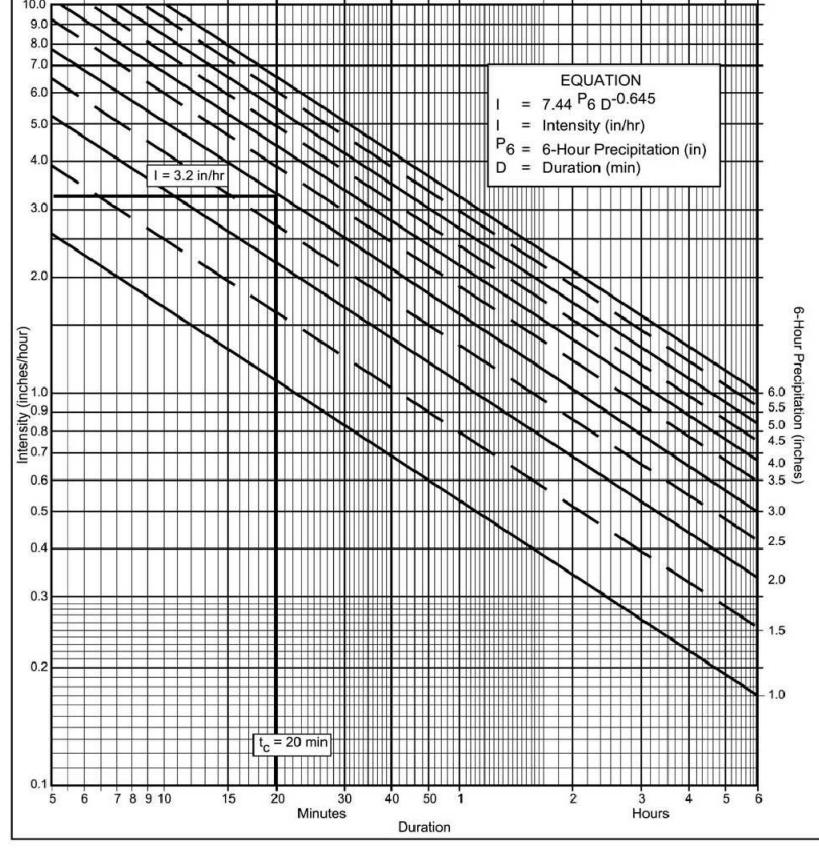
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9.0 APPENDIX



APPENDIX A FIGURES & TABLES



Directions for Application:

- (1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included in the Design and Procedure Manual).
- (2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicable to Desert).
- (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.
- (4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.
- (5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

Application Form:

(a) Selected frequency 100 year

(b)
$$P_6 = 2.3$$
 in., $P_{24} = 3.9$, $\frac{P_6}{P_{24}} = 59$ %⁽²⁾

- (c) Adjusted P₆⁽²⁾ = _____ in.
- (d) $t_x = ___ min.$
- (e) I = _____ in./hr.

Note: This chart replaces the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves used since 1965.

P6	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
Duration	1	1	1	- 1	1	1	1	1	1	I	1
5	2.63	3.95	5.27	6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8.48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	2.53	3.37	4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	4.20	4.67	5.13	5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.66	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	0.69	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76	3.10	3.45	3.79	4.13
50	0.60	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
60	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65	2.92	3.18
90	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	1.84	2.04	2.25	2.45
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1.19	1.36	1.53	1.70	1.87	2.04
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.26	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57
240	0.22	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	1.13
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.84	0.92	1.00

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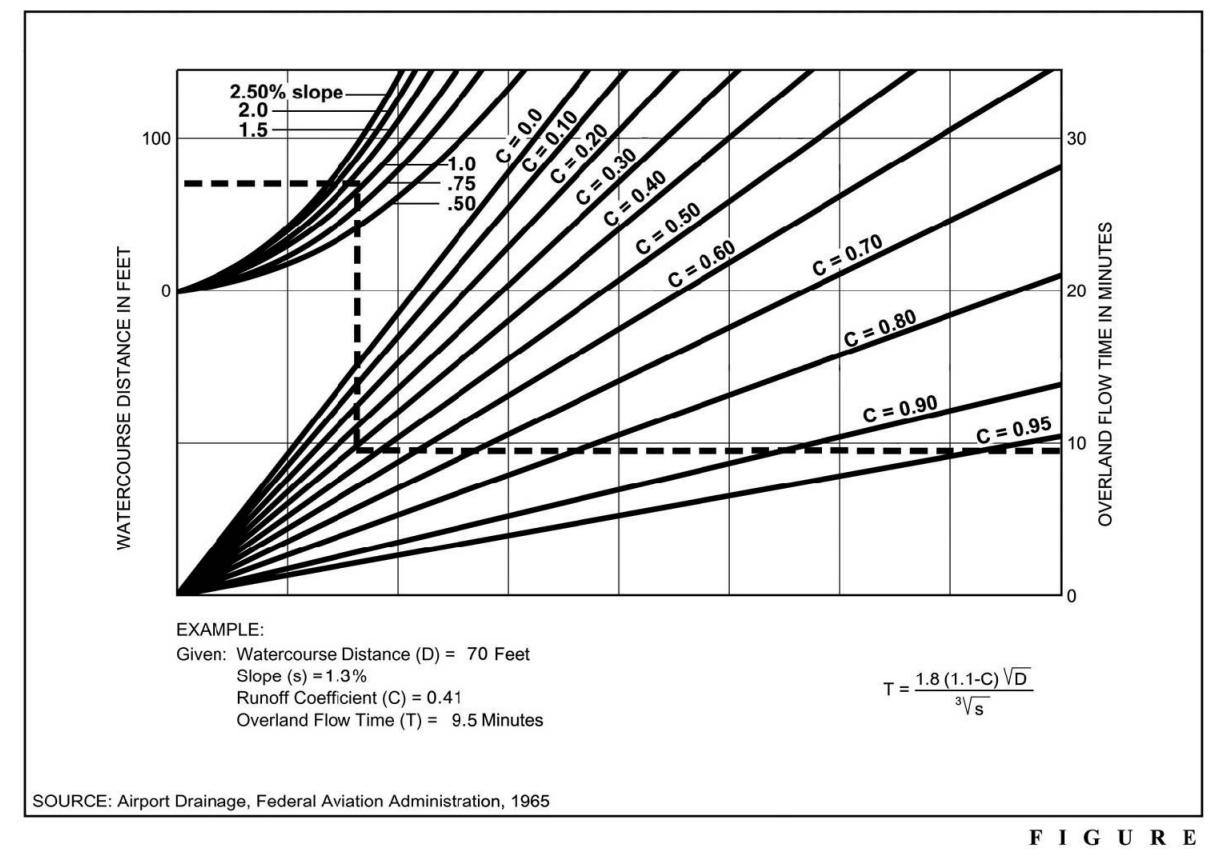
Table 3-1 RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS

Lai	nd Use		Ru	noff Coefficient '	'C"	
		_				
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	A	В	С	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87

^{*}The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

DU/A = dwelling units per acre



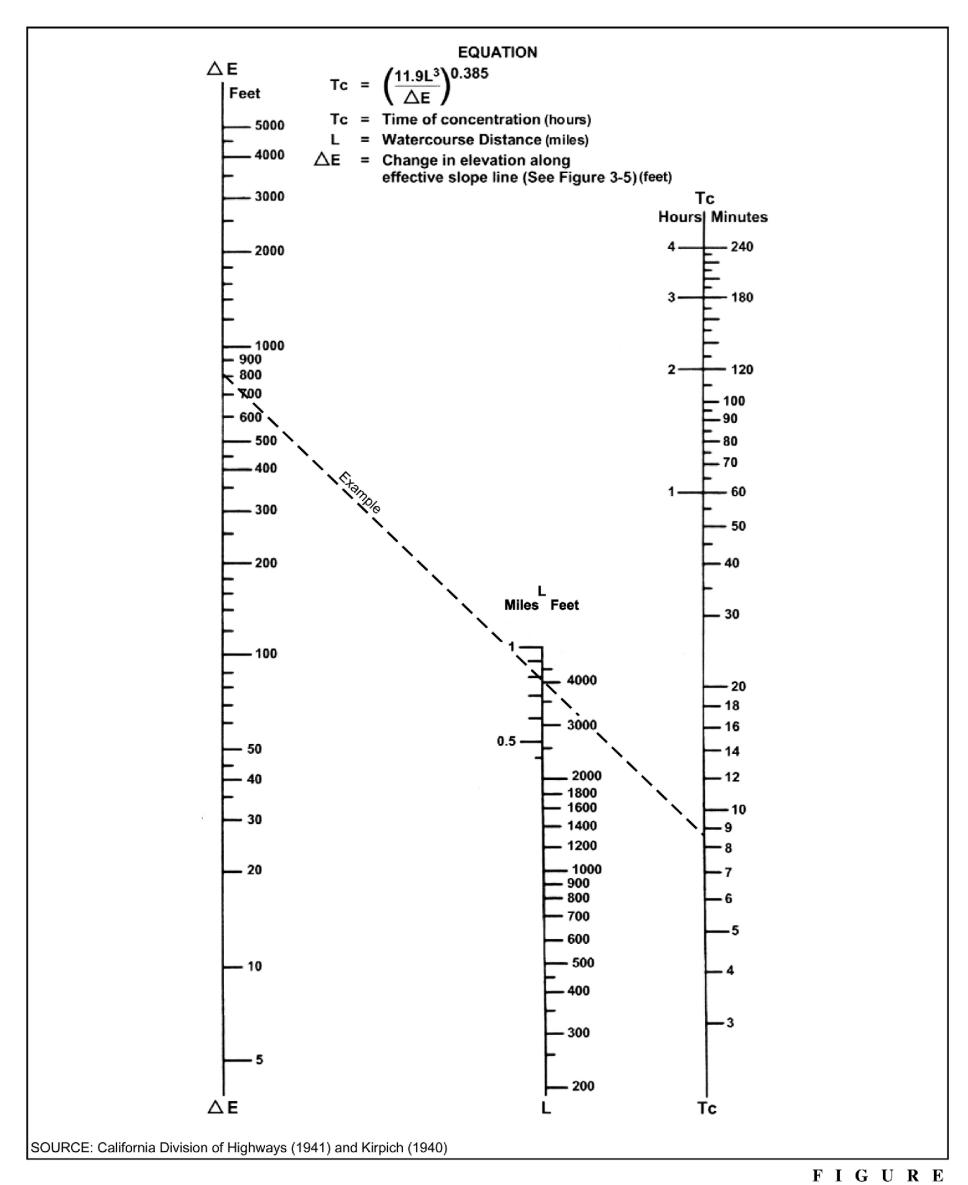
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Note that the Initial Time of Concentration should be reflective of the general land-use at the upstream end of a drainage basin. A single lot with an area of two or less acres does not have a significant effect where the drainage basin area is 20 to 600 acres.

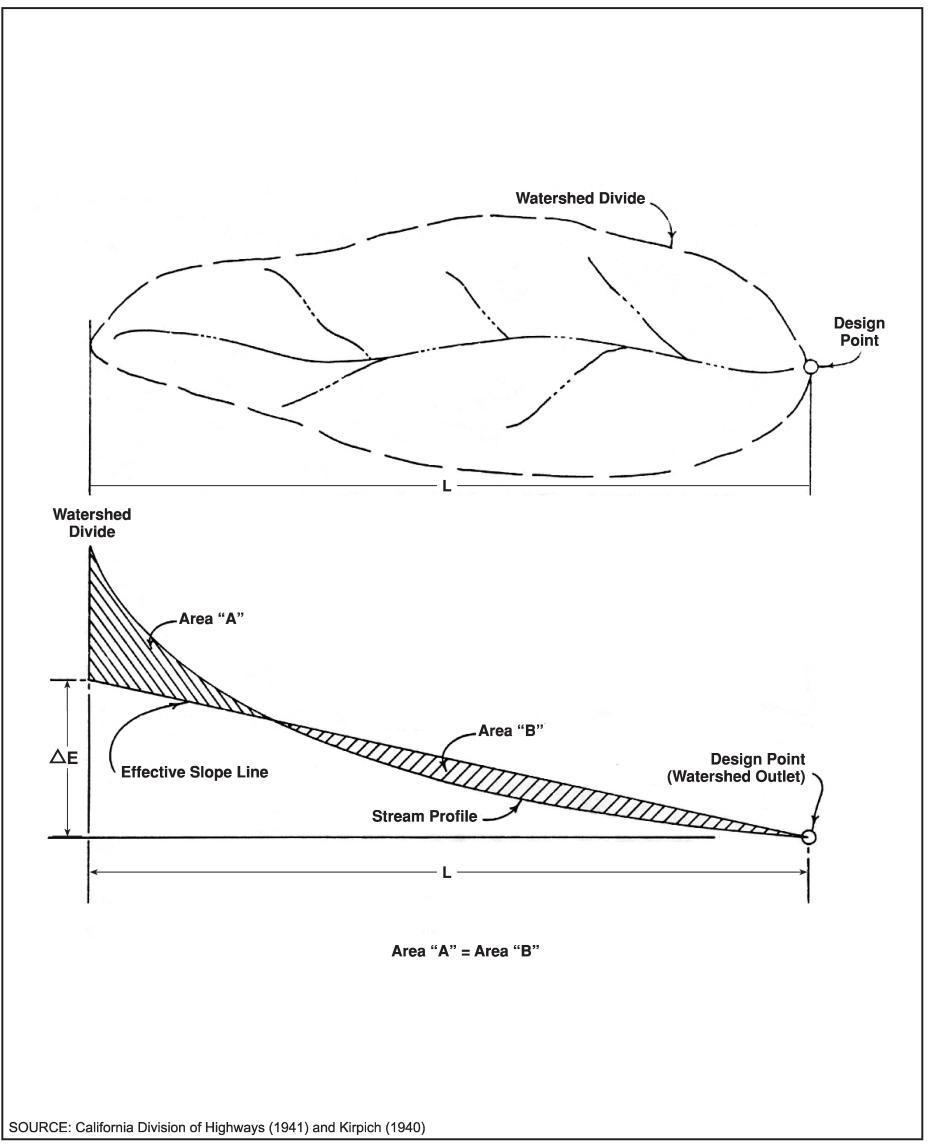
Table 3-2 provides limits of the length (Maximum Length (L_M)) of sheet flow to be used in hydrology studies. Initial T_i values based on average C values for the Land Use Element are also included. These values can be used in planning and design applications as described below. Exceptions may be approved by the "Regulating Agency" when submitted with a detailed study.

