APPENDIX F-4

Air Quality Technical Appendix Greenhouse Gas Emissions Model Methodology and Calculations This page intentionally left blank.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS QUANTIFICATION: METHODOLOGY AND CALCULATIONS

For the proposed dairy project Environmental Impact Report (EIR), greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions were estimated using the Dairy Gas Emissions Model, Version 3.3, from the Pasture Systems and Watershed Management Research Unit, Agricultural Research Service (ARS), United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The Dairy Gas Emissions Model (DairyGEM) was created for the USDA ARS and made available for public use in February 2011. An earlier model, the Dairy Greenhouse Gas Emissions Model, was made available in June 2009 in conjunction with tools and information to help affected producers comply with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Final Mandatory GHG Reporting Rule. Because this model estimates GHG emissions from the entire production system, and some assumptions were made regarding the project operations with best available information, the calculations reported in this EIR are considered a conservative estimate.

The DairyGEM is a software tool for estimating the ammonia, hydrogen sulfide, GHG, and volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions of dairy production systems. A dairy production system generally represents the processes used on a given farm, but the full system extends beyond the farm boundaries. A production system is defined to include emissions during the production of all feeds whether produced on a given farm or elsewhere. It also includes GHG emissions and energy use that occur during the production of resources used on the farm such as machinery, fuel, electricity, and fertilizer. Manure is assumed to be applied to cropland producing feed, but any portion of the manure produced can be exported to other uses external to the system.

DairyGEM also uses process-based relationships and emission factors to predict the primary GHG emissions from the production system. Primary sources include the net emission of carbon dioxide plus all emissions of methane and nitrous oxide occurring from the production system. Emissions are predicted through a daily simulation of feed use and manure handling. Daily emission values of each gas are summed to obtain annual values. For the purposes of this analysis, only the GHG emission results of the modeling are included in the EIR.

Total greenhouse gas emission is determined as the sum of the net emissions of the three GHG where methane and nitrous oxide are converted to carbon dioxide equivalent units $(CO_2e)^1$. This net emission is determined through a partial life cycle assessment of the production system. Emissions include both primary and secondary sources. Secondary emissions are those that occur during the manufacture or production of resources used in the production system. These resources include machinery, fuel, electricity, fertilizer, pesticides, plastic, and any replacement animals not raised on the farm. Secondary emissions from the manufacture of equipment are apportioned to the feed produced or manure handled over their useful life.

For more in depth description on modeling equations and rationale, the reference manual can be found at: www.ars.usda.gov/Main/docs.htm?docid=21345

¹ The conversion to CO₂e is done using global warming potentials for methane and nitrous oxide of 25 and 298, respectively. Therefore, each unit of methane is equal to 25 units of carbon dioxide and each unit of nitrous oxide is equal to 298 units of carbon dioxide.