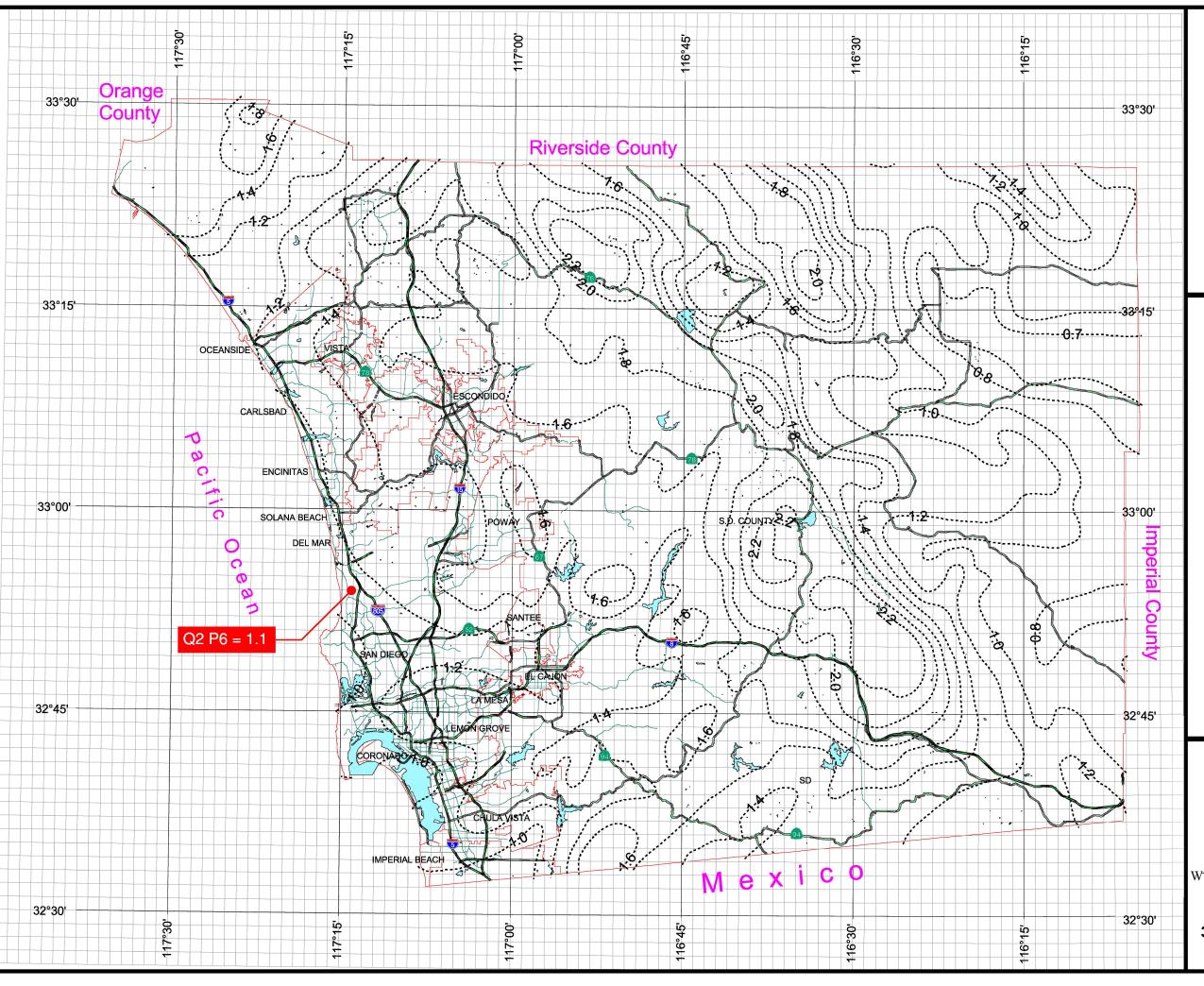
& INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (I _i)													
Element*	DU/	5	5%	1	%	2	%	3	%	59	%	10	%
	Acre	L _M	T _i	L _M	T _i	L _M	T _i	L_{M}	T _i	$L_{\mathbf{M}}$	T _i	L_{M}	T _i
Natural		50	13.2	70	12.5	85	10.9	100	10.3	100	8.7	100	6.9
LDR	1	50	12.2	70	11.5	85	10.0	100	9.5	100	8.0	100	6.4
LDR	2	50	11.3	70	10.5	85	9.2	100	8.8	100	7.4	100	5.8
LDR	2.9	50	10.7	70	10.0	85	8.8	95	8.1	100	7.0	100	5.6
MDR	4.3	50	10.2	70	9.6	80	8.1	95	7.8	100	6.7	100	5.3
MDR	7.3	50	9.2	65	8.4	80	7.4	95	7.0	100	6.0	100	4.8
MDR	10.9	50	8.7	65	7.9	80	6.9	90	6.4	100	5.7	100	4.5
MDR	14.5	50	8.2	65	7.4	80	6.5	90	6.0	100	5.4	100	4.3
HDR	24	50	6.7	65	6.1	75	5.1	90	4.9	95	4.3	100	3.5
HDR	43	50	5.3	65	4.7	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
N. Com		50	5.3	60	4.5	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
G. Com		50	4.7	60	4.1	75	3.6	85	3.4	90	2.9	100	2.4
O.P./Com		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
Limited I.		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
General I.		50	3.7	60	3.2	70	2.7	80	2.6	90	2.3	100	1.9

^{*}See Table 3-1 for more detailed description



Nomograph for Determination of Time of Concentration (Tc) or Travel Time (Tt) for Natural Watersheds





County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

2 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours

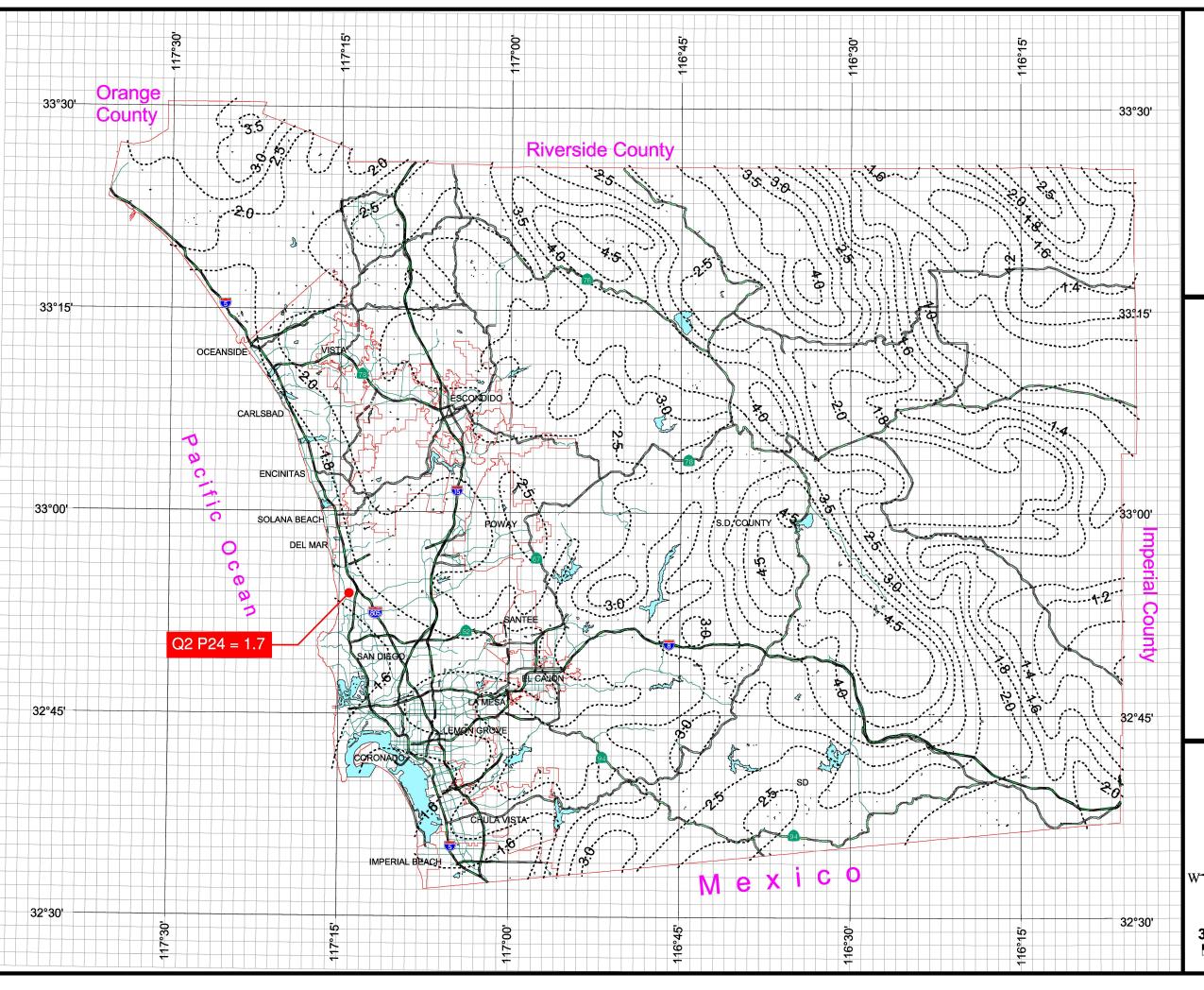
Isopluvial (inches)







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County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

2 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours

Isopluvial (inches)







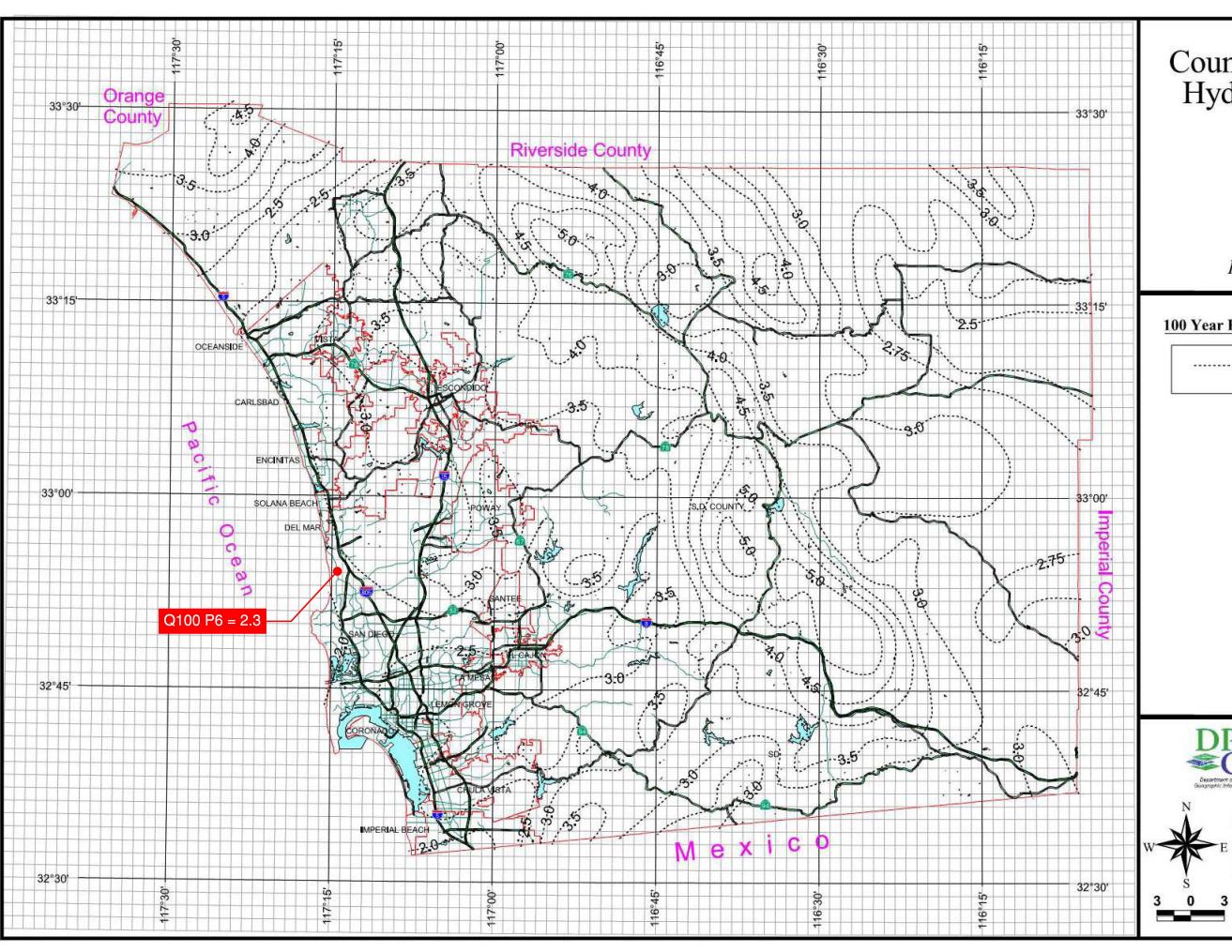
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Rainfall Isopluvials

100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours

Isopluvial (inches)



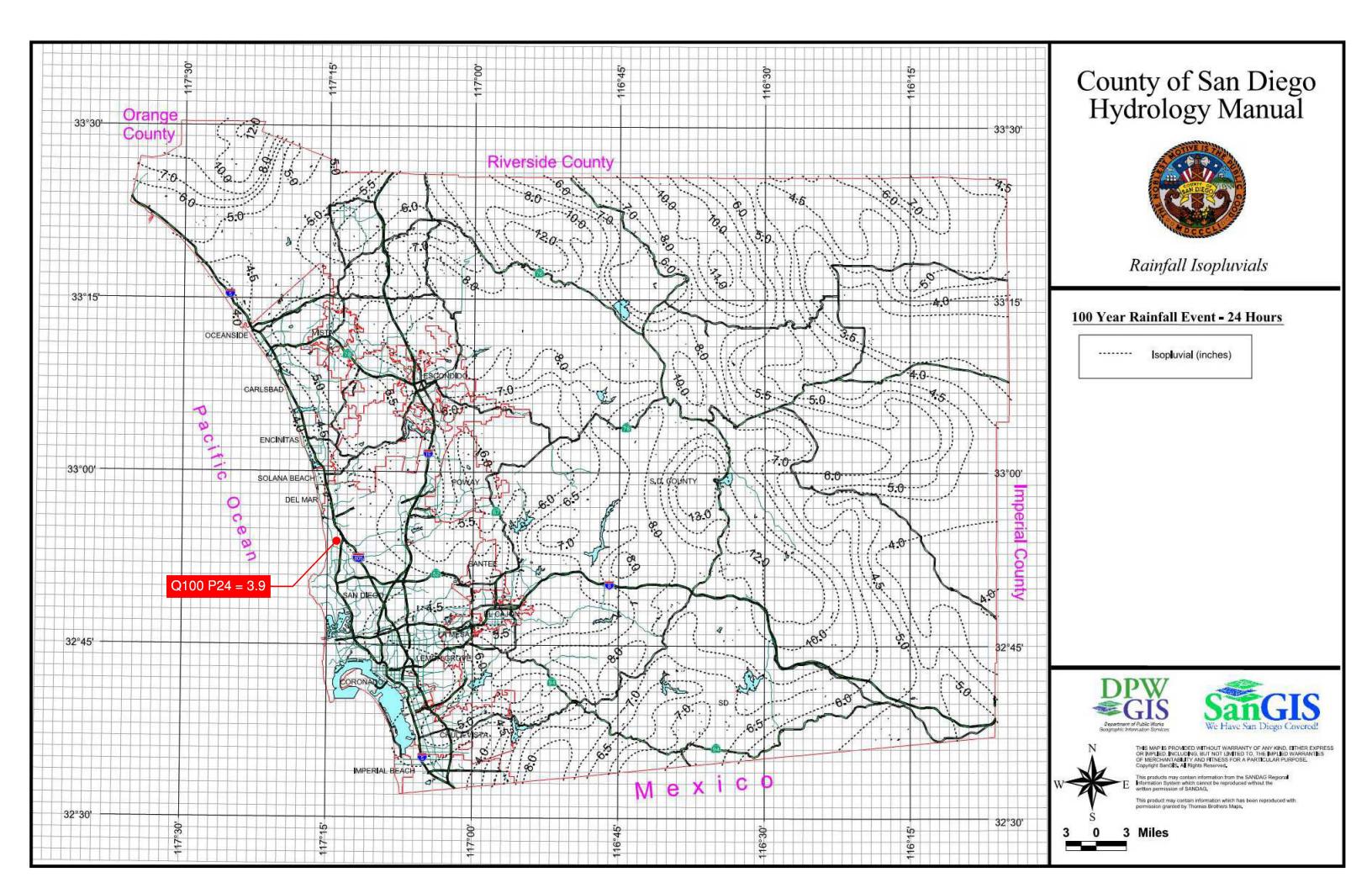




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NOTES TO USERS

To obtain more detailed information in areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) and/or floodways have been determined, users are encouraged to consult the Flood Profiles and Floodway Data and/or Summay of Stillwater Elevations tables contained within the Flood Insurance Study (ril5) report that accompanies the FIRM Users should be aware that BFEs about on the FIRM represent rounded while flood liberation of the Flood Insurance Study (ril5) report that accompanies the FIRM Users should be aware that BFEs about on the FIRM present in a state of should not be used as the sole source of flood elevation information. Accordingly, flood elevation data presented in the FIS report should be utilized in conjunction with the FIRM for purposes of construction and/or floodplain management.

Boundaries of the floodways were computed at cross sections and interpolated between cross sections. The floodways were based on hydraulic considerations with regard to requirements of the National Flood insurance Program. Floodway within and other pertinent floodway data are provided in the Flood Insurance Study report for this prisidiction.

Certain areas not in Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures. Refer to Section 2.4 "Flood Protection Measures" of the Flood Insurance Study report for information on flood control structures for this jurisdiction.

The projection used in the preparation of this map was Universal Transverse Mercador (UTM) Zone 11. The horizontal datum was NADSS, GRS1980 spheroid. Differences in datum, spheroid, projection or UTM zones used in the production of PTMs for adaption translations may test in shight positional differences in map features across jurisdiction boundaries. These differences do not affect the accuracy of this FTRM.

Flood elevations on this map are referenced to the North American Vertical Datum of 1988. These flood elevations must be compared to structure and ground elevations referenced to the same vertical datum. For information regarding conversion between the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1928 and the North American Vertical Datum of 1988, visit the National Geodetic Survey website at http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/ or contact the National Geodetic Survey at the following address:

NGS Information Services NOAA, N/NGS12 National Geodetic Survey SSMC-3, #9202 1315 East-West Highway Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282 (301) 713-3242

Base map information shown on this FIRM was provided in digital format by the USDA National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP). this information was photogrammetrically compiled at a scale of 1.24,000 from aerial photography dated 2009.

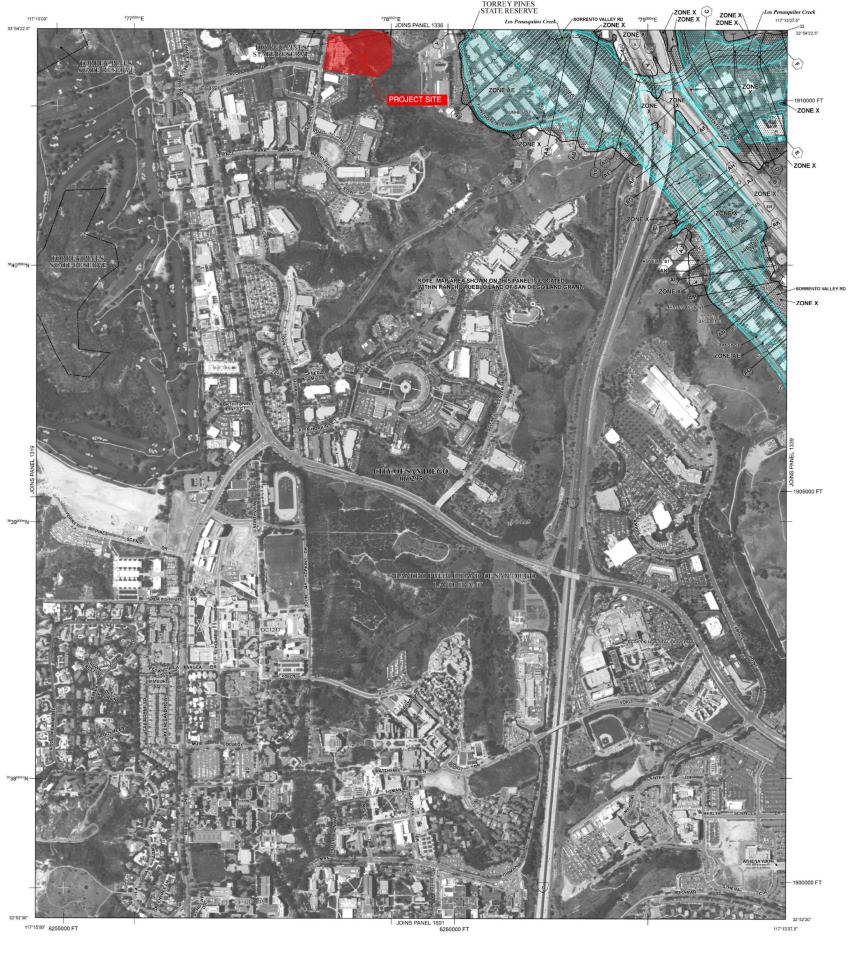
This map reflects more detailed and up-to-date stream channel configurations than those shown on the previous FIRM for this jurisdiction. The floodplains and floodways that where transferred from the previous FIRM may have been adjusted to conform to these new stream channel configurations. As a result, the Flood Provider and Floodway Data tables in the Flood Insurance Study report (which confains authoritative hydraulic daily may reflect stream channel distances that differ from what is shown on this map.

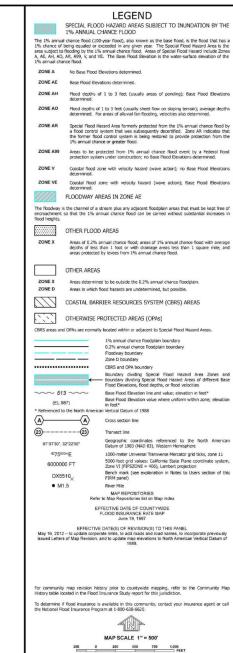
Corporate limits shown on this map are based on the best data available at the time of publication. Because changes due to annexations or de-annexations may have occurred after this map was published, map users should contact appropriate community officials to verify current corporate limit locations.

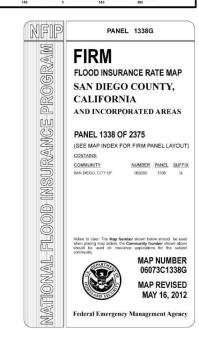
Please refer to the separately printed Map Index for an overview map of the county showing the layout of map panels; community map repository addresses; and a Listing of Communities table containing National Flood Insurance Program dates for each community as well as a listing of the panels on which each community is located. Contact the FEMA Map Service Center at 1-877-FEMA MAP (1-877-336-2627) for

Colliact the PEIAM map Service Centre at 1-5777-6747 https://doi.org/10.1007/1 If you have **questions about this map** or questions concerning the National Flood Insurance Program in general, please call **1-377-FEMA MAP** (1-877-336-2627) or visit the FEMA website at http://www.fema.gov/business/infip/.

The "profile base lines" depicted on this map represent the hydraulic modeling baselines that match the flood profiles in the FIS report. As a result of improved topographic data, the "profile base line", in some cases, may deviate significantly from the channel centerline or appear outside the SFHA.









MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



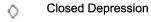
Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout



Clay Spot





Gravel Pit

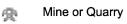




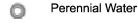
Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



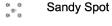
Miscellaneous Water



Rock Outcrop



Saline Spot



Severely Eroded Spot



Sinkhole



Sodic Spot

Slide or Slip

Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other

Rails



Special Line Features

Water Features

ميد

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: San Diego County Area, California Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 13, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 22, 2018—Aug 31, 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

	_		
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
LvF3	Loamy alluvial land-Huerhuero complex, 9 to 50 percent slopes, severely eroded	3.1	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		3.1	100.0%

San Diego County Area, California

LvF3—Loamy alluvial land-Huerhuero complex, 9 to 50 percent slopes, severely eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hbdx Elevation: 50 to 3,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 8 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 64 degrees F

Frost-free period: 150 to 280 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Loamy alluvial land: 50 percent Huerhuero and similar soils: 40 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Loamy Alluvial Land

Setting

Landform: Drainageways

Parent material: Alluvium derived from mixed sources

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 60 inches: variable

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: R019XG905CA - Riparian

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Huerhuero

Setting

Landform: Ridges

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Residuum weathered from calcareous sandstone

and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 1 inches: loam H2 - 1 to 40 inches: clay

H3 - 40 to 60 inches: stratified sand to sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 15 to 30 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 20.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 6e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: F019XG913CA - Loamy Hills <30"ppt

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Huerhuero

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Chesterton

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Carlsbad

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Drainageways Hydric soil rating: Yes

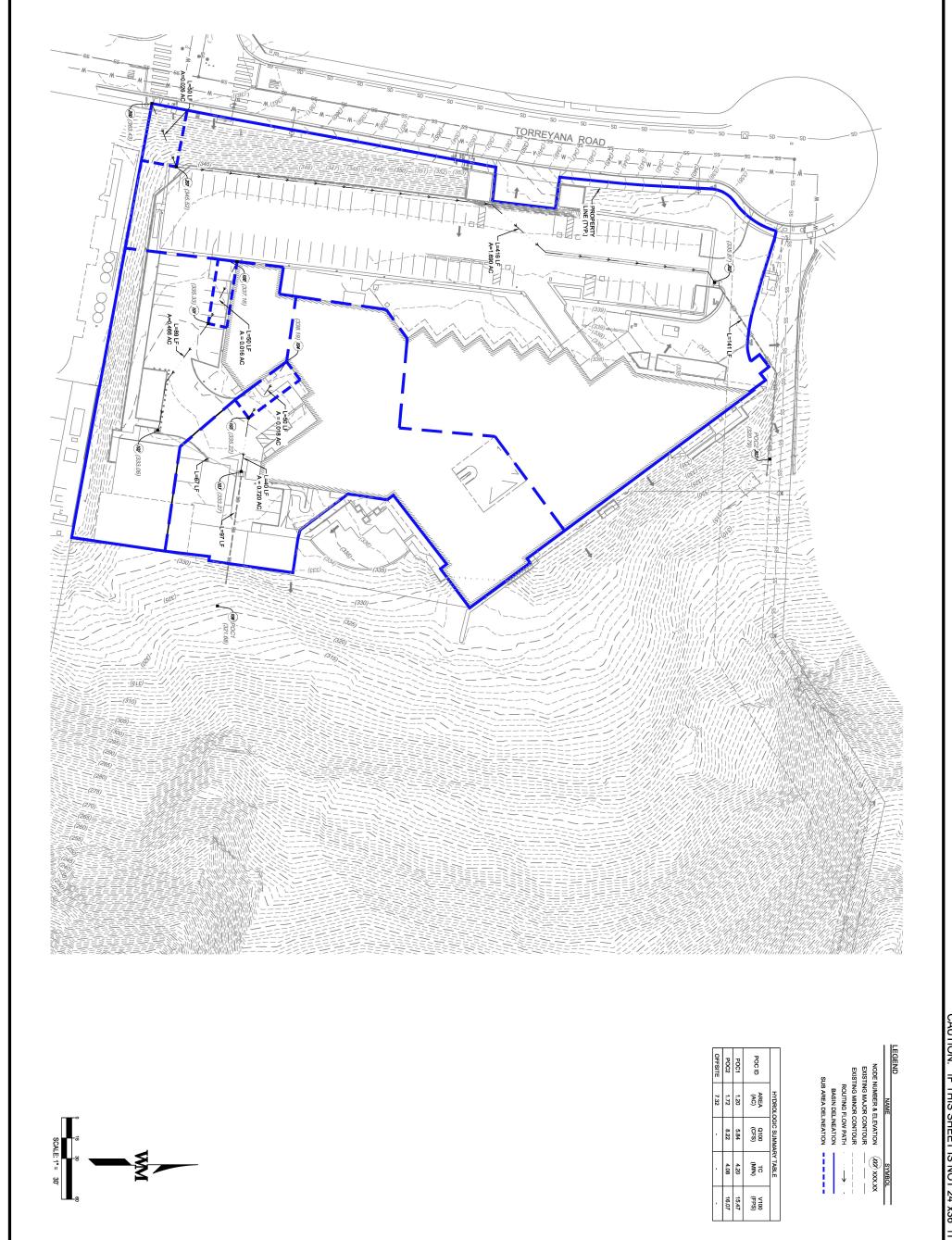
Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: San Diego County Area, California

Survey Area Data: Version 16, Sep 13, 2021



APPENDIX B WATERSHED INFORMATION



EXISING HYDROLOGY EXHIBT

TORREYANA ROAD

REMARKS

DATE

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WARE MALCOMB

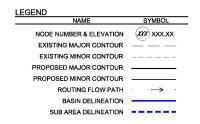
LEADING DESIGN FOR COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE

3911 sorrento valley blvd

san diego, ca 92121 p 858.638.7277

suite 120

CAUTION: IF THIS SHEET IS NOT 24"x36" IT IS A REDUCED PRINT



HYDROLOGIC SUMMARY TABLE									
	AREA (AC)		UNMITIGATED)	MITIGATED				
POC ID		Q100 (CFS)	TC (MIN)	V100 (FPS)	Q100 (CFS)	TC (MIN)	V100 (FPS)		
POC1	1.64	8.13	3.52	11.53	5.09	4.72	5.84		
POC2	1.87	9.29	5.03	7.88	6.17	7.43	6.13		
OFFSITE	6.73		-	-	-	-	-		

UNDERGROUND DETENTION SUMMARY TABLE									
BASIN ID	BOTTOM ELEVATION (FT)	TOP ELEVATION (FT)	DEPTH (FT)	FOOTPRINT (SF)	STORAGE VOLUME (FT)				
POC1	326.5	330.5	4	1664	5867	330.23			
POC2	325.0	329.0	4	1664	5867	328.96			

UNDERGROUND DETENTION OUTLET SUMMARY TABLE								
BASIN ID	BASIN ID CIRCULAR ORIFICE		RECTANGULAR WEIR	WEIR ELEVATION				
POC1	1.25"	326.5	6" X 36"	329.5				
POC2	1.25"	325.0	6" X 36"	328.0				



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FOR AND ON BEHALF OF WARE MALCOMB

PROPOSED HYDROLOGY EXHIBT TORREYANA ROAD



SDG20-0111					
SB					
HS					
10/25/22					

SHEET PR 1
Sheet 1 of 1



APPENDIX C HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

COMPOSITE C-VALUE CALCULATIONS

PROJECT NAME: TORREYANA
PROJECT NUMBER: SDG20-0111
DATE: 10/25/2022

BY: ALO



	EXISTING CONDITIONS									
TOTAL PROJECT AREA	IMPERVIOUS AREA	IMPERVIOUS RUNOFF FACTOR	SEMI- PERVIOUS AREA	SEMI- PERVIOUS RUNOFF	PERVIOUS AREA	PERVIOUS RUNOFF FACTOR	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS	COMPOSITE C- VALUE		
(SF)	(SF)	FACTOR	(SF)	FACTOR	(SF)	FACTOR	(%)			
127,875	101,253	0.90	0	0.70	26,622	0.35	79%	0.79		
RUNOFF COEFFICIENT: NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL (SOIL TYPE D)										

	PROPOSED CONDITIONS									
TOTAL PROJECT AREA	IMPERVIOUS AREA	IMPERVIOUS RUNOFF FACTOR	SEMI- PERVIOUS AREA	SEMI- PERVIOUS RUNOFF	PERVIOUS AREA	PERVIOUS RUNOFF FACTOR	PERCENT IMPERVIOUS	COMPOSITE C- VALUE		
(SF)	(SF)	FACTOR	(SF)	FACTOR	(SF)	FACTOR	(%)			
152,896	128,611	0.90	0	0.70	24,284	0.35	84%	0.81		
RUNOFI	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT: GENERAL COMMERCIAL (SOIL TYPE D)									