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	ONSTITUENTS OF ALL FEE	DS
	Amount CP NEL N	DF TDN DEGR ADIP P
Feed		Ib) (%DM) (%DM) (%CP) (%CP) (%DM)
High quality		0 45.0 59.3 78.0 6.0 0.26 9 48.0 55.0 78.0 5.0 0.23
Low quality High quality		5 40.0 63.9 70.0 6.5 0.26
Low quality		3 50.0 55.0 70.0 5.0 0.23
Dry grain		10.0 85.0 48.0 8.0 0.29
Soybean me		88 14.0 84.0 70.0 3.0 0.68
User defined	i feed 58.0 0.84	8.0 76.8 42.5 5.3 1.78
Purchased g	rain 9.0 0.87	22.8 88.0 55.0 5.0 0.32
SILO PARAN	ETERS	
Forage Type		er Depth/height (ft) (ft)
	forage (1) Pressed bag forage (2) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00 9.84 0.00
	forage (1) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00
	forage (2) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00
	ilage (1) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00
Grain crop s	ilage (2) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00
High moistu	re grain (1) Pressed bag	9.84 0.00
High moistu	re grain (2) No storage	9.84 0.00
SOIL AND PA	STURE PARAMETERS	
	Parameter	Value
Predominan	t soil type	Loam
Soil acidity	Mod	lerate
Grazing anir		lder heifers
	lable during grazing seaso	
	ving season	6 months per year
Time on pas		s during grazing season
expected an	nual carbon sequestratior	n 0 ton carbon
	ACILITY PARAMETERS	
	/ Parameters	Value
Animal type Mature bod		Holstein 1521 lb
Fat content		3.50 %
	of fiber intake	1.00
Target milk		25550 lb/cow/year
First lactatio		35 %
Number of I	actating animals	1063
	oung stock (over 1 year)	811
Number of y	oung stock (under 1 year)) 186
Animal facili	ties Cow housing	Free stall barn, naturally ventilated
	Heifer housing	Free stalls and open lot
Managemer		Pandom calving
	Calving strategy	Random calving
	Relative forage to grain r Use of bovine somatotro	
	Protein feeding adjustme	
	Sulfur feeding adjustmer	
MANURE PA	RAMETERS	
		Value
MANURE PA Manure Par Manure coll		
Manure Para Manure coll Field applica Manure typ	ameters	Flush system Irrigation
Manure Par Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee	ameters ection method tion method e Manure type Manure typ en spreading and incorpor	Flush system Irrigation
Manure Par Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee	ameters ection method tion method e Manure type Manure typ en spreading and incorpor	Flush system Irrigation
Manure Par Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee	ameters ection method tion method e Manure type Manure tyg en spreading and incorpor age Method Type	Flush system Irrigation ration Within two days 4 month storage Top loaded earthen pit
Manure Par Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee	ameters ection method tion method Manure type Manure typ en spreading and incorpor age Method	Flush system Irrigation a ration Within two days 4 month storage
Manure Para Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee Manure stor	ameters ection method tion method e Manure type Manure typ en spreading and incorpor Jage Method Type Storage capacity	Flush system Irrigation ration Within two days 4 month storage Top loaded earthen pit 24563 ton
Manure Para Manure coll Field applica Manure typ Time betwee Manure stor	ameters ection method tion method e Manure type Manure tyg en spreading and incorpor age Method Type	Flush system Irrigation aration Within two days 4 month storage Top loaded earthen pit 24563 ton Manure solids
Manure Para Manure coll Field applica Manure typ	ameters ection method tion method Manure type Manure typ en spreading and incorpor age Method Type Storage capacity Type Amount of bedding per r	Flush system Irrigation ration Within two days 4 month storage Top loaded earthen pit 24563 ton Manure solids

Quantity	80 % of that collected
Form	Fresh manure

Oliveira Existing

	GASEOUS EMISSIONS				
	Average daily lb/cow lb	/	Total annual Ib/cow	l Ib	
Methane					
Housed animals	1.047	1113	382.3	406380	
Manure storage	0.485	516	177.0	188162	
Field applied mar	nure 0.000	0	0.1	65	
Total emission	1.533	1629	559.4	594608	
Nitrous Oxide					
Housed animals	0.011	11	3.9	4125	
Manure storage	0.002	2	0.6	608	
Direct and indirec	t land 0.020	22	7.5	7931	
Total emission	0.033	35	11.9	12664	
Biogenic Carbon Die	oxide				
Housed animals	36.325	38613	13258	6.6 14093926	
Manure storage	1.590	1691	580.5	617034	
Assimilated in fee	ed -58.512	-62198	-21356	.9 -22702390	
Net emission	-20.597	-21894	-7517.8	-7991458	
Anthropogenic Carb	on Dioxide 2	2.517 2	676	918.8 976673	

Unit Mean SD Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2e) 10967348 Animal emissions lb 18456 6935943 657064 Manure emissions lb Direct and indirect land emissions lb 2101586 43236 14890 Net biogenic carbon dioxide emission -8608473 lb Anthropogenic carbon dioxide emission lb 976673 1805 lb Production of resource inputs 4900387 13566 -37812724 991992 Not allocated to milk production lb Carbon footprint without biogenic CO2 lb/lb FPCM -4.77 0.11 Carbon footprint with biogenic CO2 lb/lb FPCM -3.42 0.11

FPCM is fat and protein corrected milk (4.0% fat and 3.3% protein)