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

```
CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1991-2019 Version 9.1
Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
     Rational Hydrology Study Date: 04/08/22
PRE DEVELOPMENT - POC1
100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
BY WARE MALCOMB
file:EXPOC1.rsd3
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information *******
Program License Serial Number 6491
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used
Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation (inches) = 2.300
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 3.900
P6/P24 = 59.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                        ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Initial subarea total flow distance = 50.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 337.160(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 335.330(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 1.830(Ft.) Slope = 3.660 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 85.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 3.66 %, in a development type of
Neighborhod Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 3.34 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7900)*(85.000^{.5})/(3.660^{(1/3)}] = 3.34
Calculated TC of 3.338 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790
Subarea runoff =
                  0.077(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.016(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 1.192(CFS)
Depth of flow = 6.505(Ft.), Average velocity = 2.813(Ft/s)
```

```
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
    ****** Irregular Channel Data *******
    _____
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
Point number 'X' coordinate 'Y' coordinate
                   0.00
                                   0.50
      1
                                   0.00
      2
                   0.00
      3
                   0.40
                                  20.00
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
Sub-Channel flow = 1.192 (CFS)
 ' flow top width = 0.130 (Ft.)
      .
           velocity= 2.813(Ft/s)
      T
           area = 0.424(Sq.Ft)
             Froude number = 0.275
Upstream point elevation = 335.330(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 333.060(Ft.)
Flow length = 89.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 0.53 \text{ min.}
Time of concentration = 3.87 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 6.505 (Ft.)
Average velocity = 2.813(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 1.192(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 6.505(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 2.813(Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of 3.866 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                       ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Rainfall intensity = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790 CA = 0.381
Subarea runoff = 2.231 (CFS) for
                                   0.466(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                2.307(CFS) Total area =
                                                 0.482(Ac.)
Depth of flow = 8.302 (Ft.), Average velocity = 3.344 (Ft/s)
!!Warning: Water is above left or right bank elevations
Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station
                                                    103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 333.060(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 332.390(Ft.)
Pipe length = 67.00 (Ft.) Slope = 0.0100 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.307(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.307(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.03(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 11.82(In.)
Critical Depth = 7.80(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.83(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.23 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 4.10 \text{ min.}
Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
```

```
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 0.482(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 2.307 (CFS)
Time of concentration = 4.10 \text{ min.}
Rainfall intensity = 6.060(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 104.000 to Point/Station 105.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                         ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Initial subarea total flow distance = 50.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 338.190(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 335.220 (Ft.)
Elevation difference = 2.970(Ft.) Slope = 5.940 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 95.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 5.94 %, in a development type of
Neighborhod Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 3.00 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7900)*(95.000^{.5})/(5.940^{(1/3)}] = 3.00
Calculated TC of 3.003 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790
Subarea runoff = 0.086(CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                                0.018(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 105.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = \frac{1.810}{0.124} (CD Depth of flow = 0.124(Ft.), Average velocity = 3.937(Ft/s)
                                                  1.810 (CFS)
       ****** Irregular Channel Data *******
_____
Information entered for subchannel number 1 :
Point number 'X' coordinate 'Y' coordinate
                    0.00
                                     0.50
      1
                   15.00
                                     0.00
       2
                   30.00
                                     0.50
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
Sub-Channel flow = 1.810 (CFS)
     flow top width =
                                  7.427 (Ft.)
           velocity= 3.937(Ft/s)
       ī
            area = 0.460(Sq.Ft)
              Froude number = 2.789
Upstream point elevation = 335.220(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 333.280(Ft.)
Flow length = 40.000(Ft.)
Travel time =
               0.17 \text{ min.}
Time of concentration = 3.17 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 0.124 (Ft.)
Average velocity = 3.937 (Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow =
                               1.810 (CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.124(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 3.937 (Ft/s)
```

```
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of
                 3.172 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
 resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) =
                             6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                           ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Rainfall intensity =
                         6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790 CA =
                               0.583
Subarea runoff =
                    3.447 (CFS) for
                                        0.720(Ac.)
Total runoff =
                   3.533 (CFS)
                                    Total area =
                                                       0.738(Ac.)
Depth of flow = 0.159(Ft.), Average velocity = 4.654(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station
                             103.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area =
                      0.738(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream =
                              3.533 (CFS)
Time of concentration =
                         3.17 \text{ min.}
Rainfall intensity =
                       6.060(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
Stream
       Flow rate
                       TC
                                    Rainfall Intensity
No.
          (CFS)
                      (min)
                                           (In/Hr)
1
        2.307
                   4.10
                                      6.060
                                      6.060
2
        3.533
                   3.17
Qmax(1) =
          1.000 *
                    1.000 *
                                2.307) +
          1.000 *
                    1.000 *
                                3.533) + =
                                                 5.841
Qmax(2) =
          1.000 *
                    0.774 *
                                2.307) +
          1.000 *
                    1.000 *
                                3.533) + =
                                                 5.320
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
       2.307
                  3.533
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
                    5.320
       5.841
Area of streams before confluence:
       0.482
                    0.738
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate =
                      5.841 (CFS)
Time of concentration =
                          4.097 \, \text{min.}
Effective stream area after confluence =
Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 333.280(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 321.680 (Ft.)
Pipe length = 97.00 (Ft.) Slope = 0.1196 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.841 (CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 5.841(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 5.81(In.)
```

Flow top width inside pipe = 11.99(In.)Critical depth could not be calculated. Pipe flow velocity = 15.47(Ft/s)Travel time through pipe = 0.10 min. Time of concentration (TC) = 4.20 min. End of computations, total study area = 1.220 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

```
CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1991-2019 Version 9.1
Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
     Rational Hydrology Study Date: 04/08/22
PRE DEVELOPMENT - POC2
100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
BY WARE MALCOMB
file:EXPOC2.rsd3
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information ********
Program License Serial Number 6491
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used
Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation (inches) = 2.300
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 3.900
P6/P24 = 59.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used
Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 201.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                        ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Initial subarea total flow distance = 50.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 363.430 (Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 345.520 (Ft.)
Elevation difference = 17.910(Ft.) Slope = 35.820 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 35.82 %, in a development type of
Neighborhod Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 1.69 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.7900)*(100.000^{.5})/(35.820^{(1/3)}] = 1.69
Calculated TC of 1.693 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790
Subarea runoff =
                  0.124 (CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.026(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.170 (CFS)
Depth of flow = 0.150(Ft.), Average velocity = 3.094(Ft/s)
```

****** Irregular Channel Data *******

```
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
Point number 'X' coordinate 'Y' coordinate
                     0.00
                                       0.50
                     30.00
       2
                                       0.00
                    60.00
       3
                                       0.50
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
Sub-Channel flow = 4.170 (CFS)
 ' ' flow top width = 17.984(Ft.)
            velocity= 3.094(Ft/s)
             area = 1.348(Sq.Ft)
               Froude number = 1.992
Upstream point elevation = 345.520(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 335.870(Ft.)
Flow length = 416.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 2.24 min.
Time of concentration = 3.93 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 0.150 (Ft.)
Average velocity = 3.094 (Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 4.170 (CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.150(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 3.094(Ft/s)
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of 3.934 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
 resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                            ]
(Neighborhod Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.800
Sub-Area C Value = 0.790
Rainfall intensity =
                        6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.790 CA = 1.356
Subarea runoff = 8.091(CFS) for 1.690(Ac.)
Total runoff = 8.215(CFS) Total area =
                                                       1.716 (Ac.)
Depth of flow = 0.193(Ft.), Average velocity = 3.666(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 203.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 335.870(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 320.790 (Ft.)

Pipe length = 141.00 (Ft.) Slope = 0.1070 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.215(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 8.215(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 7.43(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 11.65(In.)
Critical depth could not be calculated.
Pipe flow velocity = 16.07 (Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.15 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 4.08 \text{ min.}
End of computations, total study area =
```

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

```
CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1991-2012 Version 7.9
Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
     Rational Hydrology Study Date: 10/25/22
POST DEVELOPMENT - POC1
100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
BY WARE MALCOMB
file:PRPOC1.rsd3
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information *******
Program License Serial Number 6312
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used
Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 2.300
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 3.900
P6/P24 = 59.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                        ]
(General Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Initial subarea total flow distance = 50.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 363.470(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 359.080(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 4.390 (Ft.) Slope = 8.780 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 11.640 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 11.64 %, in a development type of
General Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 2.22 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.8200)*(100.000^{.5})/(11.640^{(1/3)}] = 2.22
Calculated TC of 2.224 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820
Subarea runoff = 0.094 (CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.019(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 4.114(CFS)
```

Depth of flow = 0.172 (Ft.), Average velocity = 5.591 (Ft/s)

```
****** Irregular Channel Data *******
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
                             'Y' coordinate
Point number 'X' coordinate
      1
                  0.00
                                 0.50
                  0.00
                                 0.00
      2
                 25.00
                                  0.50
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
______
Sub-Channel flow = 4.114(CFS)
' ' flow top width =
                              8.578(Ft.)
          velocity= 5.591(Ft/s)
         area = 0.736(Sq.Ft)
           Froude number =
Upstream point elevation = 359.080(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 332.710(Ft.)
Flow length = 406.000 (Ft.)
Travel time = 1.21 min.
Time of concentration = 3.43 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 0.172 (Ft.)
Average velocity = 5.591(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 4.114(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.172(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 5.591(Ft/s)
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of 3.434 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                      ]
(General Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Rainfall intensity = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820 CA = 1.342
Subarea runoff = 8.040 (CFS) for
                                  1.618 (Ac.)
               8.134(CFS) Total area =
Total runoff =
                                               1.637 (Ac.)
Depth of flow = 0.222(Ft.), Average velocity = 6.630(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 329.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 326.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 57.00(Ft.) Slope = 0.0439 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 8.134(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow =
                               8.134 (CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.38(In.)
                          14.90(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
Critical Depth = 13.45(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 11.53(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.08 min.
Time of concentration (TC) =
103.000 to Point/Station
Process from Point/Station
**** 6 HOUR HYDROGRAPH ****
Hydrograph Data - Section 6, San Diego County Hydrology manual, June 2003
```

POST DEVELOPMENT - POC1 100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS Page 2 of 10 Time of Concentration = 3.52Basin Area = 1.64 Acres 6 Hour Rainfall = 2.300 Inches Runoff Coefficient = 0.820 Peak Discharge = 8.13 CFS Time (Min) Discharge (CFS) 0 0.000 3 0.184 6 0.185 9 0.187 12 0.188 15 0.190 18 0.191 21 0.193 24 0.194 27 0.197 30 0.198 33 0.200 36 0.201 39 0.204 42 0.205 45 0.208 48 0.209 51 0.212 54 0.214 57 0.217 0.218 60 0.221 63 66 0.223 69 0.226 72 0.228 75 0.231 78 0.233 81 0.237 84 0.239 87 0.243 90 0.245 93 0.249 96 0.251 99 0.256 102 0.258 105 0.263 108 0.265 111 0.271 114 0.273 117 0.279 120 0.282 123 0.288 126 0.291 129 0.298 0.301 132 135 0.308 138 0.312 141 0.320 144 0.324 147 0.333 150 0.337 153 0.347 0.352 156 159 0.363 162 0.369 165 0.381 0.388 168 0.402 171 174 0.409 177 0.425 0.434 180 183 0.453 0.463 186 189 0.485

192

0.497

```
195
                                     0.524
               198
                                     0.539
                                     0.572
               201
               204
                                     0.591
               207
                                     0.634
               210
                                     0.658
               213
                                     0.716
                                     0.749
               216
               219
                                     0.831
               222
                                     0.881
               225
                                     1.010
               228
                                     1.095
               231
                                     1.339
               234
                                     1.525
               237
                                     2.239
               240
                                     3.155
               243
                                     8.134
               246
                                     1.796
               249
                                     1.202
               252
                                     0.940
                                     0.788
               255
               258
                                     0.685
               261
                                     0.611
               264
                                     0.555
               267
                                     0.510
               270
                                     0.473
               273
                                     0.443
               276
                                     0.417
               279
                                     0.394
                                     0.375
               282
               285
                                     0.358
               288
                                     0.342
               291
                                     0.328
               294
                                     0.316
               297
                                     0.305
               300
                                     0.294
               303
                                     0.285
               306
                                     0.276
               309
                                     0.268
               312
                                     0.260
               315
                                     0.253
               318
                                     0.247
               321
                                     0.241
               324
                                     0.235
               327
                                     0.230
               330
                                     0.224
               333
                                     0.220
               336
                                     0.215
               339
                                     0.211
               342
                                     0.207
               345
                                     0.203
               348
                                     0.199
               351
                                     0.195
               354
                                     0.192
               357
                                     0.189
               360
                                     0.186
               363
                                     0.183
      6 - H O U R S T O R M
                         Runoff
                                             Hydrograph
                     Hydrograph in 1 Minute intervals ((CFS))
Time (h+m) Volume Ac.Ft Q(CFS) 0 2.0 4.1 6.1 8.1

      0+ 0
      0.0000
      0.00 Q
      |

      0+ 1
      0.0001
      0.06 Q
      |

      0+ 2
      0.0003
      0.12 Q
      |

      0+ 3
      0.0005
      0.18 Q
      |

      0+ 4
      0.0008
      0.18 Q
      |
```

0+ 5	0.0010	0.18	Q I	1		1	
0+ 6			Q I	ĺ		[
0+ 7			Q I			1	
0+ 8			Q				
0+ 9			Q I			1	1
0+10 0+11	0.0023 0.0026		Q Q I			 	
0+11			Q I			I I	
0+13			Q I			1	
0+14			Q i			İ	'
0+15	0.0036		Q			ĺ	
0+16	0.0039		Q I			1	
0+17	0.0041		Q				
0+18	0.0044		Q I				
0+19 0+20	0.0046 0.0049	0.19 0.19	Q I			1	
0+20	0.0049	0.19	Q Q			! 	[]
0+22	0.0054	0.19	Q I			1	
0+23	0.0057		Q i			İ	
0+24	0.0060		Q I			1	
0+25			QV	1		1	
0+26			QV I			1	[
0+27			QV				
0+28 0+29	0.0071 0.0073		QV			1	
0+30	0.0076		QV QV		!]	! 	
0+31			QV			1	
0+32			QV I	j		İ	
0+33	0.0084		QV I			1	
0+34			QV I	1		1	
0+35			QV			1	
0+36			QV				l
0+37 0+38	0.0095		QV QV			 	
0+39	0.0101	0.20	IQ I			 	
0+40	0.0104	0.20	ĬQ İ			İ	
0+41	0.0107	0.20	Q			1	
0+42	0.0109	0.21	Q			1	
0+43		0.21	Q			1	
0+44 0+45	0.0115 0.0118	0.21 0.21	Q			1	1
0+45	0.0118	0.21	Q			! 	
0+47		0.21	QV			1	
0+48		0.21	QV I	İ		İ	
0+49		0.21	QV	1		1	
0+50		0.21	QV			1	
0+51		0.21	QV				
0+52 0+53		0.21	QV			1	
0+54		0.21	QV QV			1 	
0+55		0.21	QV			1	
0+56		0.22	QV			İ	·
0+57	0.0153	0.22	QV			1	
0+58		0.22	QV				
0+59		0.22	QV			1	
1+ 0		0.22	QV			1	
1+ 1 1+ 2	0.0165 0.0168	0.22	QV			! 	
1+ 3	0.0171	0.22	QV			! 	
1+ 4	0.0174	0.22	QV			İ	'
1+ 5		0.22	QV			Ì	
1+ 6		0.22	QV			I	
1+ 7		0.22	V			1	
1+ 8		0.22	V Q			Į.	 -
1+ 9 1+10		0.23	Q V Q V		 	 	
1+10		0.23	Q V			! 	ı
1+12		0.23	Q V		, 		,
1+13			IQ V		l	1	1
1+14		0.23	Q V	I		I	
1+15	0.0208	0.23	Q V		l	1	

1+16	0.0212	0.23	Q V		1	1	
1+17	0.0215	0.23	Q V	İ	İ		
1+18	0.0218	0.23	Q V	i	İ	İ	I
1+19	0.0221	0.23	Q V	İ	Í	Ì	1
1+20	0.0225	0.24	Q V			1	
1+21	0.0228	0.24	Q V	İ		Ī	
1+22	0.0231	0.24	Q V				
1+23	0.0234	0.24	IQ V	1			
1+24	0.0238	0.24	V Q I				
1+25	0.0241	0.24	V Q		1		
1+26	0.0244	0.24	Q V			[
1+27	0.0248	0.24	Q V				
1+28	0.0251	0.24	Q V		1		
1+29	0.0254	0.24	Q V				
1+30	0.0258	0.24	Q V				
1+31	0.0261	0.25	Q V				
1+32	0.0264	0.25	Q V				
1+33	0.0268	0.25	IQ V		!	<u> </u>	
1+34	0.0271	0.25	Q V				
1+35	0.0275	0.25	Q V				
1+36	0.0278	0.25	Q V				1
1+37	0.0282 0.0285	0.25	V Q		1	 	
1+38 1+39	0.0289	0.25 0.26	V Q	l	1	 	
1+40	0.0289	0.26	Q	l I	1	 	
1+41	0.0292	0.26	IQ V	l	1	! !	! !
1+42	0.0299	0.26	IQ V	l	1	1]
1+43	0.0303	0.26	IQ V	l I	1	! 	
1+44	0.0307	0.26	Q V	l I	1	! 	
1+45	0.0310	0.26	Q V		1	! 	
1+46	0.0314	0.26	Q V		İ		
1+47	0.0317	0.26	Q V		1		!
1+48	0.0321	0.27	Q V	i	İ	I	
1+49	0.0325	0.27	Q V	i	İ	I	
1+50	0.0328	0.27	Q V	i	İ	İ	
1+51	0.0332	0.27	Q V	İ	İ	I	
1+52	0.0336	0.27	Q V		Ì	1	
1+53	0.0340	0.27	IQ V				
1+54	0.0343	0.27	IQ V				
1+55	0.0347	0.28	Q V			[
1+56	0.0351	0.28	Q V		1		
1+57	0.0355	0.28	Q V				
1+58	0.0359	0.28	Q				
1+59	0.0363	0.28	Q V				
2+ 0	0.0367	0.28	Q V		!	<u> </u>	
2+ 1	0.0370	0.28	Q V				
2+ 2	0.0374	0.29	Q V			1	1
2+ 3	0.0378	0.29	V Q			<u> </u>	
2+ 4 2+ 5	0.0382 0.0386	0.29 0.29	Q	I	1	 	
2+ 6	0.0390	0.29	Q	l	1	 	
2+ 7	0.0394	0.29	Q V	l I	1	1 	
2+ 8	0.0398	0.30	Q V		1	! 	
2+ 9	0.0403	0.30	Q V		1	1	1
2+10	0.0407	0.30	Q V		1	1	1
2+11	0.0411	0.30	Q V	i	İ	I	
2+12	0.0415	0.30	Q V	j	Ì		
2+13	0.0419	0.30	IQ V	Ì	Ì	ĺ	
2+14	0.0423	0.31	IQ V				
2+15	0.0428	0.31	Q V				
2+16	0.0432	0.31	Q V				
2+17	0.0436	0.31	Q V				
2+18	0.0440	0.31	Q V		1		
2+19	0.0445	0.31	Q V		1	1	1
2+20	0.0449	0.32	Q V		1		
2+21	0.0453	0.32	Q V		Į.		<u> </u>
2+22	0.0458	0.32	Q V		1	ļ	<u> </u>
2+23	0.0462	0.32	IQ V			1	
2+24	0.0467	0.32	Q V		1		1
2+25	0.0471	0.33	Q V		1	1	
2+26	0.0476	0.33	Q V	1	1	1	1

2+27	0.0480		Q V				
2+28	0.0485		V Q				1
2+29 2+30	0.0490 0.0494		V Q V	1			
2+31	0.0499		IQ V				
2+32	0.0504		Q V	i	i		
2+33	0.0509		IQ V	j	İ		
2+34	0.0513		I Q V				
2+35	0.0518		Q V				
2+36 2+37	0.0523 0.0528		V Q V				
2+38	0.0533		Q V				
2+39	0.0538		IQ V		i		,
2+40	0.0543	0.37	V Q I				
2+41	0.0548			J			
2+42	0.0553			J		•	1
2+43 2+44	0.0558 0.0563			J			<u> </u>
2+45	0.0569			J			
2+46	0.0574			√	İ		
2+47	0.0579			J			
2+48	0.0585			J			
2+49 2+50	0.0590 0.0595			J		li	1
2+51	0.0601			J			
2+52	0.0607			J			
2+53	0.0612		IQ	V	ĺ		
2+54	0.0618		I Q	V	l		
2+55	0.0623	0.41	Q	V			
2+56 2+57	0.0629 0.0635	0.42	Q Q	V V			
2+58	0.0641	0.43	l Q	V			
2+59	0.0647	0.43	l Q	V	i		,
3+ 0	0.0653	0.43	I Q	V			
3+ 1	0.0659	0.44	I Q	V			
3+ 2	0.0665	0.45	I Q	V			1
3+ 3 3+ 4	0.0671 0.0678	0.45 0.46	Q Q	V V			
3+ 5	0.0684	0.46	l Q	V			
3+ 6	0.0690	0.46	ı Q	V	İ		
3+ 7	0.0697	0.47	I Q	V			
3+ 8	0.0703	0.48	I Q	V			
3+ 9 3+10	0.0710 0.0717	0.48	I Q	V			
3+11	0.0717	0.49	Q Q	V			
3+12	0.0730	0.50	l Q	V			'
3+13	0.0737	0.51	I Q	V			
3+14	0.0744	0.52	Q	V			
3+15 3+16	0.0752 0.0759	0.52 0.53	I Q	V V			1
3+17	0.0766	0.53	Q Q	V			
3+18	0.0774	0.54	l Q	V			
3+19	0.0781	0.55	l Q	V	İ		
3+20	0.0789	0.56	I Q	V			
3+21	0.0797	0.57	I Q	V			
3+22 3+23	0.0805 0.0813	0.58 0.58	Q Q	V			
3+24	0.0821	0.59	l Q	V			
3+25	0.0829	0.61	l Q	V	i		·
3+26	0.0838	0.62	I Q	V			
3+27	0.0847	0.63	I Q	V			
3+28	0.0856	0.64	l Q	V]
3+29 3+30	0.0865 0.0874	0.65 0.66	Q Q	V	 		
3+31	0.0883	0.68	l Q	V	 	1 	
3+32	0.0893	0.70	l Q	i v	i		
3+33	0.0902	0.72	l Q	V	l l		
3+34	0.0912	0.73	l Q	V			
3+35 3+36	0.0923 0.0933	0.74 0.75	l Q	V		 	
3+36	0.0933	0.75	I Q I Q	V	 	! 	I
		· -	. ~			•	•

3+38 3+40 3+41 3+42 3+445 3+445 3+445 3+445 3+456 3+456 3+456 3+566 3+56	0.0955 0.0966 0.0978 0.0990 0.1002 0.1015 0.1028 0.1042 0.1056 0.1071 0.1086 0.1102 0.1119 0.1138 0.1157 0.1177 0.1178 0.1223 0.1250 0.1281 0.1355 0.1399 0.1465 0.1554 0.1666 0.1749 0.1803 0.1828 0.1850 0.1869 0.1886 0.1901 0.1915 0.1928 0.1940 0.1952 0.1963 0.1993 0.1993 0.1993 0.2002 0.2010 0.2019 0.2027 0.2035 0.2043 0.2057 0.2043 0.2050 0.2057 0.2064 0.2071 0.2078 0.2084 0.2097 0.2070 0.2070 0.2070 0.2071 0.2071 0.2084 0.2097 0.2103 0.2103 0.21121 0.2126 0.2132 0.2137 0.2143 0.2148 0.2153	0.39 0.39 0.38		I Q	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
4+38 4+39 4+40 4+41 4+42 4+43 4+44 4+45 4+46	0.2132 0.2137 0.2143 0.2148 0.2153 0.2158 0.2163 0.2168 0.2173	0.40 0.39 0.39 0.38 0.37 0.37 0.36 0.36	Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q			V V V V
4+47 4+48	0.2178 0.2182		Q Q			V V

4+49	0.2187	0.34	IQ	1	1	V
4+50	0.2192	0.33	I Q	i	i	V
4+51	0.2196	0.33		1	1	V
			Q		1	
4+52	0.2201	0.32	I Q			V
4+53	0.2205	0.32	ΙQ			V
4+54	0.2209	0.32	l Q			V
4+55	0.2214	0.31	ΙQ			V
4+56	0.2218	0.31	IQ	i	i	V
4+57	0.2222	0.30	I Q	i	i	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
4+58	0.2226	0.30		1	1	V
			Q		1	'
4+59	0.2230	0.30	I Q	l		V
5+ 0	0.2234	0.29	l Q			V
5+ 1	0.2238	0.29	l Q			V
5+ 2	0.2242	0.29	ΙQ			l V l
5+ 3	0.2246	0.28	ΙQ	İ	İ	V I
5+ 4	0.2250	0.28	I Q	i	i	V
5+ 5	0.2254	0.28	I Q	 	! 	V
				1	1	
5+ 6	0.2258	0.28	I Q	!	!	V
5+ 7	0.2262	0.27	ΙQ			ν
5+ 8	0.2265	0.27	IQ			V
5+ 9	0.2269	0.27	l Q			V
5+10	0.2273	0.27	ΙQ			V
5+11	0.2276	0.26	ΙQ	İ	j	V
5+12	0.2280	0.26	I Q	i	i	, v ,
5+13	0.2283	0.26	I Q	 	1	V
5+14	0.2287	0.26	I Q		<u> </u>	V
5+15	0.2290	0.25	I Q			V
5+16	0.2294	0.25	ΙQ			V
5+17	0.2297	0.25	l Q			V
5+18	0.2301	0.25	ΙQ		1	V
5+19	0.2304	0.24	ΙQ	i	i	V
5+20	0.2307	0.24	I Q		 	V
5+21				1	1	•
	0.2311	0.24	Q			V
5+22	0.2314	0.24	ΙQ			V
5+23	0.2317	0.24	ΙQ			V
5+24	0.2320	0.23	l Q			V
5+25	0.2324	0.23	l Q			V
5+26	0.2327	0.23	IQ	İ	i	V
5+27	0.2330	0.23	I Q	i	İ	, v ,
5+28	0.2333	0.23	I Q	 	 	V
				1	1	
5+29	0.2336	0.23	I Q	!	!	V
5+30	0.2339	0.22	I Q			V
5+31	0.2342	0.22	IQ			V
5+32	0.2345	0.22	l Q			V
5+33	0.2349	0.22	ΙQ			V
5+34	0.2352	0.22	ΙQ			V
5+35	0.2355	0.22	ΙQ	i	i	V
5+36	0.2357	0.22	I Q	i	<u>'</u>	V
5+37	0.2360	0.21	I Q	 	1	V
				1	1	
5+38	0.2363	0.21	Q		1	V
5+39	0.2366	0.21	IQ			V
5+40	0.2369	0.21	ΙQ			V
5+41	0.2372	0.21	I Q			V
5+42	0.2375	0.21	l Q			l V l
5+43	0.2378	0.21	IQ		1	V I
5+44	0.2380	0.20	I Q	i	i	V
5+45	0.2383	0.20	Q	i	<u>'</u>	V
	0.2386			l I	1	
5+46		0.20	Q			V
5+47	0.2389	0.20	Q			V
5+48	0.2392	0.20	Q		1	V
5+49	0.2394	0.20	Q			V
5+50	0.2397	0.20	Q		1	V I
5+51	0.2400	0.20	Q	İ	1	V
5+52	0.2402	0.19	Q	İ	i	V
5+53	0.2405			1 1	1 1	
		0.19	Q	1	1	V
5+54	0.2408	0.19	Q	I	1	V
5+55	0.2410	0.19	Q	1	1	V
5+56	0.2413	0.19	Q	1	1	V I
5+57	0.2415	0.19	Q		1	V
5+58	0.2418	0.19	Q	1		V
5+59	0.2421	0.19	Q	i	·	V
3.33	· •	J • ± J	×	1	ı	, v l

6+	0	0.2423	0.19	Q	1	1	V
6+	1	0.2426	0.18	Q	1	1	V
6+	2	0.2428	0.18	Q	1		V
6+	3	0.2431	0.18	Q	1	1	V

End of computations, total study area = 1.637 (Ac.)

San Diego County Rational Hydrology Program

```
CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1991-2012 Version 7.9
Rational method hydrology program based on
San Diego County Flood Control Division 2003 hydrology manual
     Rational Hydrology Study Date: 10/25/22
POST DEVELOPMENT - POC2
100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
BY WARE MALCOMB
file:PRPOC2.rsd3
______
******* Hydrology Study Control Information *******
Program License Serial Number 6312
Rational hydrology study storm event year is 100.0
English (in-lb) input data Units used
Map data precipitation entered:
6 hour, precipitation(inches) = 2.300
24 hour precipitation(inches) = 3.900
P6/P24 = 59.0%
San Diego hydrology manual 'C' values used
Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 201.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                        ]
(General Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Initial subarea total flow distance = 24.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 362.030 (Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 356.710 (Ft.)
Elevation difference = 5.320(Ft.) Slope = 22.167 %
Top of Initial Area Slope adjusted by User to 19.880 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 100.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 19.88 %, in a development type of
General Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 1.86 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.8200)*(100.000^{.5})/(19.880^{(1/3)}] = 1.86
Calculated TC of 1.860 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820
Subarea runoff = 0.055 (CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.011(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel = 1.948(CFS)
```