Date: 11/23/2018 FRI Time: 10:46:14 AM Output Title: Oliveira Proposed

NUTRIENT CONSTITUENTS OF ALL FEEDS

Feed	Amount CP NEL NDF TDN DEGR ADIP P (t DM) (%DM) (Mcai/lb) (%DM) (%DM) (%CP) (%CP) (%DM)
High quality s	silage 4782 22.0 0.60 45.0 59.3 78.0 6.0 0.26
Low quality s	ilage 5767 17.0 0.59 48.0 55.0 78.0 5.0 0.23
High quality h	hay 2409 21.0 0.65 40.0 63.9 70.0 6.5 0.26
Low quality h	
Dry grain	2701 10.0 0.89 10.0 85.0 48.0 8.0 0.29
Soybean mea	
User defined	
Purchased gr	ain 9.0 0.87 22.8 88.0 55.0 5.0 0.32
SILO PARAME	ETERS
Forage Type	Width/diameter Depth/height Storage Туре (ft) (ft)
High quality f	forage (1) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
	forage (2) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
	orage (1) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
	orage (2) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
Grain crop sil	lage (1) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
Grain crop sil	
	e grain (1) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
High moistur	e grain (2) Pressed bag 9.84 0.00
SOIL AND PAS	STURE PARAMETERS
	Parameter Value
Predominant Soil acidity	soil type Loam Moderate
Grazing anim	
	able during grazing season 0 ton DM
Pasture grow	
Time on past	ure Full days during grazing season
Expected ann	nual carbon sequestration 0 ton carbon
HERD AND FA	ACILITY PARAMETERS
Herd/Facility	Parameters Value
Animal type	Holstein
Mature body	
Fat content o	
	of fiber intake 1.00
Target milk p	roduction 23725 lb/cow/year
First laction a	
	ictating animals 2500
	oung stock (over 1 year) 750 oung stock (under 1 year) 750
Animal facilit	ies
	Cow housing Free stall barn, naturally ventilated
	Heifer housing Free stalls and open lot
Management	
	Calving strategy Random calving
	Relative forage to grain ratio High Use of bovine somatotropin No
	Protein feeding adjustment 100 % of NRC recommendation
	Sulfur feeding adjustment 100 % of NRC recommendation
MANURE PAR	RAMFTERS
Manure Para	
	ection method Flush system tion method Irrigation Manure type Manure typ n spreading and incorporation Within two days
Field applicat Manure type	······································
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee	
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora	
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora	Method 4 month storage
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora	
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora	Method 4 month storage Type Top loaded earthen pit
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora Bedding	Method 4 month storage Type Top loaded earthen pit
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora Bedding	Method 4 month storage Type Top loaded earthen pit Storage capacity 24567 ton
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora Bedding	Method 4 month storage Type Top loaded earthen pit Storage capacity 24567 ton Type Manure solids Amount of bedding per mature animal 3.00 lb/day
Field applicat Manure type Time betwee Manure stora Bedding Exported mai	Method 4 month storage Type Top loaded earthen pit Storage capacity 24567 ton Type Manure solids Amount of bedding per mature animal 3.00 lb/day

Oliveira Proposed

Ci,					
	verage daily cow lb	lb/c	Total annual cow lb	1	
Methane					
Housed animals	1.074	2685	392.0	979986	
	0.513	2005 1282	187.1	467846	
Manure storage		1202	0.0	407040 82	
Field applied manure Total emission	1.587	3967	579.2	₀∠ 1447914	
			07012		
Nitrous Oxide					
Housed animals	0.008	21	3.0	7576	
Manure storage	0.001	3	0.4	948	
Direct and indirect la	nd 0.019	47	6.8	17051	
Total emission	0.028	70	10.2	25576	
Riagonia Carbon Diavis	10				
Biogenic Carbon Dioxic Housed animals	38.174	95435	13933	5 34833848	
	1.665	95455 4162	607.7	1519163	
Manure storage Assimilated in feed	-76.051	-190127		3.5 -69396176	2
Net emission				3.5 -69396176 3 -33043184)
INEL EITIISSION	-36.212	-90529	-13217.3	3 -33043184	
Anthropogenic Carbon	Dioxide 2.	624 6	6560	957.8 23944	24

ANNUAL ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINTS

GASEOUS EMISSIONS

Unit Mean SD

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2e)Animal emissionsIb2646816212528Manure emissionsIb163323231351129Direct and indirect land emissionsIb451862370568Net biogenic carbon dioxide emissionIb-34562332108533Anthropogenic carbon dioxide emissionIb2394424960Production of resource inputsIb1796139618871Not allocated to milk productionIb-11786719259099Carbon footprint without biogenic CO2Ib/Ib FPCM1.210.03Carbon footprint with biogenic CO2Ib/Ib FPCM0.590.03

FPCM is fat and protein corrected milk (4.0% fat and 3.3% protein)