Depth of flow = 0.136(Ft.), Average velocity = 4.230(Ft/s)

```
****** Irregular Channel Data *******
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
                               'Y' coordinate
Point number 'X' coordinate
      1
                    0.00
                                    0.50
                   0.00
                                    0.00
      2
                   25.00
                                     0.50
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
Sub-Channel flow = 1.948(CFS)
 ' ' flow top width =
                                 6.786(Ft.)
           velocity= 4.230(Ft/s)
          area = 0.461(Sq.Ft)
             Froude number =
Upstream point elevation = 356.710(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 330.900(Ft.)
Flow length = 508.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 2.00 \text{ min}.
Time of concentration = 3.86 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 0.136(Ft.)
Average velocity = 4.230(Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow = 1.948(CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.136(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 4.230(Ft/s)
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of 3.862 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                         ]
(General Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Rainfall intensity =
                       6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820 CA = 0.634
Subarea runoff = 3.786 (CFS) for 0.762 (Ac.) Total runoff = 3.841 (CFS) Total area =
                                                   0.773(Ac.)
Depth of flow = 0.175(Ft.), Average velocity = 5.012(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 328.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 325.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 5.00(Ft.) Slope = 0.6000 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 3.841(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 6.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 3.841(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 4.38(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 5.32(In.)
Critical depth could not be calculated.
Pipe flow velocity = 24.99(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.00 min.
Time of concentration (TC) =
Process from Point/Station 203.000 to Point/Station 203.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 1
Stream flow area = 0.773 (Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 3.841 (CFS)
```

```
Time of concentration =
                      3.87 \text{ min.}
Rainfall intensity = 6.060(In/Hr)
Program is now starting with Main Stream No. 2
Process from Point/Station 204.000 to Point/Station 205.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                        ]
(General Commercial )
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Initial subarea total flow distance = 50.000(Ft.)
Highest elevation = 345.000(Ft.)
Lowest elevation = 344.000(Ft.)
Elevation difference = 1.000(Ft.) Slope = 2.000 %
INITIAL AREA TIME OF CONCENTRATION CALCULATIONS:
The maximum overland flow distance is 75.00 (Ft)
for the top area slope value of 2.00 \%, in a development type of
General Commercial
In Accordance With Figure 3-3
Initial Area Time of Concentration = 3.46 minutes
TC = [1.8*(1.1-C)*distance(Ft.)^.5)/(% slope^(1/3)]
TC = [1.8*(1.1-0.8200)*(75.000^{.5})/(2.000^{(1/3)}] = 3.46
Calculated TC of 3.464 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for area (Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820
Subarea runoff = 0.045 (CFS)
Total initial stream area =
                               0.009(Ac.)
Process from Point/Station 205.000 to Point/Station 206.000
**** IRREGULAR CHANNEL FLOW TRAVEL TIME ****
                                                 2.755 (CFS)
Estimated mean flow rate at midpoint of channel =
Depth of flow = 0.162 (Ft.), Average velocity = 4.217 (Ft/s)
      ****** Irregular Channel Data *******
Information entered for subchannel number 1:
                              'Y' coordinate
Point number 'X' coordinate
      1
                    0.00
                                    0.50
      2
                   0.00
                                    0.00
                   25.00
                                    0.50
Manning's 'N' friction factor = 0.013
______
Sub-Channel flow = 2.755 (CFS)
 ' flow top width =
                                8.083(Ft.)
           velocity= 4.217 (Ft/s)
            area = 0.653(Sq.Ft)
             Froude number = 2.614
Upstream point elevation = 344.000(Ft.)
Downstream point elevation = 331.280(Ft.)
Flow length = 318.000(Ft.)
Travel time = 1.26 \text{ min.}
Time of concentration = 4.72 \text{ min.}
Depth of flow = 0.162 (Ft.)
Average velocity = 4.217 (Ft/s)
Total irregular channel flow =
                               2.755 (CFS)
Irregular channel normal depth above invert elev. = 0.162(Ft.)
Average velocity of channel(s) = 4.217(Ft/s)
Adding area flow to channel
Calculated TC of 4.721 minutes is less than 5 minutes,
resetting TC to 5.0 minutes for rainfall intensity calculations
```

```
Rainfall intensity (I) = 6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 1.000
[COMMERCIAL area type
                                         ]
(General Commercial
Impervious value, Ai = 0.850
Sub-Area C Value = 0.820
Rainfall intensity =
                       6.060(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Effective runoff coefficient used for total area
(Q=KCIA) is C = 0.820 CA =
                            0.902
Subarea runoff =
                   5.421(CFS) for
                                      1.091 (Ac.)
Total runoff =
                  5.466 (CFS)
                                  Total area =
Depth of flow = 0.209(Ft.), Average velocity = 5.005(Ft/s)
Process from Point/Station 206.000 to Point/Station
                                                         203,000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****
Upstream point/station elevation = 328.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 325.000 (Ft.)
Pipe length = 145.00 (Ft.) Slope = 0.0207 Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 5.466 (CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter =
                                 15.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow =
                                  5.466(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.27(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe =
                            14.92(In.)
Critical Depth = 11.37(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 7.88(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.31 min.
Time of concentration (TC) =
                            5.03 \text{ min.}
Process from Point/Station
                             203.000 to Point/Station
**** CONFLUENCE OF MAIN STREAMS ****
The following data inside Main Stream is listed:
In Main Stream number: 2
Stream flow area = 1.100(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 5.466 (CFS)
Time of concentration = 5.03 min.
Rainfall intensity = 6.038(In/Hr)
Summary of stream data:
        Flow rate
                     TC
                                  Rainfall Intensity
Stream
No.
          (CFS)
                     (min)
                                         (In/Hr)
                                   6.060
        3.841
                  3.87
1
                                    6.038
        5.466
                  5.03
Qmax(1) =
         1.000 *
                   1.000 *
                              3.841) +
         1.000 *
                   0.769 *
                              5.466) + =
                                              8.044
Qmax(2) =
                   1.000 *
         0.996 *
                              3.841) +
         1.000 *
                   1.000 *
                              5.466) + =
                                              9.293
Total of 2 main streams to confluence:
Flow rates before confluence point:
      3.841 5.466
Maximum flow rates at confluence using above data:
      8.044 9.293
Area of streams before confluence:
       0.773
             1.100
Results of confluence:
Total flow rate = 9.293 (CFS)
```

```
Time of concentration = 5.028 min.

Effective stream area after confluence = 1.873(Ac.)
```

Hydrograph Data - Section 6, San Diego County Hydrology manual, June 2003

Time of Concentration = 5.03Basin Area = 1.87 Acres 6 Hour Rainfall = 2.300 Inches Runoff Coefficient = 0.820 9.29 CFS Peak Discharge = Time (Min) Discharge (CFS) 0 0.000 5 0.210 0.212 10 15 0.216 0.218 20 0.223 25 30 0.225 35 0.229 0.232 40 45 0.237 0.239 50 0.245 55 60 0.248 65 0.254 70 0.257 75 0.263 80 0.267 85 0.274 90 0.278 95 0.286 100 0.290 105 0.299 110 0.304 115 0.314 120 0.319 125 0.330 130 0.337 135 0.350 140 0.357 145 0.372 0.381 150 155 0.399 0.409 160 0.431 165 170 0.444 0.471 175 0.486 180 185 0.522 190 0.542 0.589 195 0.617 200 0.684 205 210 0.725 0.831 215 220 0.902 225 1.102 1.255 230 235 1.843 240 2.597 245 9.293 1.478 250 0.989 255 260 0.774

> POST DEVELOPMENT - POC2 100 YEAR - RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS Page 5 of 11

```
265
                 0.648
    270
                 0.564
    275
                 0.503
    280
                 0.457
                 0.420
    285
                 0.390
    290
    295
                 0.364
    300
                 0.343
    305
                 0.325
    310
                 0.308
    315
                 0.294
    320
                 0.282
    325
                 0.270
    330
                 0.260
    335
                 0.251
    340
                 0.242
    345
                 0.234
    350
                 0.227
    355
                 0.220
    360
                 0.214
    365
                0.209
6-HOUR STORM
```

Runoff Hydrograph Hydrograph in 1 Minute intervals ((CFS))

Time(h+m)	Volume Ac.Ft	Q(CFS)	0		2.3	4.6	7.0	9.3
0+ 0	0.0000		Q	I		I		
0+ 1	0.0001		Q	I		1		
0+ 2	0.0002		Q			1		
0+ 3	0.0003		Q			1		
0+ 4	0.0006		Q			1	1	
0+ 5	0.0009		Q			1		
0+ 6	0.0012		Q			1		
0+ 7	0.0015		Q	l		I		
0+ 8	0.0017		Q			1		
0+ 9	0.0020		Q			1		
0+10	0.0023		Q			1		
0+11	0.0026		Q			1		
0+12	0.0029		Q			1		
0+13	0.0032		Q			1		
0+14	0.0035		Q			1	1	
0+15	0.0038		Q			1		
0+16	0.0041		Q	١		1		
0+17	0.0044		Q			I		
0+18	0.0047		Q	١		1		
0+19	0.0050		Q	١		I		
0+20	0.0053		Q	١		1		
0+21	0.0056		Q			1		
0+22	0.0059		Q			1		
0+23	0.0062		Q	ا		I		
0+24	0.0065		Q	l				
0+25	0.0068		Q			1		
0+26	0.0071		Q			I		
0+27	0.0074		QV			I		
0+28	0.0077		QV					
0+29	0.0081		QV					
0+30	0.0084		QV			1		
0+31	0.0087		QV					
0+32	0.0090		QV			1		
0+33	0.0093		QV					
0+34	0.0096		QV			1		
0+35	0.0099		QV					
0+36	0.0103		QV			1	<u> </u>	
0+37	0.0106		QV			1		
0+38	0.0109		QV			1		
0+39	0.0112		QV			1	<u> </u>	
0+40	0.0115	0.23	QV			I	1	

0+41	0.0118	0.23	IQ I	1	I	
0+42	0.0122		Q	1		
0+43	0.0125	0.23	IQ I	1		
0 + 44	0.0128	0.24	Q	1		
0+45	0.0131	0.24	Q	1		
0+46	0.0135	0.24	Q	1		
0+47	0.0138	0.24	Q	1		
0+48	0.0141	0.24	Q	1		
0+49	0.0145		Q	1		
0+50	0.0148		QV	1		
0+51	0.0151		I QV	1		
0+52	0.0154		QV	ļ		
0+53	0.0158		QV	Į.		
0+54	0.0161		QV	ļ		
0+55	0.0165		QV	I I	 	
0+56 0+57	0.0168 0.0171		QV		 	
0+58	0.0175		QV QV	I.	 	 -
0+59	0.0178		QV		! !	
1+ 0	0.0182		QV	<u>'</u>	! 	
1+ 1	0.0185		QV	i	! 	
1+ 2	0.0188		QV	ì	! 	!
1+ 3	0.0192		QV	i		
1+ 4	0.0195		QV	i		
1+ 5	0.0199		QV	i	I	
1+ 6	0.0202		QV	i		
1+ 7	0.0206		QV	ĺ		
1+ 8	0.0209	0.26	QV	1		
1+ 9	0.0213	0.26	QV	1		
1+10	0.0216	0.26	QV	1		
1+11	0.0220		Q V	1	1	
1+12			Q V	1		
1+13	0.0227		V Q	1		
1+14	0.0231		IQ V	I		
1+15	0.0234		V Q	!		
1+16	0.0238		Q V	Į,	1	
1+17	0.0242		Q V	ļ		
1+18 1+19	0.0245 0.0249		V Q	ļ	 	
1+19	0.0249		Q V	! 1	 	
1+21	0.0256		IQ V I	i	! 	
1+22	0.0260		Q V	i	! 	
1+23	0.0264		Q V	i		
1+24	0.0268		Q V I	i		
1+25	0.0271		Q V	İ		
1+26	0.0275		Q V	i		
1+27	0.0279	0.28	Q V	1		
1+28	0.0283		V Q	1		
1+29	0.0287		Q V	1		
1+30	0.0290		Q V	1		
1+31	0.0294		IQ V	ļ		
1+32	0.0298		Q V	Į.	1	
1+33	0.0302		Q V	I	 	 -
1+34	0.0306		V Q			
1+35 1+36	0.0310 0.0314		Q V	I.	 	
1+37	0.0314		Q V	J.	 	
1+38	0.0322		Q V	i	! 	
1+39	0.0326		Q V	i	! 	
1+40	0.0330		Q V	i		
1+41	0.0334		IQ V	i	I	
1+42	0.0338		Q V I	i	I	
1+43	0.0342		Q V	į		
1+44	0.0346	0.30	Q V	ĺ	I	
1+45	0.0350	0.30	Q V	1	l	
1+46	0.0354		Q V	1	l	
1+47	0.0358		Q V	1	I	
1+48	0.0362		Q V	1	<u> </u>	
1+49	0.0367		Q V			
1+50	0.0371		Q V		 -	
1+51	0.0375	0.31	IQ V	I	I	I

1+52	0.0379	0.31	ΙQ	V	1	I	
1+53	0.0383	0.31		v	i	I	
1+54	0.0388	0.31		V i	i		
1+55	0.0392	0.31		V	1	1	
1+56	0.0396	0.31		V	1		
1+57	0.0401	0.32	l Q	V	1	1	
1+58	0.0405	0.32	I Q	V	1		
1+59	0.0410	0.32	l Q	V	1	1	
2+ 0	0.0414	0.32		V	1		
2+ 1	0.0418	0.32		V	1		
2+ 2	0.0423	0.32		V	1		
2+ 3	0.0427	0.33		V		1	
2+ 4	0.0432	0.33		V	!	<u> </u>	
2+ 5	0.0436	0.33		V			
2+ 6	0.0441	0.33	Q	V	ļ		
2+ 7 2+ 8	0.0446 0.0450	0.33	Q	V	ļ	1	
2+ 9	0.0455	0.34	Q Q	V		 	
2+10	0.0459	0.34	I Q	V	I I	! !	
2+11	0.0464	0.34	I Q	V	i	! 	
2+12	0.0469	0.34	Q	V	i	1	
2+13	0.0474	0.34	Į Q	V	i		'
2+14	0.0478	0.35	ÍQ	V İ	i	İ	
2+15	0.0483	0.35	ΙQ	V	ĺ	1	
2+16	0.0488	0.35	l Q	V	1		
2+17	0.0493	0.35	l Q	V	1	1	
2+18	0.0498	0.35	l Q	V	1	1	
2+19	0.0503	0.36	l Q	V	I		
2+20	0.0507	0.36	Q	V	!	!	
2+21	0.0512	0.36	Q	V	ļ		
2+22 2+23	0.0517 0.0523	0.36 0.37	Q Q	V V	1	 	
2+24	0.0528	0.37	I Q	V	1	1	l I
2+25	0.0533	0.37	I Q	V	i	! 	!
2+26	0.0538	0.37	Q	V	i	İ	'
2+27	0.0543	0.38	ĺQ	V İ	į		
2+28	0.0548	0.38	l Q	V	1		
2+29	0.0553	0.38	l Q	V	1		
2+30	0.0559	0.38	l Q	V	1		
2+31	0.0564	0.38	I Q	V		!	
2+32	0.0569	0.39	Q	V	ļ		1
2+33 2+34	0.0575 0.0580	0.39	Q	V V	I		 -
2+35	0.0586	0.40	Q Q	V	1	 	
2+36	0.0591	0.40	Q	V	i	! 	
2+37	0.0597	0.40	Q	V	i		!
2+38	0.0602	0.41	Į Q	V	i	İ	
2+39	0.0608	0.41	Q	V	1		
2+40	0.0614	0.41	l Q	V	1		
2+41	0.0619	0.41	l Q	V	1		
2+42	0.0625	0.42	I Q	V			
2+43	0.0631	0.42	Q	V	1		1
2+44 2+45	0.0637 0.0643	0.43	IQ	V	1	 -	
2+45	0.0649	0.43	Q Q	V V	1	 	
2+47	0.0655	0.43	I Q	V	i	I 	I
2+48	0.0661	0.44	Q	V	i	i I	
2+49	0.0667	0.44	ĺQ	V	i	İ	
2+50	0.0673	0.44	l Q	V	1		
2+51	0.0679	0.45	l Q	VI	1		
2+52	0.0685	0.45	Q	VI			
2+53	0.0692	0.46	Q	V		<u> </u>	
2+54	0.0698	0.47	I Q	V		l	
2+55	0.0705	0.47	Q	V		 	
2+56 2+57	0.0711 0.0718	0.47	Q	V		[[]
2+57	0.0724	0.48 0.48	Q Q	V V	ļ	1 	I
2+59	0.0731	0.48	l Q	V		İ	
3+ 0	0.0738	0.49	Q	V	ľ	İ	
3+ 1	0.0744	0.49	i Q	V	į	I	
3+ 2	0.0751	0.50	Q	V	1	I	

3+3 3+4 3+5 3+7 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1 3+1	0.0758 0.0765 0.0773 0.0780 0.0787 0.0794 0.0802 0.0809 0.0817 0.0825 0.0833 0.0841 0.0849 0.0857 0.0865 0.0873 0.0882 0.0890 0.09908 0.0917 0.0926 0.0936 0.0945 0.0945 0.0995 0.0965 0.0974 0.0995 0.1016 0.1027 0.1039 0.1016 0.1027 0.1039 0.1050 0.1062 0.1074 0.1086 0.1099 0.1112 0.11234 0.1125 0.1139 0.1169 0.1169 0.1169 0.1170 0.1234 0.1271 0.1234 0.1251 0.1271 0.1234 0.1271 0.1234 0.1251 0.1271 0.1234 0.1251 0.1271 0.1234 0.1251 0.1271 0.1234 0.1271 0.1234 0.1271 0.1234 0.1251 0.1271 0.1271 0.1234 0.1169 0.11738 0.1271 0.1272 0.1272 0.1272 0.1272 0.1272 0.1274 0.1	0.51 0.52 0.53 0.52 0.53 0.53 0.53 0.553 0.553 0.554 0.555 0.557 0.558 0.559 0.661 0.662 0.664 0.667 0.663 0.666 0.667 0.666 0.667 0.772 0.773 0.775		V	 		
			Q Q Q Q	 Q Q 	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	l I Q	Q

4+14	0.2361	1.09	I Q	1	1	V	
4+15	0.2375	0.99	l Q	1	1	V I	
4+16	0.2388	0.95	l Q	1	1	V I	
4+17	0.2400	0.90	l Q	1 1	1	V	
4+18	0.2412	0.86	l Q		!	V	
4+19	0.2423	0.82	l Q			V	
4+20	0.2434	0.77	l Q		1	V V	
4+21 4+22	0.2444 0.2454	0.75 0.72	Q Q		I I	V	
4+23	0.2464	0.70	l Q		i I	V	
4+24	0.2473	0.67	l Q		i	V	
4+25	0.2482	0.65	į Q	i i	i	V	
4+26	0.2491	0.63	I Q	İ	ĺ	V	
4+27	0.2499	0.61	I Q	1	1	V I	
4+28	0.2507	0.60	I Q	1	Ţ	V I	
4+29	0.2515	0.58	l Q		[V	
4+30	0.2523	0.56	Q			V	
4+31 4+32	0.2531 0.2538	0.55 0.54	Q		l I	V V	
4+32	0.2545	0.53	Q Q			V	
4+34	0.2552	0.52	Q Q		i i	V	
4+35	0.2559	0.50	l Q		i	V	
4+36	0.2566	0.49	į Q	i i	į	V	
4+37	0.2573	0.48	I Q	1	1	V	
4+38	0.2579	0.48	I Q	1	I	V I	
4+39	0.2586	0.47	I Q	1	1	V I	
4+40	0.2592	0.46	Q		Ţ	V	
4+41	0.2598	0.45	Q			V	
4+42	0.2604	0.44	Q		l I	V V	
4+43 4+44	0.2610 0.2616	0.43 0.43	Q Q		I I	V	
4+45	0.2622	0.42	I Q		i i	V I	
4+46	0.2628	0.41	I Q	i i	i	V	
4+47	0.2633	0.41	ÍQ	i i	i	V i	
4+48	0.2639	0.40	ΙQ	1	1	V	
4+49	0.2644	0.40	IQ	1	[V I	
4+50	0.2650	0.39	I Q	1	1	V I	
4+51	0.2655	0.38	Q		Į.	V	
4+52	0.2660	0.38	Q			V	
4+53 4+54	0.2665 0.2670	0.37 0.37	Q Q			V V	
4+55	0.2675	0.36	IQ Q		I I	V I	
4+56	0.2680	0.36	I Q		i	V	
4+57	0.2685	0.36	ÍQ	i i	i	V	
4+58	0.2690	0.35	IQ	İ	ĺ	V	
4+59	0.2695	0.35	I Q	1	1	V I	
5+ 0	0.2700	0.34	ΙQ	1	1	V I	
5+ 1	0.2704	0.34	Q	į į	Į.	V	
5+ 2	0.2709	0.34	Q			V	
5+ 3 5+ 4	0.2714 0.2718	0.33 0.33	Q			V V	
5+ 5	0.2718	0.32	Q Q		i I	V I	
5+ 6	0.2727	0.32	I Q		i	V	
5+ 7	0.2731	0.32	IQ	i i	i	V	
5+ 8	0.2736	0.31	IQ	i i	İ	V	
5+ 9	0.2740	0.31	IQ	1	1	V	
5+10	0.2744	0.31	I Q	1	1	V	
5+11	0.2748	0.31	I Q		1	V	
5+12	0.2753	0.30	Q		<u> </u>	V	
5+13	0.2757	0.30	Q			V	
5+14 5+15	0.2761 0.2765	0.30 0.29	IQ		 	V V	
5+15 5+16	0.2769	0.29	Q Q		I I	V V	
5+17	0.2789	0.29	IQ IQ	1	1	V I	
5+18	0.2777	0.29	IQ Q		i	V	
5+19	0.2781	0.28	I Q	i	i	V	
5+20	0.2785	0.28	I Q	i	į	V	
5+21	0.2788	0.28	ΙQ	1	1	V	
5+22	0.2792	0.28	I Q	1	1	V	
5+23	0.2796	0.27	Q		1	V	
5+24	0.2800	0.27	IQ	1		V	

5+25	0.2804	0.27	ΙQ	1		V
5+26	0.2807	0.27	ΙQ	1		V
5+27	0.2811	0.27	ΙQ		1	V
5+28	0.2815	0.26	ΙQ	1		V
5+29	0.2818	0.26	ΙQ	1		V
5+30	0.2822	0.26	ΙQ	1		V
5+31	0.2825	0.26	ΙQ	1		V
5+32	0.2829	0.26	ΙQ	1		V
5+33	0.2832	0.25	ΙQ	1		V
5+34	0.2836	0.25	ΙQ	1		V
5+35	0.2839	0.25	ΙQ			V
5+36	0.2843	0.25	ΙQ	1		V
5+37	0.2846	0.25	ΙQ	1	1	Λ
5+38	0.2849	0.25	ΙQ			V
5+39	0.2853	0.24	ΙQ	I		V
5+40	0.2856	0.24	ΙQ	1		V
5+41	0.2859	0.24	ΙQ	I		V
5+42	0.2863	0.24	ΙQ	I		V
5+43	0.2866	0.24	ΙQ	I		VI
5+44	0.2869	0.24	ΙQ	I		V
5+45	0.2873	0.23	ΙQ	I		V
5+46	0.2876	0.23	ΙQ	I		V
5+47	0.2879	0.23	Q			V I
5+48	0.2882	0.23	Q	l		V
5+49	0.2885	0.23	Q	l		V
5+50	0.2888	0.23	Q	1		VI
5+51	0.2891	0.23	Q	ļ		V I
5+52	0.2895	0.22	Q	ļ	l	V
5+53	0.2898	0.22	Q	ļ	ļ	V
5+54	0.2901	0.22	Q	l	ļ.	V
5+55	0.2904	0.22	Q	ļ.		VI
5+56	0.2907	0.22	Q	ļ.		V
5+57	0.2910	0.22	Q	!	ļ	V
5+58	0.2913	0.22	Q	ļ ,		V
5+59	0.2916	0.22	Q	ļ		V
6+ 0	0.2919	0.21	Q	l l		V
6+ 1	0.2922	0.21	Q	Į.		V
6+ 2	0.2925	0.21	Q	Į i	ļ	V
6+ 3	0.2927	0.21	Q	ļ	l	Λ
6+ 4	0.2930	0.21	Q	l		V
6+ 5	0.2933	0.21	Q			V

End of computations, total study area = 1.873 (Ac.)



architecture | planning | interiors | branding | civil

APPENDIX D HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

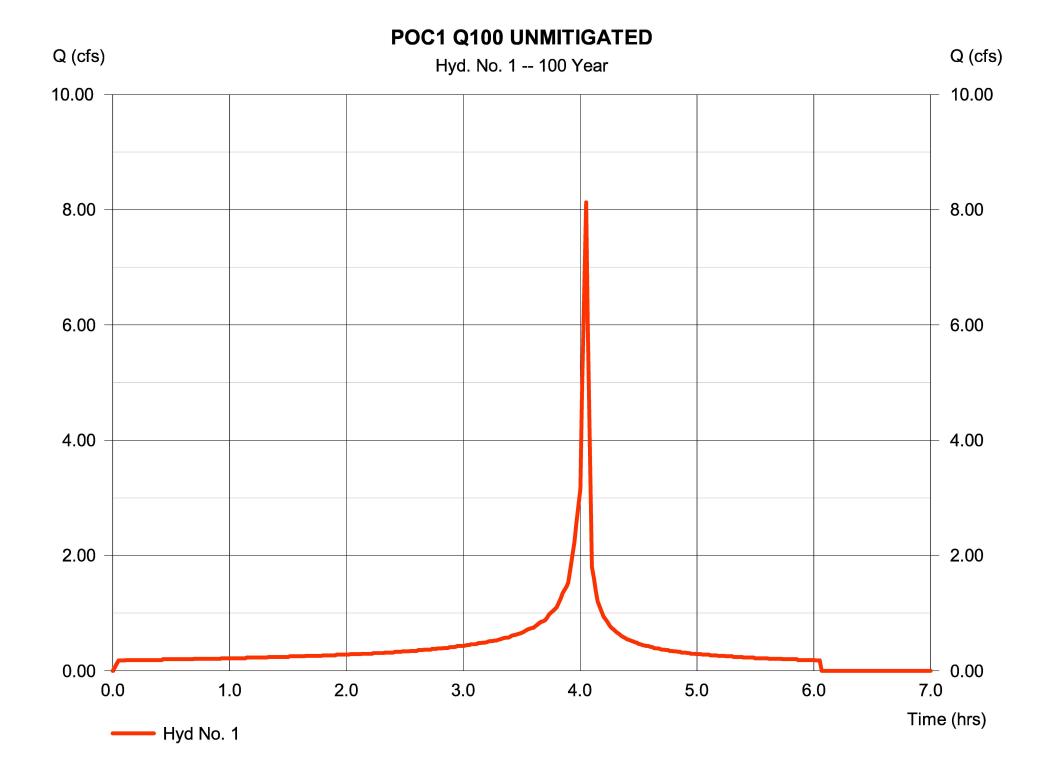
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2022

Tuesday, 10 / 25 / 2022

Hyd. No. 1

POC1 Q100 UNMITIGATED

Hydrograph type= ManualPeak discharge= 8.130 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 4.05 hrsTime interval= 1 minHyd. volume= 10,587 cuft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2022

Tuesday, 10 / 25 / 2022

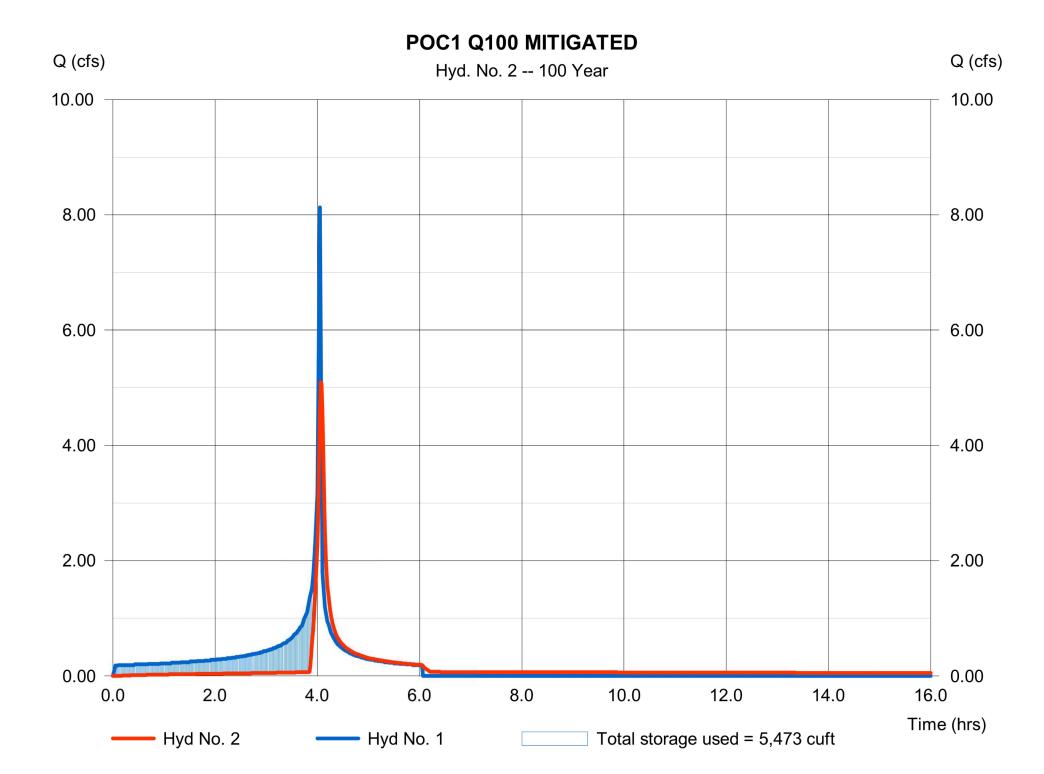
Hyd. No. 2

POC1 Q100 MITIGATED

POC1 MITIGATED PEAK FLOW

Peak discharge Hydrograph type = 5.094 cfs= Reservoir Time to peak Storm frequency = 4.07 hrs= 100 yrsTime interval Hyd. volume = 1 min = 10,558 cuft = 1 - POC1 Q100 UNMITIGATEMax. Elevation Inflow hyd. No. = 103.73 ft= 5,473 cuft Max. Storage Reservoir name = BMP1

Storage Indication method used.



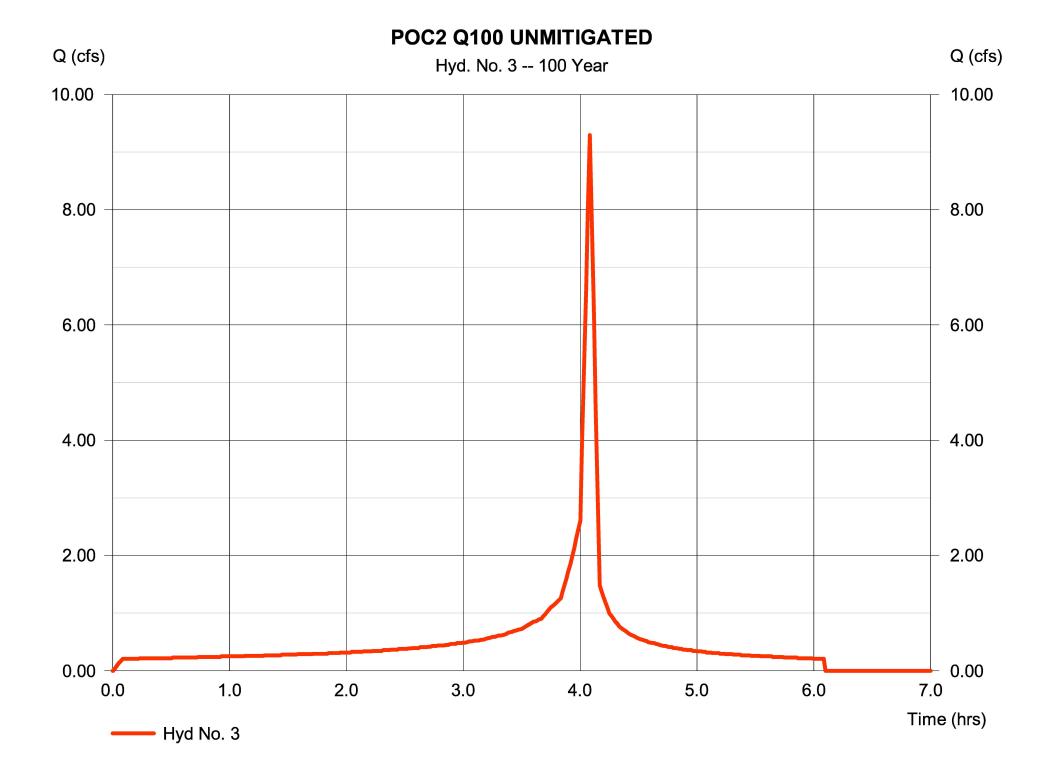
Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2022

Tuesday, 10 / 25 / 2022

Hyd. No. 3

POC2 Q100 UNMITIGATED

Hydrograph type= ManualPeak discharge= 9.290 cfsStorm frequency= 100 yrsTime to peak= 4.08 hrsTime interval= 1 minHyd. volume= 12,774 cuft



Hydraflow Hydrographs Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc. v2022

Tuesday, 10 / 25 / 2022

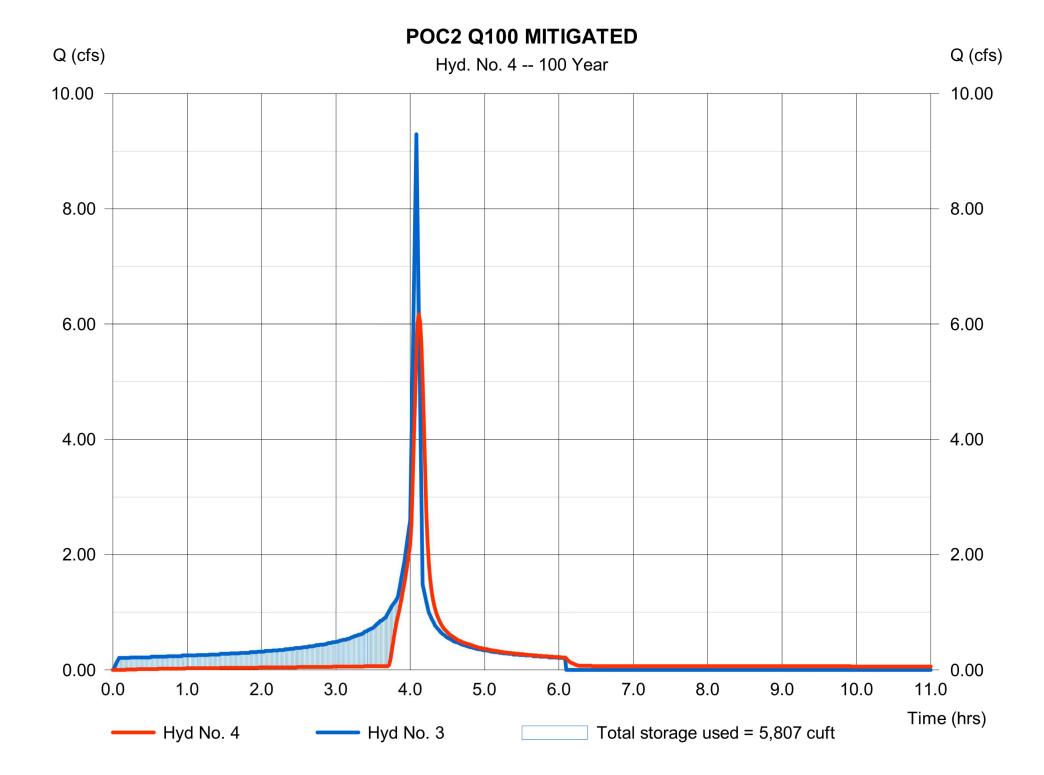
Hyd. No. 4

POC2 Q100 MITIGATED

Peak discharge = 6.168 cfsHydrograph type = Reservoir Storm frequency Time to peak = 4.12 hrs= 100 yrsTime interval Hyd. volume = 1 min = 12,745 cuft= 3 - POC2 Q100 UNMITIGATEMax. Elevation Inflow hyd. No. = 103.96 ftMax. Storage Reservoir name = BMP2 = 5,807 cuft

POC2 MITIGATED PEAK FLOW

Storage Indication method used.

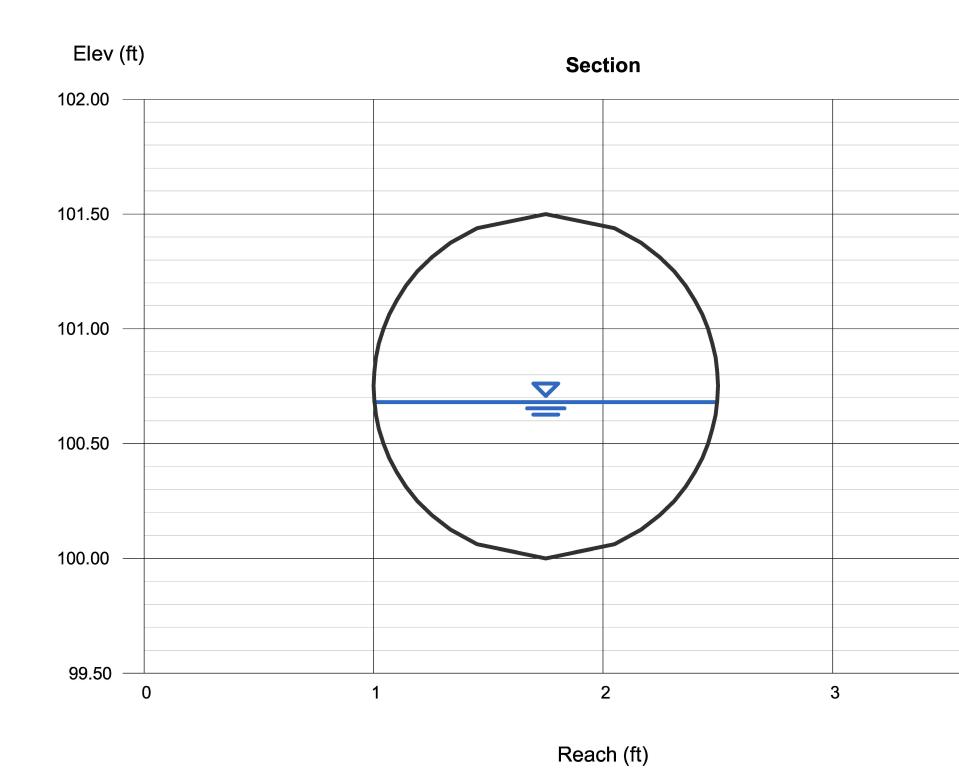


Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 25 2022

POC1 - NODE 102 TO 103

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 1.50	Depth (ft)	= 0.68
` ,		Q (cfs)	= 8.130
		Area (sqft)	= 0.78
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 10.40
Slope (%)	= 3.50	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 2.22
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 1.11
		Top Width (ft)	= 1.49
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 2.36
Compute by:	Known Q		
Known Q (cfs)	= 8.13		

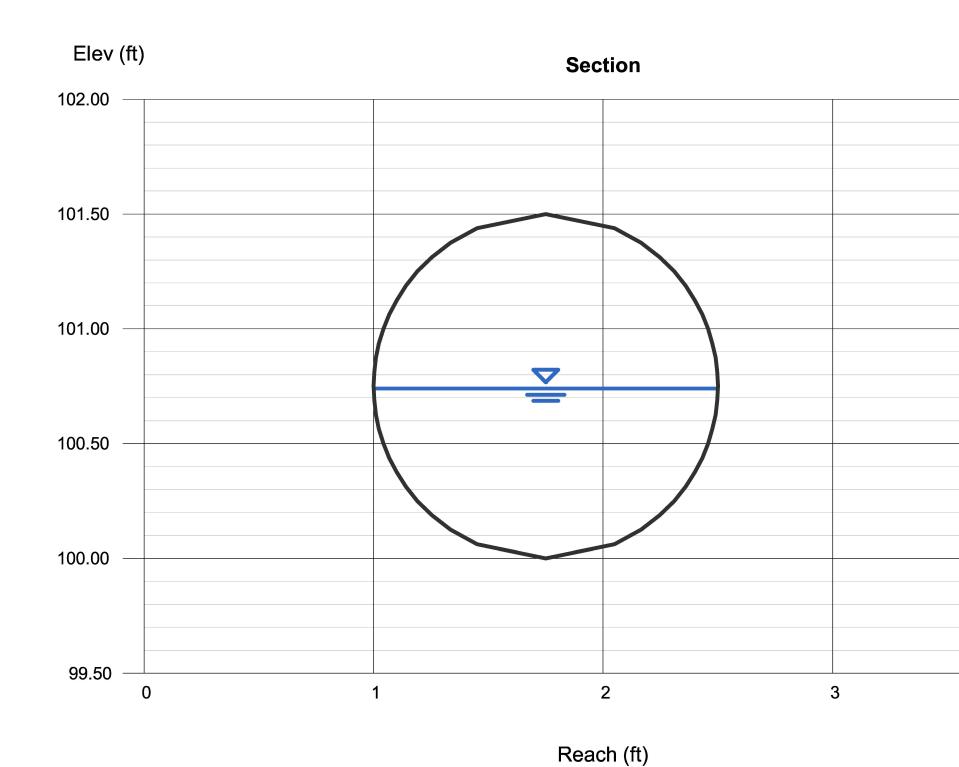


Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 25 2022

POC1 OUTLET - NODE 103 TO 104

74
.74
.090
.87
.84
.34
.87
.50
.27
.)

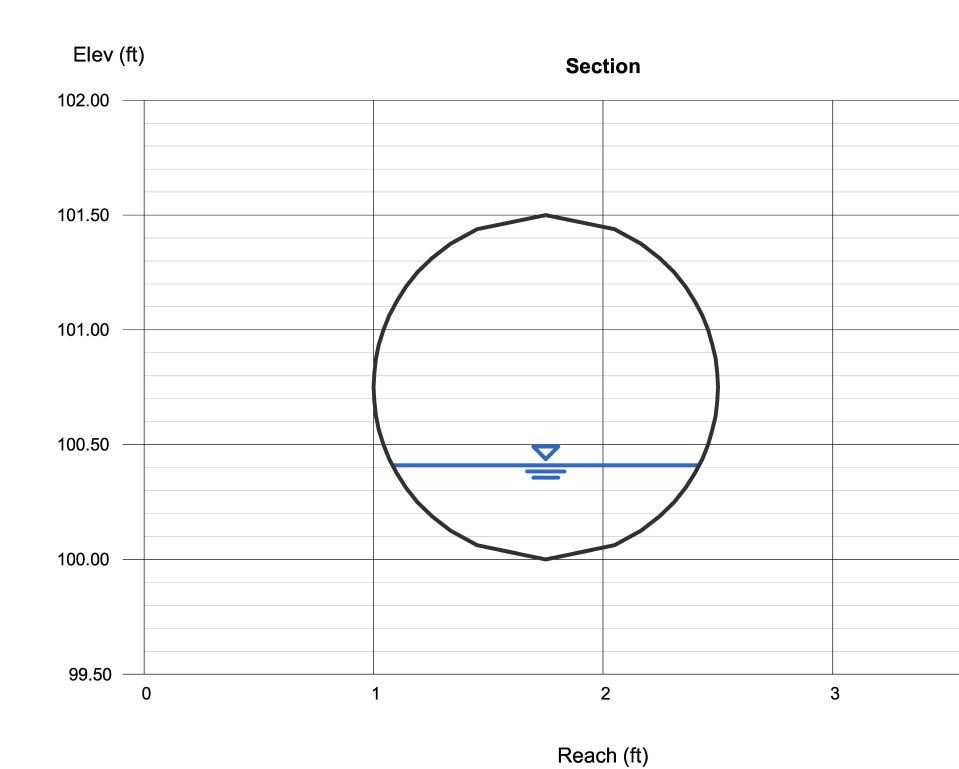


Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 25 2022

POC2 - NODE 202 TO 203

Circular		Highlighted	
Diameter (ft)	= 1.50	Depth (ft)	= 0.41
• •		Q (cfs)	= 3.810
		Area (sqft)	= 0.40
Invert Elev (ft)	= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 9.63
Slope (%)	= 5.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 1.66
N-Value	= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.75
		Top Width (ft)	= 1.34
Calculations		EGL (ft)	= 1.85
Compute by:	Known Q	, ,	
Known Q (cfs)	= 3.81		

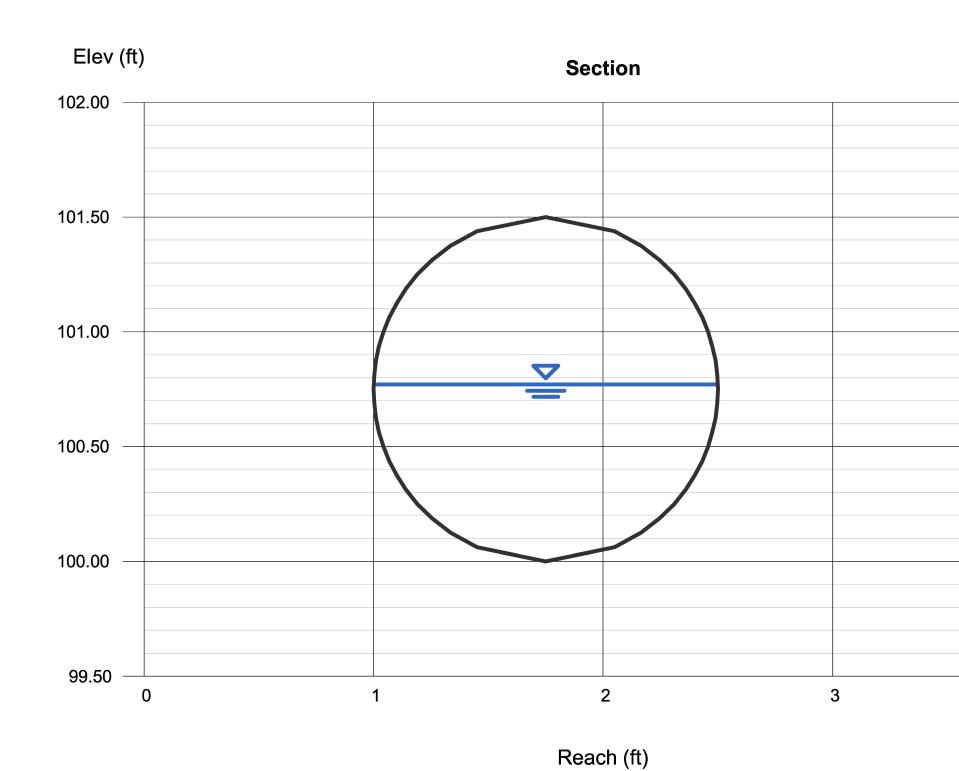


Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 25 2022

POC2 - NODE 206 TO 203

7
70
2
7
0
0
0
2
2 7 0 0



Hydraflow Express Extension for Autodesk® Civil 3D® by Autodesk, Inc.

Tuesday, Oct 25 2022

POC2 OUTLET - NODE 203 TO 207

	Highlighted	
= 1.50	Depth (ft)	= 0.83
	Q (cfs)	= 6.170
	Area (sqft)	= 1.01
= 100.00	Velocity (ft/s)	= 6.13
= 1.00	Wetted Perim (ft)	= 2.52
= 0.013	Crit Depth, Yc (ft)	= 0.96
	Top Width (ft)	= 1.49
	EGL (ft)	= 1.41
Known Q	. ,	
= 6.17		
	= 100.00 = 1.00 = 0.013	= 1.50

